City of Albuquerque
Solid Waste Management Department

Montessa Park Convenience Center
(MPCC)

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
(SWPPP)

City of Albuquerque
Solid Waste Management Department
Montessa Park Convenience Center (MPCC)
3512 Los Picaros Rd SW
Albuquerque, NM, 87106

Updated: May 2021
Created by:

Updated by:
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Overview of SWPPP Development and Availability

The City of Albuquerque (City) Solid Waste Management Department (SWMD) owns and operates the Montessa Park Convenience Center (MPCC). The operations of this facility are considered industrial activities that have the potential to impact storm water quality. Therefore, this facility is required to have a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. SWMD has applied for coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity (MSGP 2021) (effective March 1, 2021). This Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is required by the MSGP 2021 and its purpose is to describe SWMD’s program for complying with all of the requirements in the MSGP 2021. This SWPPP is available at MPCC at 3512 Los Picaros Rd SE Albuquerque NM 87106 and online at: https://www.cabq.gov/municipaldevelopment/our-department/engineering/storm-water-management/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plans.
Section 1: Facility Description and Contact Information

1.1 Facility Information

Montessa Park Convenience Center Information

Name of Facility: Montessa Park Convenience Center
Street: 3512 Los Picaros Rd SE
City: Albuquerque State: NM ZIP Code: 87106
County or Similar Subdivision: Bernalillo County
Permit Tracking Number: NM R 0 5 3 4 2 3 (if covered under a previous permit)

Latitude/Longitude (Use one of three possible formats, and specify method)

1. 35° 00' 59.53'' N (degrees, minutes, seconds) 1. 106° 36' 06.93'' W (degrees, minutes, seconds)
2. _ _° _ _ . _ _' N (degrees, minutes, decimal) 2. _ _° _ _ . _ _' W (degrees, minutes, decimal)
3. _ _ . _ _ _ _° N (decimal) 3. _ _ . _ _ _ _° W (decimal)

Method for determining latitude/longitude (check one):
☐ USGS topographic map (specify scale: ) ☐ EPA Web site ☐ GPS
☒ Other (please specify): Google Earth Pro

Is the facility located in Indian Country? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, name of Reservation, or if not part of a Reservation, indicate "not applicable." Not applicable

Is this facility considered a Federal Facility? ☐ Yes ☑ No

Estimated area of industrial activity at site exposed to storm water: 5.0_ (acres)

Montessa Park Convenience Center Discharge Information

Does this facility discharge storm water into an MS4? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, name of MS4 operator: Albuquerque Metropolitan Arroyo Flood Control Authority (AMAFCA)

Name(s) of water(s) that receive storm water from your facility: Tijeras Arroyo, AMAFCA Tijeras Channel and the Rio Grande.

Are any of your discharges directly into any segment of an “impaired” water? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, identify name of the impaired water (and segment, if applicable): Rio Grande-Albuquerque [Tijeras Arroyo to Alameda Bridge]

Identify the pollutant(s) causing the impairment: E.Coli, PCBs, Dissolved Oxygen, Mercury, and Temperature

For pollutants identified, which do you have reason to believe will be present in your discharge? Organics such as E. Coli contributing to reduced dissolved oxygen.
For pollutants identified, which have a completed TMDL?  **E. Coli**

References: 1) 2020-2022 State of New Mexico Clean Water Act §303(d)/ §305(b) Integrated Report. 2) NMED Surface Water Quality Bureau list of TMDLs http://www.nmenv.state.nm.us/swqb/TMDL/List.

Location of Discharge Point(s):

MP01:
Latitude: 35° 01' 02.68" N (degrees, minutes, seconds)  
Longitude: 106° 36' 09.77" W (degrees, minutes, seconds)

MP02:
Latitude: 35° 01' 02.00" N (degrees, minutes, seconds)  
Longitude: 106° 36' 09.77" W (degrees, minutes, seconds)

Do you discharge into a receiving water designated as a Tier 2 (or Tier 2.5) water? ☐ Yes  ☒ No

Are any of your storm water discharges subject to effluent guidelines? ☐ Yes  ☒ No

If Yes, which guidelines apply? _______________________________________________________________________________________

Primary SIC Code or 2-letter Activity Code: **4212, and 5093**


### 1.2 Contact Information/Responsible Parties

**Facility Owner/Operator:**
City of Albuquerque Solid Waste Management Department  
4600 Edith Boulevard NE  
Albuquerque, NM 87107  
Matthew Whelan  
(505) 761-8100  
mwhelan@cabq.gov

**SWPPP Primary Contact:**
Ernest Pacheco  
Cell: (505) 238-1282  
eepacheco@cabq.gov

**SWPPP Secondary Contact:**
William Armijo  
Cell: (505) 301-7589  
warmijo@cabq.gov

**Spill Response Plan:**
Refer to Appendix E

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**24-HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT (S)**

MICHAEL BUCHANAN  
(505) 768-3910  
(505) 250-6880

JAKE DAUGHERTY  
(505) 761-8324  
(505) 264-0618
Signage is to be posted where publicly visible with the contact information for the facility and the associated representative from EPA Region 6. The signage will also indicate where this SWPPP can be found publicly.

1.3 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Team (PPT)

The storm water pollution prevention team (PPT) is comprised of representatives from the City's SWMD. The responsibility of the PPT is to oversee development of the SWPPP and for implementing and maintaining control measures and taking corrective actions when required. A list of PPT members and contact information is provided in Appendix A. A summary of PPT members’ responsibilities follows.

- **SWMD Superintendent** - Responsibilities include SWPPP development and management, facility inspections, storm water monitoring, annual training, EPA annual reporting, NOI submission, spill response and reporting, evaluation of spill data to identify preventative measures, etc.
- **PPT Members** - Responsibilities include NOI submission, implementation of the SWPPP, quarterly inspections, annual training, implementation of best management practices (BMPs), spill response and reporting, etc.

Each PPT member is provided an electronic copy of the SWPPP and MSGP 2021. It is the responsibility of the PPT members to maintain their copy of the SWPPP and ensure its completeness and availability and to fully implement the procedures and best management practices (BMPs). Appendix A shall be updated periodically to reflect changes in personnel.

The MSGP 2021 is included as Appendix B of this SWPPP.

1.4 Activities at the Facility

The MPCC provides solid waste transfer and disposal services for City and Bernalillo County residents. Residents have the opportunity to recycle used bicycles, green waste, and scrap metal. Incoming waste is monitored by MPCC site attendants to ensure allowable waste is disposed of at the facility and prohibited waste is turned away. To deter MPCC customers from disposing prohibited waste, incoming waste is monitored in two ways: information passed along at the cashier’s booth and random inspections. The attendant at the cashier’s booth informs every customer of the types of waste that are accepted and prohibited. Waste screening is performed randomly twice a day, once in the morning and again in the afternoon. These inspections are documented by the attendants and the records are kept on site. If prohibited waste is identified during initial inspection or when a customer is unloading, their waste it is turned away and the resident is provided direction to where said material is allowed to be legally disposed. The resident is then responsible for proper disposal of the rejected material. If any prohibited material is discovered after unloading and cannot be returned to the hauling vehicle, it is segregated and controlled, as necessary, until proper disposal can occur. Upon acceptance of a load, the attendant directs the customer to the appropriate unloading area. Specific waste types are staged in different areas of the tipping floor. Solid waste unloading is monitored to prevent the disposal of material in areas other than those specified for a given purpose. Any waste that is deposited in an unapproved area is removed promptly and placed in the proper location within the facility. Non-recyclable and non-prohibited waste are loaded into six, 48-foot trailers. Five containers are designated for municipal solid waste (MSW) while the other is designated for recyclable material – scrap metal. An additional storage area for scrap metal is used in the southeast corner of the property of MPCC. Special Storage areas on the east side of the facility are reserved for household hazardous waste (HHW) and
batteries, which MPCC does not advertise as acceptable waste, but if found amongst waste deposited onsite, MPCC has proper storage containment to handle the material. In addition, used bicycles are accepted and stored at the facility. A Compost sales area is located at the facility and provides for storage of compost material from the Cerro Colorado Landfill. MPCC also accepts horse manure in bulk which is stored in the compost sales area. The compost is available for purchase to residential customers at the facility. When the MSW trailers are full, a transport driver delivers an empty trailer and transports the full container to the Cerro Colorado Landfill. Scrap metal is picked up by a contractor on an as needed basis. The used bicycles are picked up on a monthly basis by an independent contractor to be refurbished. HHW is collected by Advanced Chemical Transport (ACT) when storage capacity is met for proper disposal. Used car batteries are delivered to a recycling facility. Other activities at MPCC include routine preventative maintenance and fueling of heavy equipment. Employees also perform wash down of the tipping floor and transfer trailers entering the truck stall.

1.5 General Location Map

The general location of the MPCC is presented in Figure 1 of Appendix C. The layout of the facility is shown on Figure 2 of Appendix C along with the direction of storm water flow, outfall locations (also referred to herein as “storm water monitoring points” or “storm water drainage points”), and illustration of areas covered by this SWPPP.

1.6 Site Maps

As required in Section 6.2.2.3 of the MSGP 2021, the figures located in Appendix C include the items listed below.

- Site Plan Figures
  - Boundary of the property and size in acres
  - Location and extent of significant structures and impervious surfaces (evident on aerial photograph)

- Drainage Plan Figures
  - Directions of storm water flow
  - Locations of all existing structural storm water control measures
  - Locations of all storm water conveyances including ditches, pipes, and swales
  - Locations of all storm water monitoring points
  - Locations of storm water drainage points, with a unique identification code for each drainage point
  - Municipal separate storm sewer systems, where your storm water discharges to them.
  - Locations of all receiving waters in the immediate vicinity of the MPCC, with arrows point to the direction to the receiving waters through the City MS4 System.

- Activity Plans Include:
- Locations of potential pollutant sources identified under MSGP 2021, Part 6.2.3.2

- Locations of the following activities where such activities are exposed to precipitation:
  - Loading/unloading areas
  - Fueling Stations
  - Vehicle and equipment maintenance and/or cleaning areas
  - Locations used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of wastes
  - Liquid Storage Tanks
  - Transfer areas for substances in bulk
  - Machinery

- Non-Storm water Discharges and Recent Spills Figure
  If identified, the following items shall be located as appropriate:
  - Locations and descriptions of all non-storm water discharges identified under MSGP 2021, Part 1.2.2.1
  - Locations where significant spills or leaks identified under MSGP 2021, Part 6.2.3.3 have occurred

- Not Applicable – The following are not applicable as they are not in existence at the MPCC
  - Processing and storage areas
  - Immediate access roads and rail lines used or traveled by carriers of raw materials, manufactured products, waste material, or by-products used or created by the facility.
  - Locations of all receiving waters in the immediate vicinity of the MPCC
  - Locations and sources of run-on to the site from adjacent property that contains significant quantities of pollutants.
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Section 2: Potential Pollutant Sources

2.1 Industrial Activity and Associated Pollutants

Table 1.1 describes industrial activities performed at the MPCC and the potential pollutants associated with them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industrial Activity</th>
<th>Associated Potential Pollutants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Facility-used Chemical Storage</td>
<td>Motor oil, antifreeze, coolant, and hydraulic fluid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Storage and Delivery</td>
<td>Diesel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recyclables Storage</td>
<td>Scrap metal and bicycles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sanitary Facilities</td>
<td>Bacteria, parasites, viruses, and organic pollutants (E.coli) from portable toilets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance</td>
<td>Motor oil, antifreeze coolant, grease/lubricant, and hydraulic fluid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle and Equipment Storage</td>
<td>Motor oil, antifreeze coolant, grease/lubricant, hydraulic fluid, diesel, and gasoline.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste Transferring Activities</td>
<td>Municipal solid waste leachate, non-hazardous solid waste, and green waste.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 Spills and Leaks

Table 2.1 summarizes locations within the MPCC where spills have the potential to occur. Table 2.2 summarizes locations within the MPCC where spills have occurred in the past three years.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance Fluid Storage Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HHW Storage Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portable Toilets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Storage Area</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Outfalls</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No major spills or leaks have occurred in the past three years.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No major spills or leaks have occurred in the past three years at the MPCC that would impact the drainage points. The spill locations are identified on Figure 2 of Appendix C. If such a major spill or leak should occur in the future, they will be identified in this section of the SWPPP and shown on Figure 2 of Appendix C.
2.3 Non-Storm Water Discharges Documentation

*Date of evaluation: February 17, 2021*

*Description of the evaluation criteria used:*

MPCC was visually assessed, photographed, and documented. The summary reports of the evaluation are included in Appendix D. Permissible non-storm water discharges permissible under this SWPPP include:

- Discharges from firefighting activity,
- Waterline flushing,
- External building wash down (specifically allowed under MSGP 2021 without the use of detergents assuming no detrimental effect of storm water quality), and
- Incidental air conditioning condensate.

All site areas, including presumed drainage ways were observed during the evaluation. No non-storm water discharges were observed at the MPCC. No actions were necessary as a result of the evaluation because no unauthorized discharges were identified.

2.4 Salt Storage

Salt and/or sand used for road deicing is not stored or used at the MPCC.

2.5 Sampling Data Summary

Storm water has not yet been sampled at MPCC. However, sampling requirements outline in this SWPPP will address quarterly storm water sampling. Sample and Analysis Plan is available in this SWPPP in Appendix L to reference for all sampling plans. Refer to Appendix M for Sample Data Reports.
Section 3: Storm Water Control Measures

Storm water controls at the MPCC are instituted in the form of BMPs designed to address activities that are potential sources of storm water pollution. Each BMP outlines measures designed to reduce the potential for storm water pollution. There are currently seven BMPs implemented at the MPCC. The BMPs are listed in Table 3 and presented in their entirety in Appendix E.

Table 3
Summary of Best Management Practices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material Processing &amp; Maintenance</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BMP-1</td>
<td>General BMPs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from all industrial operations with potential to impact storm water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-2</td>
<td>Reduce Municipal Solid Waste Exposure to Storm Water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from transfer of municipal solid waste (MSW) to containers. Prevent run-on and runoff from waste management areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-3</td>
<td>Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from all industrial operations with potential to impact storm water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage and Material Processing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-4</td>
<td>Outdoor Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Waste and Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from loading and unloading of material. Prevent run-on and runoff from chemical storage and waste management areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storm Water Control Structures</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-5</td>
<td>Vehicle and Equipment Storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from outdoor vehicle and equipment storage areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-6</td>
<td>Structural Storm Water Controls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select, implement, and maintain structural storm water controls to manage the volume and/or quality of storm water leaving the property. Storm water volume controls should be installed to manage storm water volume by delaying diverting or reducing the amount of storm water runoff from the site. Storm water quality controls should be installed to prevent pollutants from contacting storm water or removing pollutants from storm water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-7</td>
<td>Fuel Storage and Delivery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prevent fuel spills and leaks, and reduce their impacts to storm water. Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water during fueling operations and fuel storage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.1 Minimize Exposure
In order to minimize the exposure of material storage areas to rain, snow, snowmelt, and runoff; and minimize pollutant discharge from industrial activities performed at the MPCC, performing and locating these activities indoors or protecting them with storm resistant cover will be implemented. The following should be performed as needed:

- Use grading, berming, or curbing to prevent runoff of contaminated flows and divert run-on away from these areas;
- Locate materials, equipment, and activities so that potential leaks and spills are contained or able to be contained or diverted before discharge;
- Clean up spills and leaks promptly using dry methods (e.g., absorbents) to prevent the discharge of pollutants;
- Store leaky vehicles and equipment indoors or, if stored outdoors, use drip pans and absorbents;
- Use spill/overflow protection equipment;
- Portable toilets are to be secured with stakes to prevent pollutants from contaminating storm water discharge;
- Roll-off bins are to be stored within a bermed area when parked on site or covered either under permanent storm resistant coverage or with temporary tarp; and
- Perform all vehicle and/or equipment cleaning operations indoors, under cover, or in bermed areas that prevent runoff and run-on and also that capture any overspray.

3.2 Good Housekeeping
Good housekeeping is regularly conducted at MPCC. The residential drop-off areas have regular incoming supply of materials which is stored until a sufficient quantity of material is accumulated for transfer to the Cerro Colorado Landfill, contractor pick up, or recycling centers, as applicable.

The facility is inspected daily for presence of potential storm water pollutants (solid waste, hazardous fluids/waste, sediment etc.), which are properly disposed of if present. Additionally, debris gathered along the interior fence lines is raked up and disposed of on a regular basis.

3.3 Maintenance
Good engineering practices are performed to prevent spills and leaks from occurring from stored vehicles. During routine facility inspections, the MPCC employees inspect all vehicles and equipment to ensure it is in good repair with no drips or leaks evident. This includes:

- Performing inspections and preventive maintenance of storm water drainage, source controls, treatment systems, and equipment that could fail and result in contamination of storm water.
- Diligently maintaining non-structural control measures (e.g., keep spill response supplies available, personnel appropriately trained).

### 3.4 Spill Prevention and Response

As stated in BMPs listed above, a facility-specific Spill Response Plan is posted in all areas where spills and/or leaks are likely to occur. At the MPCC, spill response plans are posted in conspicuous places and as possible near a telephone. Spill response plans shall be posted at the:

- Site Attendant building;
- Maintenance fluid storage and fueling areas; and
- Indoors near the portable toilet and HHW storage area.

Spill response procedures and contact information can be found on the spill response plans. A copy of the spill response plan is located in Appendix E. Spill prevention and response procedures should be assessed on a quarterly basis for any facility and personnel changes that might affect the efficiency in responding to a spill or release, to include:

- Develop training on the procedures for expeditiously stopping, containing, and cleaning up leaks, spills, and other releases. As appropriate, execute such procedures as soon as possible;
- Notify appropriate facility personnel when a leak, spill, or other release occurs.

Spill cleanup materials are adequately stocked, readily accessible, and labeled at all times. Spent cleanup materials are disposed of immediately and properly. All tanks, drums, buckets, and other storage containers are properly labeled and if stored outdoors, or indoors directly adjacent to a doorway, they encompass secondary containment.

Secondary containment for all fluids is required. It is not expected that fluids will be stored at the facility but in general, specific areas where secondary containment is required include:

- HHW storage; and
- Maintenance fluid storage; and
- Fuel storage.

Additionally, any parked roll-off containers or waste disposal bins are to be closed/covered. If tarping or lids are not able to be used for coverage, the roll-off containers must be under permanent coverage, such as a carport of storage structure. If roll-off containers are not covered, the roll-off containers must be within berming to create secondary containment for the stored containers.
3.5 Erosion and Sediment Controls

Erosion is evaluated quarterly during storm water monitoring events and annually during the dry weather evaluation of the storm water drainage points. There are no storm water management structures to control erosion and sediment.

3.6 Management of Runoff

Precipitation runoff travels across the property as sheet flow and is collected in a trench drain and gutter which convey storm water to an off-site storm water detention basin located west of the MPCC. Precipitation runoff not collected by the storm water detention basin eventually would reach the Tijeras Arroyo. Storm water management structures are shown on the Site plan (Figure 2 of Appendix C).

3.7 Salt Storage Piles or Piles Containing Salt

No salt is stored at the MPCC.

3.8 MSGP Sector-Specific Non-Numeric Effluent Limits

The MPCC is not subject to Effluent Limitations.

3.9 Employee Training

The SWPPP PPT Leader is responsible for providing training to the MPCC employees regarding the components and goals of this SWPPP. The City now has SWPPP training available online via the Public Service University (PSU). Employees who work in areas where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water, or who are responsible for implementing activities to meet the conditions of the MSGP 2021 are required to have appropriate storm water pollution prevention training.

Training will be provided to MPCC employees by qualified trainers at least annually, with additional training made available as required for new hires. Elements to be included in the training sessions include the following:

- Purpose, need, and requirement for storm water pollution prevention;
- Examples of unallowable non-storm water discharges;
- Availability, layout, and contents of the SWPPP;
- Description and applicability of the BMPs;
- Good housekeeping and preventative maintenance requirements;
- Material management practices;
- Spill response procedures;
- Spill reporting requirements;
- Corrective action reporting;
- Used oil and spent solvent management;
- Fueling procedures;
- Proper painting procedures;
- Used battery management;
- Documentation requirements; and
- Notice of Intent (NOI) submission (when applicable).

All training events are documented including the date of training, identification of the trainer and attendees, and subjects covered. Training records for SWMD's train-the-trainer session shall be included in Appendix F of this SWPPP.

**Reporting Process:** Following each training session, SWMD will distribute training certificates by email to all staff and PPT members that attend training and submit a training assessment.

### 3.10 Non-Storm Water Discharges

An evaluation of non-storm water discharges was performed as described in Section 2.3 Non-Storm Water Discharges Documentation. No non-storm water discharges were identified during the evaluation. If any future non-storm water discharges are observed at the facility, details of the discharge must be logged on the form in Appendix D and included on the Site Plan (Figure 2 of Appendix C).

### 3.11 Waste, Garbage and Floatable Debris

Litter at the MPCC is routinely managed through the use of tarped/covered loads, fencing around the property and manual collection.

### 3.12 Dust Generation

The access roads and the majority of the interior roads within the MPCC perimeter fence are paved to minimize dust generation. Additionally, a water truck is used for dust control. All customers enter and exit the facility on paved areas. The site is surrounded by vegetation and fencing, keeping the majority of windblown material in the facility. The SWMD transfer trailer drivers are responsible for cleaning their vehicles and properly disposing of the associated debris and trash prior to leaving the facility.
Section 4: Schedules and Procedures

4.1 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Control Measures
Schedules and procedures pertaining to control measures are discussed in Section 3 Storm Water Control Measures. Detailed procedures are provided in the form of BMPs included in Appendix E.

4.2 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Inspections
During normal facility operating hours inspections of areas of the facility covered by the requirements in this permit are conducted, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Areas where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water;
- Areas identified in the SWPPP and those that are potential pollutant sources (see Part 6.2.3 MSGP 2021);
- Areas where spills and leaks have occurred in the past three years;
- Discharge points; and
- Control measures used to comply with the effluent limits contained in this permit.

During the inspection, the inspector will examine or look out for the following:

- Industrial materials, residue or trash that may have or could come into contact with storm water;
- Leaks or spills from industrial equipment, drums, tanks and other containers;
- Offsite tracking of industrial or waste materials, or sediment where vehicles enter or exit the site;
- Tracking or blowing of raw, final or waste materials from areas of no exposure to exposed areas;
- Erosion of soils at the facility, channel and streambank erosion and scour in the immediate vicinity of discharge points (see Part 2.1.2.5 MSGP 2021);
- Non authorized non-storm water discharges (see Part 2.1.2.9 MSGP 2021);
- Control measures needing replacement, maintenance, or repair.

During an inspection occurring during a storm water event or discharge, control measures implemented to comply with effluent limits must be observed to ensure they are functioning correctly. Discharge points must also be observed during this inspection. If such discharge locations are inaccessible, nearby downstream locations must be inspected. If any non-compliant issues are identified during these inspections, the corrective action schedule outlined in Section 4.4 of this SWPPP will be implemented and the SWPPP will be reviewed to determine if modifications are necessary to meet the requirements of the MSGP 2021.

Further procedures for routine facility inspections are provided in Section 5.1 herein.
Schedule

Routine facility inspections will be conducted at least once per annual quarter during the entire permit term, or in some instances more frequently (e.g., monthly). At least once each calendar year, the inspection will be conducted during a period when storm water discharge is occurring.

Persons Responsible for Inspections

Routine facility inspections will be conducted by qualified personnel. The inspections should be conducted by a PPT member or an appropriately trained staff member. A full list of MPCC’s PPT members is included in Appendix A. Inspectors must consider the results of visual and analytical monitoring (if any) for the past year when planning and conducting inspections.

4.3 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Monitoring

4.3.1 Quarterly Visual Storm Water Assessment

Once per annual quarter during the entire permit term, the designee will conduct quarterly visual storm water assessments at the designated storm water drainage points; MP01 and MP02. During quarters without a rainfall event resulting in discharge, the monitoring event will be rescheduled to occur during the predominately rainy season (July – September). During adverse weather conditions which may prevent collection of a sample (i.e. local flooding, high winds, electrical storms, or other dangerous situations), the monitoring event will be substituted with the next storm event. Refer to Section 5.2 herein for a description of procedures for quarterly visual storm water assessments.

4.3.2 State- or Tribal-Specific Monitoring

None required.

4.3.3 Indicator Monitoring.

Indicator monitoring for storm water discharges are required in the MSGP 2021 for three parameters: pH, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD). This monitoring is required for subsector P1. Indicator monitoring will provide the facility and EPA with a baseline and comparable understanding of industrial storm water discharge quality and potential water quality problems. These values are “report-only” and do not have thresholds for baseline values for comparison, therefore no follow up action is triggered or required. Indicator monitoring is a condition of the MSGP 2021, and thus failure to conduct the monitoring is a permit violation. Refer to Section 5.3 herein for a description of procedures for indicator monitoring.

4.3.4 Benchmark Monitoring

Sector P has no benchmark monitoring requirements in the MSGP. Subsector N2 has no benchmark monitoring requirements in the MSGP.

4.3.5 Impaired Waters Monitoring

Impaired waters monitoring is required annually in the first year of permit coverage and again in the fourth year of permit coverage as described in Section 4.2.5.1.a of the MSGP 2021 Facilities Required to Monitor Stormwater Discharges to Impaired Waters – Discharges to impaired waters without an EPA-
approved or established TMDL of the MSGP 2021. If a pollutant causing impairment is detected, annual monitoring must continue. Refer to Section 5.4 herein for description of procedures for Impaired Waters Monitoring.

4.3.6 Substantially Identical Discharge Point Exception

There are no substantially identical outfalls at the MPCC.

4.4 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Corrective Action

When any of the following conditions occur or are detected during an inspection, monitoring or other means, or if EPA or the Operator of the MS4 through which you discharge informs you that any of the following conditions have occurred, the SWPPP must be reviewed and revised, as appropriate, to minimize pollutant discharge:

- An unauthorized release or discharge (e.g., spill, leak or discharge of non-storm water not authorized by this or another NPDES permit to a water of the United States) occurs at the facility;
- The established storm water control measures are not stringent enough for the storm water discharge to be controlled as necessary such that the receiving water of the United States will meet applicable water quality standards;
- A required control measure was not installed or installed correctly, or is not being properly operated or maintained, and/or;
- A visual assessment shows evidence of storm water pollution (e.g., color odor, floating solids, settled solids, suspended solids, foam).

If construction or a change in design, operation, or maintenance at the MPCC occurs that significantly changes the nature of pollutants discharged via storm water from the facility, or significantly increases the quantity of pollutants discharged, this SWPPP must be reviewed to determine if modifications are necessary to meet the requirements of the MSGP 2021.

When an inspection, monitoring event, or other site observation reveals a condition that may result in storm water pollution, the following corrective action schedule must be implemented:

1. Immediate Actions – Within 24 Hours

   a. Minimize or prevent the discharge of pollutants until a permanent solution is implemented.
   b. Cleanup any contaminated surfaces so that material will not discharge in subsequent storm events.
   c. Document the conditions observed. Documentation should include:

      1) Condition triggering the corrective action

         a) For spills include material, volume, reason causing the release

      2) Date/time
3) Location

4) Description of immediate actions taken
   a) For spills include response actions, date/time cleanup completed, notifications made, and staff involved.

5) Signature of an individual with signatory authority.

2. Subsequent Actions – Within 14 Days

   a. Install or modify a control measure to prevent continued or reoccurring discharge.

   b. Notify the Environmental Compliance Coordinator in writing of what actions were taken (ddaugherty@cabq.gov, mbuhanan@cabq.gov, and MS4Compliance@cabq.gov).

   c. Place written documentation in the corrective action section of the operating SWPPP (Appendix K). Documentation should include:
      1) Description of corrective actions taken with beginning and end dates.
      2) If applicable, document why it is not feasible to have corrective action installation within 14 days and the schedule for completing the controls and making them operational.

4.5 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Annual Reporting

The MSGP 2021 requires an annual report be submitted through the NPDES eReporting Tool (NeT) by January 30th of each year of permit coverage containing information generated from the past calendar year.

Appendix M includes an example annual report form. This report form is included in this SWPPP for reference only; the actual annual report must be submitted through EPA’s NeT system which is accessed through the EPA’s central Data Exchange website at https://cdx.epa.gov/.

Annual reports shall include a summary of the previous year’s routine facility inspections, visual quarterly storm water monitoring and any other required storm water monitoring, corrective actions, and Additional Implementation Measure (AIM) documentation.
Section 5: Inspections

Inspections, conducted at the MPCC facility, are documented on standardized inspection forms. Forms will be updated to reflect the current conditions at each facility as required. All completed inspection forms and associated reports will be attached to this SWPPP in the Reports Section (Appendix M). Two types of inspections that are conducted at the facility include Routine Facility Inspections and Quarterly Visual Assessment Inspections of Storm Water Discharges.

5.1 Routine Facility Inspections

Routine Facility Inspections must document the findings of the facility inspections and maintain this report (Appendix M). The inspection findings must be summarized in the annual report per Part 7.4 of the 2021 MSGP. Document all findings, including but not limited to, the following documentation:

- The inspection date and time;
- The name(s) and signature(s) of the inspector(s);
- Weather information;
- All observations relating to the implementation of control measures at the facility, including:
  - A description of any discharges occurring at the time of the inspection;
  - Any previously unidentified discharges from and/or pollutants at the site;
  - Any evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system;
  - Observations regarding the physical condition of and around all drainage points, including any flow dissipation devices, and evidence of pollutants in discharges and/or the receiving water;
  - Any control measures needing maintenance, repairs, or replacement;
- Any additional control measures needed to comply with the permit requirements;
- Any incidents of noncompliance; and
- A signed, dated and certified statement.

Specific areas of the facility to be inspected include:

- Fuel storage and dispensing areas;
- Outdoor materials handling and storage areas;
- Areas susceptible to erosion;
- Areas where spills and leaks have occurred in the past three years;
- Storage areas for vehicle/equipment awaiting maintenance;
- Maintenance areas;
- Maintenance fluid storage areas;
- Loading/unloading areas.
- Fueling areas;
- Loading/unloading areas; and
- Vehicle/equipment cleaning areas.

Include quarterly discharge visual assessments performed during the facility inspection results of
the assessment with the report required in MSGP 2021 Part 3.2, as long as all components of both
types of inspections are included in the report.

5.2 Quarterly Visual Assessment of Storm Water Discharges

Once per annual quarter for the entire permit term, a storm water sample must be collected from
the drainage point (except as noted below) and conduct a visual assessment of each of these
samples. These samples are not required to be collected consistent with 40 CFR Part 136
procedures but must be collected in such a manner that the samples are representative of the
storm water discharge. Guidance on monitoring is available at:

EXCEPTIONS: For climates with irregular storm water runoff, facilities located in an area
where limited rainfall occurs during many parts of the year (e.g., arid or semi-

arid climate), samples for the monthly visual assessments may be distributed
during seasons when precipitation runoff occurs.

The visual assessment must be made:

- Of a sample in a clean, colorless glass or plastic container, and examined in a well-lit area;
- On samples collected within the first 30 minutes of an actual discharge from a storm event. If it is
  not possible to collect the sample within the first 30 minutes of discharge, the sample must be
  collected as soon as practicable after the first 30 minutes and you must document why it was not
  possible to take the sample within the first 30 minutes. In the unexpected case of snowmelt,
  samples must be taken during a period with a measurable discharge from the site; and
- For storm events, on discharges that occur at least 72 hours (three days) from the previous
  discharge. The 72-hour (three-day) storm interval does not apply if you document that less than a
  72-hour (three-day) interval is representative for local storm events during the sampling period.

You must visually inspect or observe the sample for the following water quality characteristics:

- Color
- Odor
- Clarity (diminished)
- Floating solids
- Settled solids
- Suspended solids
- Foam
- Oil sheen
- Other obvious indicators of storm water pollution

Whenever the visual assessment shows evidence of storm water pollution, initiate the corrective action procedures found in Section 4.4 of this SWPPP.

**Documentation**

Document the results of the visual assessments and maintain this documentation ([Appendix M](#)). The visual assessment findings must be included in the annual report per MSGP 2021 Part 7.4. The documentation of the visual assessment must include, but not be limited to:

- Sample location(s);
- Sample collection date and time, and visual assessment date and time for each sample;
- Personnel collecting the sample and performing visual assessment, and their signatures;
- Nature of the discharge (i.e., runoff or snowmelt);
- Results of observations of the storm water discharge;
- Probable sources of any observed storm water contamination; and
- If applicable, why it was not possible to take samples within the first 30 minutes.

Whenever the visual assessment shows evidence of storm water pollution, initiate the corrective action procedures found in Section 4.

### 5.3 Indicator Monitoring

Indicator monitoring of storm water discharges are required under Sector P – subsector P1 for three total parameters: pH, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD). This data will provide a baseline and comparable understanding of industrial storm water discharge quality and potential water quality problems.

The indicator monitoring parameters are “report-only” and do not have thresholds or baseline values for comparison, therefore no follow-up action is triggered or required. Indicator monitoring is a permit condition and thus, failure to conduct this monitoring is a permit violation. As noted in Part 2.2.1 of the 2021 MSGP, the storm water discharge will be controlled as necessary such that the receiving water of the United States will meet applicable water quality standards. The samples collected as described below with the following exception, as described in Part 4.1.6 of 2021 MSGP:
EXCEPTIONS: For climates with irregular storm water runoff, facilities located in an area where limited rainfall occurs during many parts of the year (e.g., arid or semi-arid climate), the schedule of indicator monitoring may be modified provided the facility report the revised schedule directly to EPA by the due date of the first indicator monitoring sample. MPCC must keep this revised schedule within the SWPPP as specified in Part 6.5 of 2021 MSGP. MPCC must indicate in Net-DMR any 3-month interval that an indicator monitoring sample was not taken (see Part 4.1.7 of 2021 MSGP).

5.3.1 pH, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

Applicability and Schedule

Subsector P1 must monitor for pH, TSS and COD. Samples must be analyzed consistent with 40 CFR Part 136 analytical methods.

Indicator monitoring of storm water discharges for pH, TSS and COD will be conducted quarterly beginning in the first full quarter of permit coverage as identified in Part 4.1.7 of 2021 MSGP.

5.4 Impaired Waters Monitoring

Impaired waters monitoring is required annual in the first year of permit coverage and again in the fourth year of permit coverage, unless a pollutant causing an impairment is detected, in which case annual monitoring must continue. For the MPCC facility, Impaired waters monitoring is conducted for E. Coli only when informed by EPA that monitoring is required. Refer to Part 4.2.5.1.b of the MSGP 2021 for additional information. The facility is additionally required for monitor for Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB’s), Temperature, Mercury, and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) as follows.

Schedule – First Year of Permit Coverage

Annual samples will be taken by the facility in the first year of permit coverage, which begins in the first full quarter following May 30, 2021. The MPCC facility will monitor for the above listed pollutants using a standard analytical method, see 40 CFR Part 136, once at each discharge point that discharges storm water to impaired waters without an EPA-approved or established TMDL. Consult EPA Region 6 office for additional guidance regarding required monitoring parameters.

If the results indicate the monitored pollutant is not detected in the discharge sample or is within the acceptable range for a given parameter for the Rio Grande, the MPCC facility may discontinue monitoring for that pollutant for the next two years. Impaired waters monitoring must resume for that pollutant in year four of permit coverage, if applicable, as per Part 4.2.5.1.a.ii of the MSGP 2021.

If the results indicate that the monitored pollutant is detected in the storm water discharge or is outside the acceptable range for a given parameter for the Rio Grande, the MPCC facility must continue to monitor for the pollutant(s) annually until no longer detected, after which the facility may discontinue monitoring for that pollutant until monitoring resumes in the fourth year of permit coverage, if applicable, as per Part 4.2.5.1.a.ii of the MSGP 2021.

Schedule – Fourth Year of Permit Coverage

Annual monitoring of Impaired Waters will resume in the fourth year of permit coverage for another year for a subset of parameters monitored for in the first monitoring year. During the fourth year of permit coverage, the MPCC facility will monitor for all pollutants causing impairment(s) associated with the facility’s industrial activity. Monitoring will be conducted once at each discharge point, for all pollutants
presently impairing the water body, and all associated with the industrial activity of the MPCC facility.

If the results indicate the monitored pollutant(s) is not detected in the discharge or is within the acceptable range for a given parameter for the Rio Grande, the MPCC facility may discontinue monitoring for that pollutant for the remainder of the permit coverage.

If the results indicated that the monitored pollutant(s) is detected in the discharge or is outside the acceptable range for a given parameter for the Rio Grande, the MPCC facility must continue to monitor for the pollutant(s) annually until no longer detected, after which the facility may discontinue monitoring for the pollutant for the remainder of the permit coverage.
Section 6: Documentation to Support Eligibility Considerations under Other Federal Laws

6.1 Documentation Regarding Endangered Species.

In accordance with the requirements of MSGP 2021, an eligibility screening was performed with regards to endangered species. The eligibility screening followed the procedures outlined in Appendix E of the MSGP 2021. The MPCC was found to be eligible for coverage under the MSGP with respect to endangered species under Criterion C1.

The industrial activities conducted at the MPCC were evaluated and found to be valid under Criterion C1 because there was no changes present in the “action area” as described under permit coverage of the MSGP 2015. Appendix G of this SWPPP contains a memorandum describing the eligibility screening process and findings.

6.2 Documentation Regarding Historic Properties

In accordance with the requirements of MSGP 2021, an eligibility screening was performed with regards to historic properties. The eligibility screening followed the procedures outlined in Appendix F of the MSGP 2021. Appendix H of this SWPPP contains a memorandum describing the eligibility screening process and findings. The MPCC was found to be eligible for coverage under the MSGP with respect to historic properties under Criterion A.

6.3 Documentation Regarding NEPA Review (if applicable)

The MPCC is not subject to any New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) as described in Section 1, Table 1-1 of the MSGP 2021; therefore, NEPA process review is not required.
Section 7: SWPPP Certification

7.1 Person (s) Responsible for SWPPP Preparation

The SWPPP shall be prepared in accordance with good engineering practices and to industry standards. The SWPPP was developed by a “qualified person” as defined by the MSGP 2021. A “qualified person” is a person knowledgeable in the principles and practices of industrial storm water controls and pollution prevention and possesses the education and ability to assess conditions at the industrial facility that could impact storm water quality, and the education and ability to assess the effectiveness of storm water controls selected and installed to meet the requirements of the permit.

Name: David "Sonny" Cooper, P.E.  Title: Project Manager

Signature: [Signature]

Digitally signed by David Cooper
Date: 2021.05.27 10:49:24 -06'00'

Date: 5/27/2021
7.2 SWPPP Certification

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information contained therein. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information contained is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name: Matthew Whelan
Title: SWMD Director
Signature: [Signature]
Date: [Date]
## Section 8: SWPPP Modifications

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Section of SWPPP Revised</th>
<th>Authorization of the Modification</th>
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SWPPP Appendices

Attach the following documentation to the SWPPP:

Appendix A  Pollution Prevention Team Members
Appendix B  Multi-Sector General Permit 2021
Appendix C  Figures
  
  *Figure 1 MPCC General Location Map*
  
  *Figure 2 MPCC Site Plan*
Appendix D  Evaluation of Non-Storm Water Discharges
Appendix E  Best Management Practices and Spill Response Plan
Appendix F  Training Records
Appendix G  Endangered and Threatened Species Screening Memorandum
Appendix H  Historic Properties Preservation Screening Memorandum
Appendix I  Copy of the Notice of Intent, Acknowledgement Letter and Delegation of Authority Letter
Appendix J  Documentation of Maintenance to Control Measures
Appendix K  Documentation of Corrective Action Taken
Appendix L  Sample and Analysis Plans
Appendix M  Reports
  
  *M1 – Quarterly Routine Facility Inspections*
  
  *M2 – Quarterly Visual Storm Water Assessment*
  
  *M3 – EPA Industrial Storm Water Sampling Guidance*
  
  *M4 – Annual Report Example*
  
  *M5 – Sampling Data Reports*
APPENDIX A

POLLUTION PREVENTION TEAM MEMBERS
Appendix A

City of Albuquerque – Solid Waste Management Department

Montessa Park Convenience Center

Pollution Prevention Team Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Facility Name</th>
<th>Contact</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
<th>Address</th>
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<th>Zip</th>
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<th>Email</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Shellie Eaton, P.E.</td>
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APPENDIX B
MULTI-SECTOR GENERAL PERMIT 2021

https://www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater-discharges-industrial-activities-epas-2021-msgp
APPENDIX C
FIGURES

Figure 1 – Montessa Park Convenience Center General Location Map
Figure 2 – Montessa Park Convenience Center Site Plan
NOTES:
1. STORM WATER APPEARS TO DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE ON THE NORTH SIDE OF THE PROPERTY TO A DETENTION BASIN WHICH CONVEYS EXCESS RUNOFF TO TIJERAS ARROYO. LATITUDE (LAT) AND LONGITUDE (LONG) IS APPROXIMATE.
2. TIPPING FLOOR ACTS AS A GENERAL MAINTENANCE AREA AND STORAGE FOR EQUIPMENT.

MATERIAL HANDLING
1. MSW RECEIVING - 48-FT ROLL OFF CONTAINERS
2. METAL RECEIVING - 48-FT ROLL OFF CONTAINERS
3. FUEL STORAGE AREA (2 COMPARTMENT FUEL TANK; UNLEADED TANK NOT IN USE)
4. BIKE STORAGE
5. METALS
6. HHW
7. MAINTENANCE FLUID STORAGE
8. PORTABLE TOILETS
9. OFFICE
10. BATTERY STORAGE

City of Albuquerque
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)
Montessa Park Convenience Center (MPCC)

MARCH 2021
APPENDIX D
EVALUATION OF NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES
Memorandum

To: Kathy Verhage, P.E., Senior Engineer  
City of Albuquerque, Storm Drainage Design

From: Shannon Archuleta

Date: February 17, 2021

Subject: 2021 Evaluation of Non-Storm Water Discharges at SWMD – Montessa Park Convenience Center

Weston Solutions Inc. (Weston), on behalf of the City of Albuquerque (City) Storm Water Management Section, performed a visual assessment at the Solid Waste Management Department Montessa Park Convenience Center (MPCC) for the presence of non-storm water discharges as described in the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP). Weston performed the visual assessment at MPCC on February 17, 2021 for the presence of non-storm water discharges and facility updates. Photographs documenting the assessment are provided in Attachment 1. No non-storm water discharges were observed during the assessment.

Attachments

Attachment 1 – Photograph Log
APPENDIX E
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND SPILL RESPONSE PLAN
City of Albuquerque Solid Waste Management Department

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

Best Management Practices

for the

Montessa Park Convenience Center

Contents:

Solid Waste BMP 1.0 – General Best Management Practices
Solid Waste BMP 2.0 – Reduce Municipal Solid Waste Exposure to Stormwater
Solid Waste BMP 3.0 – Equipment Maintenance
Solid Waste BMP 4.0 – Proper Chemical and Waste Storage including Processing of Non-Municipal Solid Waste
Solid Waste BMP 5.0 – Vehicle and Equipment Storage
Solid Waste BMP 6.0 – Structural Stormwater Controls
Solid Waste BMP 7.0 – Fuel Storage and Delivery

Prepared by:

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Solid Waste BMP 1.0
General Best Management Practices

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from all industrial operations with potential to impact stormwater.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

**GOOD HOUSEKEEPING**

1.01 General
- Maintain exposed areas in a clean and orderly manner.
- Take necessary steps to prevent pollutants from contacting stormwater.

1.02 Clean Exterior Equipment Surfaces
- Perform all cleaning activities indoors or under cover when possible.
- Keep exterior surfaces of vehicles, equipment and containers clean by eliminating excessive amounts of external oil and grease buildup.
- Use water-based cleaning agents or non-chlorinated solvents to clean equipment, and collect and properly dispose of cleaning fluids.
- Use off-site commercial washing or “dry” washing and surface preparation techniques when possible.
- Wash vehicles and equipment in designated wash areas.
- Use drum-top absorbent pads to contain small leaks.

1.03 Cleaning Interior Floors and Tipping Floors
- Properly dispose of interior floor wash water, sweepings, and sediments.
- Collect and properly disposed of tipping floor wash water in an approved manner.

1.04 Recycle, Reduce, and Reuse
- Identify opportunities to recycle, reclaim, and/or reuse materials to reduce the volume of materials brought in to the facility and reduce the volume of waste.
- Materials that may be recycled or reused include used oil, grease, antifreeze, brake fluid, solvents, hydraulic fluid, batteries, transmission fluid, washwater, and waste fuel.

1.05 Product Substitution
- Use biodegradable products and substitute materials with less hazardous properties where feasible.

1.06 Limit Material Inventory
- Limit inventory of materials stored on-site to reduce the magnitude of potential spills and waste generation.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Activities not covered by other BMPs.

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- Fuels, oils, grease
- Potable water system flushing fluids
- Solvents
- Soaps, detergents
- MSW Leachate

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Keep outside areas maintained
- Store materials and equipment inside to the extent practical
- Conduct preventative maintenance
- Conduct regular inspections
- Train employees in stormwater pollution prevention techniques
- Document stormwater pollution prevention activities
- Maintain and post spill response plans
MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF POLLUTANTS TO STORMWATER

1.07 Storm-Resistant Shelters

- Where practicable, industrial materials and activities should be protected by a storm-resistant shelter to prevent exposure.

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

1.08 Pollution Prevention

- For long term storage (>30 days), remove fluids and salvage batteries (which often drip oil and other fluids).

1.09 Design for Pollution Prevention

- Work with design and construction project managers to incorporate stormwater management features into project design.
- Evaluate existing facilities for opportunities to improve functionality and efficiency, and decrease the potential for stormwater pollution.
- Features may include:
  - Appropriate surface grading
  - Containment and/or cover
  - Stormwater quality structures (e.g., oil/water separators, dead-end sumps, first flush diversion basins)
  - Use of concrete paving rather than asphalt
  - Fluid recycling systems
  - Waste repositories
  - Other control measures to eliminate potential material exposure to stormwater

MANAGEMENT OF STORMWATER RUNOFF

1.10 Outdoor Water Supplies

- Limit availability of outdoor water supplies.
- Post signs at outdoor water sources identifying appropriate uses and discouraging uses that would introduce pollutants to the storm drain system/receiving waters.

SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

1.11 Spill Response Plans

- Post the plan in a visible location within each work area where spills are likely to occur.

1.12 Maintain Spill Response Equipment and Supplies

- Maintain adequate supplies of spill response equipment and materials in accessible locations near areas where spills maybe likely to occur, including on appropriate vehicles (maintenance vehicles) that may be likely to respond to or be involved in an incident.

1.13 Spill Containment and Response

- Immediately clean up all spills and leaks.
- Report all spills in accordance with the facility spill response plan.
Solid Waste BMP 1.0  
General Best Management Practices

- Use drip pans to contain leaks and absorbent booms, mats, or other devices to contain liquid materials (washwater, fuel, etc.) and prevent them from entering the storm drain system.

- Develop and implement a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan, if required under guidelines set forth in 40 CFR, Section 112.3.

1.14 Procedures for Cleaning Up Spills and Leaks

- Use absorbent materials and spill control equipment for temporary and immediate control of spills and leaks of liquid materials.

- Absorbent materials can be used in conjunction with curbing to provide cleanup of small spills within a containment area.

- Collect and remove absorbent materials from area soon after use and dispose of in an appropriate manner.

- Hazardous waste spill response must be consistent with 40 CFR 264 and 265(RCRA).

1.15 Disposal of Collected Fluids

- Properly dispose of any collected fluids (e.g., spill fluids, or fluids collected in fuel tanks, fueling hydrant sumps, oil/water separators, etc.) according to applicable regulations.

- Never discharge material to a catch basin or storm drain. Always dispose of materials in an approved manner; use an approved treatment facility through a permitted connection.

1.16 Minimizing Exposure

- Where practicable, industrial materials and activities will be protected by a storm resistant shelter to prevent exposure to rain or runoff.

- It is noted that due to the nature of the operations (routine service of large equipment) cover is not always practical.

Routine Facility Inspections

1.17 Activity Inspections

- Perform frequent activity inspections to identify and eliminate non-stormwater discharges.

- Stagger inspection times to cover all work periods.

- Routine facility inspections shall be conducted at least once per annual quarter.

1.18 Inspections for Facility Upgrades

- Perform inspections during design review and project construction phases to ensure drainage, wastewater, and water supply connections are correct (no cross connections or illicit hookups).

Employee/Contractor Training

1.19 General Employee Training

- Provide the appropriate level of employee training in the following areas:
  - Stormwater pollution prevention education,
  - Spill response and prevention,
  - Right-to-know awareness training, and
  - Hazardous materials management.
1.20 Stormwater Training
- Provide annual stormwater management training as required in the MSGP-2015, Part 2.1.2.8.
- Incorporate required elements in training program and maintain a log of employee attendance.

1.21 Contractor Education
- Provide haulers with copies of pertinent BMPs.
- Require hauler adherence to BMP specifications.

1.22 SPCC Training
- Provide adequate implementation training for facilities with a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan, if required, developed under guidelines set forth in 40 CFR 112.3.

1.23 Comply with Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements of the MSGP
- The record keeping and reporting requirements contained in the MSGP should be followed.

1.24 Disposal of Landscaping and Grounds Maintenance Waste
- Properly dispose of landscape waste, washwater, sweepings, and sediments.

1.25 Grounds/Landscaping Design Considerations
- Consider the following design characteristics for grounds/landscaping design:
  - Incorporate areas of landscape into project design. (Landscape areas are pervious and will result in less runoff discharge from a site.)
  - Incorporate design considerations such as leaving or planting native vegetation to reduce irrigation, fertilizer, and pesticides needs.
  - Select landscaping plants that require little maintenance and/or pest control.
  - Incorporate storm water detention/retention to reduce peak runoff flows and for water quality control.

1.26 Minimize Pesticide, Herbicide, and Fertilizer Use
- Minimize use of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers. Use according to directions. Utilize integrated pest management.

1.27 Erosion Control
- Provide landscaped areas where erosion is becoming a problem.
Solid Waste BMP 2.0
Reduce Municipal Solid Waste Exposure to Stormwater

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from transfer of municipal solid waste (MSW) to containers. Prevent run-on and runoff from waste management areas.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

**GOOD HOUSEKEEPING**

2.01 Disposal of Fluids
- Recycle or properly dispose of the following: grease, oils, antifreeze, brake fluid, cleaning solutions, hydraulic fluid, batteries, transmission fluid, and filters.

**MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF POLLUTANT TO STORMWATER**

2.02 Perform Waste Transfer Activities Under Cover or on Paved Surfaces Where Practicable
- Where practicable, perform transfer activities and storage of materials and waste under cover and in contained area to prevent exposure of pollutants to stormwater and capture spills or leaks.
- Provide appropriate controls in waste transfer areas, such as cover, berms, sumps, oil/water separators or retention basins to protect storm drains and outfalls.

**ROUTINE FACILITY INSPECTIONS**

2.03 Waste Transfer Area Inspections
- Inspect loading/unloading areas for repair and patching.

*NOTE:* See BMP 1.0 for generally applicable measures related to Preventative Maintenance, Training, Runoff Management, and Record Keeping and Reporting.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Transfer of Waste

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- MSW leachate

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Transfer activities occur under cover and on paved surfaces
- Sloped tipping floor to drainage system
- Collect and properly dispose of all fluids
- Conduct preventative maintenance
Solid Waste BMP 2.0
Reduce Municipal Solid Waste Exposure to Stormwater

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Solid Waste BMP 3.0
Equipment Maintenance

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater by performing regularly scheduled equipment maintenance.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

**GOOD HOUSEKEEPING**

3.01 Contain Drips, Leaks, and Spills
- Use drip pans when performing outdoor maintenance or use with equipment awaiting repair.
- Use adsorbent materials at potential problem areas. Adequately collect and remove adsorbent material from the area after use and dispose of in an appropriate manner.

3.02 Maintain Working Areas
- Do not hose down work areas or use concrete cleaning products unless the storm drain inlets are blocked and washwater is collected and properly disposed of through a permitted sewer connection.

**MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF POLLUTANT TO STORMWATER**

3.03 Perform Maintenance Activities Indoors
- Where practicable, perform vehicle and equipment maintenance activities indoors to prevent exposure of pollutants to stormwater.

**SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE**

3.04 Spill Preparation Requirements
- Keep spill kits stocked and stored where spills are likely to occur.
- Provide secondary containment, store drums upright with contents being pumped out as required.

**ROUTINE EQUIPMENT INSPECTIONS**

3.05 Equipment Inspections
- Inspect equipment to determine working correctly and no leaks occurring. Replace worn equipment before leaks develop.

**ROUTINE FACILITY INSPECTIONS**

3.06 Working Area Inspections
- Perform regular inspections of equipment containing greases, oils, fuel, hydraulic fluid, antifreeze etc.
- Perform regular inspections of parts washers, hydraulic lifts, or other maintenance support components.

**NOTE:** See BMP 1.0 for generally applicable measures related to Preventative Maintenance, Training, Runoff Management, and Record Keeping and Reporting.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Equipment Maintenance

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- Fuels, oil, grease
- Antifreeze
- Hydraulic fluid

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Conduct maintenance indoors, or in covered area
- Collect and properly dispose of all fluids
- Provide spill kits
- Use secondary containment
Solid Waste BMP 3.0
Equipment Maintenance

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Solid Waste BMP 4.0
Proper Chemical and Waste Storage including Processing of Non-Municipal Solid Waste

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from transfer and storage of household hazardous waste, recyclable material, green waste, and chemical material. Preventing run-on and runoff from non-municipal solid waste management areas.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

4.01 Material and Waste Handling
- Transfer, use and store liquid materials only in paved areas (if possible) to capture leaks, drips or spills.
- Designate central storage locations where materials are contained (i.e., curbing, secondary containment, etc.) and covered (if possible) to prevent contact with stormwater runoff and reduce the risks of accidental spills.
- Segregate wastes to improve handling and promote recycling.
- All recyclables are stored in non-biodegradable and leak-proof containers.
- Household hazardous waste is stored under cover with secondary containment and spill kit in close proximity.

4.02 Dispensing Liquids
- Dispensing materials from upright drums equipped with hand pumps is preferred.
- Avoid dispensing from drums positioned horizontally in cradles.
- Always use secondary containment and self-closing spigots if dispensing from horizontally positioned drums.

4.03 Signage for Storage Locations
- Post signs at all storage locations in clearly visible locations noting the materials stored, emergency contacts and spill cleanup procedures.

4.04 Containers and Container Labeling
- Store all materials in their original containers or containers approved for that use.
- Clearly label all containers with the contents to prevent co-mingling of materials, storage of incompatibles, and improper handling and to promote proper material handling and storage.
- Utilize required labeling procedures for storage of all hazardous wastes.
- Identify and properly dispose of all unlabeled and unknown wastes.

4.05 Used Battery Management
- Store batteries on spill containment and under cover.
- Properly dispose or recycling stored batteries in 30 days or less.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Fuel Storage
- Chemical Storage
- Solid Waste Storage
- Household Hazardous Waste Storage
- Recyclable Material Storage

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- Fuel, Oils, Grease
- Solvents
- Hydraulic Fluid
- Soaps, Detergents
- Paints, Stains, and Sealants
- Paper, Plastic, Aluminum, Steel, Tin, Glass and Small Electronics
- Sanitary Waste

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Conduct loading and unloading under cover where possible
- Store materials indoors or under cover
- Store empty drums, containers on pallets
- Provide berming or secondary containment
- Drain fluids before storage
- Spill kit in close proximity
- Perform and document periodic inspections
- Check loading equipment regularly for leaks
**Solid Waste BMP 4.0**  
*Proper Chemical and Waste Storage including Processing of Non-Municipal Solid Waste*

**4.06 Sanitary Facilities**
- Collect all sanitary waste from portable facilities a minimum of one time per week by approved sanitary services.
- Remove leaking portable toilets from the facility and replace with new portable toilets.

**PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE**

**4.07 Maintain Storage Areas**
- Ensure secondary containment structure is leak tight and is free of cracks, etc.
- Outdoor storage areas should be covered, if possible.
- When selecting storage sites, avoid excessive slope, locations near storm drain inlets, and locations near public access areas.
- Remove accumulated waste in a timely manner.
- Spill response plans shall be posted in waste storage areas.
- Stocked spill response kits shall be available in waste storage areas.

**SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE**

**4.08 Preventing Pollutant Exposure During Material Transfer**
- Position vehicles used for material transfer such that activities are protected from rainfall and that possible spills can be contained.
- Provide hand pumps, containment devices, and other transfer devices to facilitate material transfer.

**ROUTINE FACILITY INSPECTIONS**

**4.09 Quarterly Inspections**
- All waste storage, disposal, and processing areas shall be inspected as part of the routine facility inspections.
- Inspect secondary containment regularly and remove accumulated debris and fluids regularly.

**4.10 Waste Transfer Area Inspections**
- Inspect loading/unloading areas for repair and patching.

**4.11 Portable Toilet Inspections**
- Perform weekly visual inspections of portable toilet holding tanks for evidence of leaking.

**4.12 Material and Waste Storage Area Inspection (Containers and Tanks)**
- Periodically inspect storage areas (containers and tanks):
  - Check containers for external corrosion and structural failure.
  - Check for spills and overfills due to operator failure.
  - Check for failure of piping system (pipes, pumps, flanges, couplings, hoses, and valves).
  - Check for leaks or spills during pumping of liquids or gases.
  - Visually inspect new tanks or containers for loose fittings, poor welds, and improper or poorly fitted gaskets.
  - Inspect tank foundations and storage area coatings.
Solid Waste BMP 4.0
Proper Chemical and Waste Storage including Processing of Non-Municipal Solid Waste

Management of Stormwater Runoff

4.13 Protect Storage Areas from Run-On and Runoff
- Protect all significant materials from rainfall, run-on, runoff, and wind dispersal.
- Options include:
  - Store material indoors or in a fully enclosed area.
  - Permanently cover an outdoor storage area with a roof, overhang, or awning.
  - Use temporary covering of polyethylene, polypropylene, or hypalon.
  - Use control measures such as berms and secondary containment.
  - Reduce the amount of material stored outdoors.

Recordkeeping and Reporting

4.14 Track Waste Generation
- Characterize waste streams and maintain accurate information on waste streams using:
  - Manifests,
  - Bill of lading,
  - Biennial reports,
  - Permits,
  - Environmental Audits,
  - NPDES discharge monitoring reports,
  - SARA Title III reports,
  - Emission reports,
  - Data on chemical spills,
  - Inventory reports,
  - Emissions data, and
  - Safety Data Sheets (SDS)
Solid Waste BMP 4.0
Proper Chemical and Waste Storage including Processing of Non-Municipal Solid Waste

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Solid Waste BMP 5.0
Vehicle and Equipment Storage

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from outdoor vehicle and equipment storage areas (i.e., fuels, chemicals, bagged material on pallets, soils or asphalt material bulk storage, etc.).

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

5.01 Vehicles and Equipment Storage
- Use drip pans or specially-designed absorbent pads to contain releases.
- Repair leaks in an expeditious manner.
- Store vehicles and equipment in an area established to contain any incidental leaks and under cover, if possible.
- For long term storage (>30 days), remove fluids and salvage batteries (which often drip oil and other fluids).
- Clean oil, grease or chemical residue off exterior surfaces prior to long term storage.
- Store vehicles and equipment away from curbs, gutters and storm drains.

5.02 Temporary Parking of Roll-Off Trucks and Transfer Trailers
- Designate areas for parking roll-off trucks and transfer trailers where spills and leaks can be contained and cleaned.
- Use covered loading and unloading areas for transfer of potential pollutants (especially liquid materials), such as building overhangs, to reduce exposure of materials, vehicles, and equipment to stormwater.

► APPROACH TO FUTURE FACILITIES AND UPGRADES:

DESIGN OF NEW FACILITIES AND EXISTING FACILITY UPGRADES

5.03 Design of New Facilities and Existing Facility Upgrades
- Require the use of appropriate water quality control structures for fuel and chemical storage areas such as detention/retention basins and sumps.
- Develop appropriate minimum performance standards for these water quality control structures and implement a reporting program to monitor the performance and maintenance of these structures.
- Chemical, fuel, and oil dispensing areas should be covered, if possible.
- Develop standard guidelines for the management of stormwater which collects in secondary containment areas.

NOTE: See BMP 1.0 for generally applicable measures related to Preventative Maintenance, Training, Runoff Management, and Record Keeping and Reporting.
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Solid Waste BMP 6.0
Structural Stormwater Controls

► PURPOSE:
Select, implement, and maintain structural stormwater controls to manage the volume and/or quality of stormwater leaving the property. Stormwater volume controls should be installed to manage stormwater volume by delaying, diverting, or reducing the amount of stormwater runoff form the site. Stormwater quality controls should be installed to prevent pollutants from contacting stormwater or remove pollutants from stormwater.

► EXISTING STORMWATER CONTROLS:

**GOOD HOUSEKEEPING**

6.01 Property Maintenance
- Keep all waste contained to prevent fluids and/or debris from entering stormwater detention basins and other stormwater control structures.
- Prevent non-allowable stormwater discharges from occurring through proper training and implementation of physical control structures.
- Keep perimeter fencing flush with ground level to prevent erosion.
- Repair areas with significant erosion as necessary to prevent sediment accumulation.

**PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE**

6.02 Routine Maintenance for Stormwater Control Devices and Outfalls
- Perform regular cleaning of stormwater control structures to ensure they are free and clear of debris and garbage.
- Remove accumulated sediment from control structures to prevent clogging of inlets and outlets. Accumulated sediment should be disposed of properly as pollutants are often attached to sediment particles.
- Clean storm drain covers and grates to remove accumulated debris. Check drain covers/grates for structural integrity.
- Replace adsorbent material within storm drain inserts, straw rolls, adsorbent booms, or other disposable media on a regular frequency to prevent accumulated stormwater pollutants from being released.
- Maintain vegetation within drainage swales, ponds, and other structures.
- Regularly patch or repair stormwater control devices (i.e., berms, etc.) to keep them in working order.

6.03 Maintain Catch Basins
- Regularly clean any catch basins which receive runoff from a maintenance area, especially after larger storms.
- Install and maintain catch basin filter inserts that assist in the removal of oil and grease, sediments and floatables.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Containing Pollutants Onsite

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- MSW Leachate
- Household Hazardous Waste
- Recyclable Materials
- Sediment
- Nutrients & Bacteria
- Trash
- Oil and Grease

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Maintain adequate retention
- Perform and document periodic inspections
- Properly dispose of all potential pollutants
Solid Waste BMP 6.0
Structural Stormwater Controls

6.04 Maintain Detention Basins
- Remove waste and or soil accumulations as needed.
- Repair areas of significant erosion as necessary to prevent sediment accumulation.

6.05 Install Oil/Water Separators
- Either collect stormwater in areas exposed to pollutants or install an appropriately-sized oil/water separator (regulatory agency approval maybe required).
- Oil/water separators are typically used in areas where the concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons, floatables, or sediment maybe abnormally high and source control techniques are not very effective.
- There are two types of oil/water separators:
  - American Petroleum Institute (API) separator and
  - Coalescing plate separator (CPS).
- Design, sizing, and placement of oil/water separators is dependent on several factors including: tributary area, type of activity, pollutant type and concentration, and water temperature. Separators should be selected, sized and designed by a qualified engineer.

6.06 Maintain Sumps and Oil/Water Separators
- Regularly clean and maintain sump and oil/water separators. Characterize and properly dispose of cleaning waste.
- Replace oil absorbent pads as needed and always prior to the rainy season(s).
- Keep effluent shutoff valve closed during cleaning operations. Follow maintenance schedule and procedures for these activities.

6.07 Label Storm Drains
- Label storm drain inlets that they are to receive no wastes.

Spill Prevention and Response

6.08 Protect Structural Controls from Spills
- Develop spill response plans to protect storm drains, stormwater conveyance structures, and other structural controls from coming into contact with stormwater pollutants.
- Provide secondary containment, curbing, berms, or other physical means of separating chemicals and other potential stormwater pollutants from stormwater drainage and collection devices.

Routine Facility Inspections

6.09 Storm Drain Inlet Inspections
- Perform quarterly visual inspections of discharge points into the storm drain system.
- Identify any non-stormwater discharges, sediment, debris, or other potential contaminants that may be entering the storm drain system.
- Perform inspections of stormwater control structures on a quarterly basis at minimum and after precipitation events.
Solid Waste BMP 6.0
Structural Stormwater Controls

- Inspections should cover:
  - Overall condition of the structure
  - Accumulation of sediment, vegetation, debris, and garbage at structure inlets, outlets, and within drainage ways
  - Integrity of the structure including damaged concrete or riprap
  - Evaluate erosion at and surrounding the control structure

6.10 Sump and oil/water separator inspection
- Regularly inspect sumps and oil/water separators to identify when preventative maintenance is needed.

➤ SELECTION OF NEW STORMWATER CONTROLS:

STORMWATER VOLUME CONTROLS

6.11 Stormwater Volume Controls
- Determine volume of site stormwater runoff or runon using the appropriate hydraulic analysis. Review potential stormwater controls to ascertain whether the hydraulic conveyance threshold has been exceeded based on the quantitative results of the hydraulic analysis.
- Perform site assessment for the potential to incorporate low impact development strategies that will be effective in retaining stormwater on site. Preference should be given to controls which retain stormwater runoff and reduce the volume of stormwater discharge to the downstream system.
- Select and evaluate the appropriate infiltration, harvest and use, or bioretention stormwater controls:
  - Infiltration stormwater controls: Infiltration trench, infiltration basin, bioretention basin with no underdrain, drywell, permeable pavement, and underground infiltration.
  - Harvest and use stormwater controls: Cisterns and underground detention
  - Biotreatment stormwater controls: Bioretention with underdrain, vegetated swale, vegetated filter strip, dry extended detention basin, wet detention basin, constructed wetland, and proprietary biotreatment.
- If possible use a treatment train of stormwater controls to reduce uncertainty of effectiveness. Treatment train refers to the application of a series of stormwater controls to improve effectiveness of the system.
- Install and locate stormwater controls on site where most effective treatment is achieved.

STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROLS

6.12 Stormwater Quality Controls
- Select and evaluate the appropriate stormwater control or combination of controls (treatment train) to improve stormwater quality.
- Conduct a qualitative evaluation of site activities and potential pollutants generated on-site. In addition identify any pollutants causing impairment to receiving bodies of water that site stormwater discharges to. Select stormwater controls to minimize and reduce identified pollutants.
- Review removal efficiency of selected stormwater control at one of the following URLs.
  - http://www.bmpdatabase.org/
- Install and locate stormwater controls on site where most effective treatment is achieved.
Solid Waste BMP 6.0
Structural Stormwater Controls

NOTE: See BMP 1.0 for generally applicable measures related to Preventative Maintenance, Training, Runoff Management, and Record Keeping and Reporting.
Solid Waste BMP 7.0
Fuel Storage and Delivery

► PURPOSE:
Prevent fuel spills and leaks, and reduce their impacts to stormwater. Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater during fueling operations and fuel storage.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING
7.01 Equipment Fueling Station Signage
• Fuel pumps intended for equipment use must be posted with prominent signs stating "No Topping Off" to prevent overflow.

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE
7.02 Install Fuel Tank Monitoring and Release Prevention Systems
• Provide appropriate monitoring for tanks containing fuel (i.e., level indicators and gauges, overfill protection with alarms, interstitial leak detection for double-walled tanks, and routine inspection/lockout for drainage valves for containment areas).
• Fuel dispensing equipment should be equipped with "breakaway" hose connections that will provide emergency shut-down of flow should the fueling connection be broken through movement.
• Automatic shut-off mechanisms should be in place on fuel tankers. These valves should remain in the closed position unless manually opened during fueling.

SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE
7.03 Preventing Pollutant Exposure When Fueling
• Avoid mobile fueling of equipment.
• Fuel equipment in designated areas, covered if possible.
• Maintain spill kits at fueling locations and on fueling tankers.
• Provide containment for fueling areas to capture the accidental release of pollutants in the event of a spill.
• Cover nearby storm drains and outlets to surface drains with spill control mats or block off with absorbent booms to prevent accidental release of pollutants in the event of a spill.

ROUTINE FACILITY INSPECTIONS
7.04 Fuel Storage and Handling Inspections
• Regularly inspect fueling areas and storage tanks. (Underground fuel storage tanks should be tested as required by federal and state laws.)

7.05 Fuel Spill Response Training
• Train employees performing fueling activities on the appropriate response procedures for fuel spills.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
• Equipment Fueling
• Fuel Storage

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
• Fuel

► KEY APPROACHES:
• Provide cover and berming or secondary containment for fueling areas
• Use absorbent materials and/or vacuum equipment for spills
• Perform and document periodic inspections
• Install proper equipment for fuel dispensing and tank monitoring to prevent spills, leaks, and overflows
• Post “No Topping Off” signs
Solid Waste BMP 7.0
Fuel Storage and Delivery

➤ APPROACH TO FUTURE FACILITIES AND UPGRADES:

DESIGN OF NEW FACILITIES AND EXISTING FACILITY UPGRADES

7.06 Design of New Facilities and Existing Facility Upgrades

- Design fueling areas to prevent the run-on of stormwater and the runoff of spills by employing the following approaches:
  - Cover the fueling area if possible.
  - Use a perimeter drain or slope the fueling area to a dead-end sump or oil/water separator.
  - Pave the fueling area with concrete rather than asphalt.
- If stormwater runoff from fueling areas is not collected, install an appropriately-sized oil/water separator. Regulatory agency approvals are required.
- Install and maintain vapor recovery systems where required and/or appropriate.
- New facilities shall be designed with leak detection, spill containment, and overfill protection in accordance with all federal regulations.
- Design facilities to include secondary containment where required and/or appropriate.

NOTE: See BMP 1.0 for generally applicable measures related to Preventative Maintenance, Training, Runoff Management, and Record Keeping and Reporting.
Spill Response Plan
for the Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Facility Emergency Contact</th>
<th>Ernest Pacheco</th>
<th>505-238-1282</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Emergency Contact</td>
<td>William Armijo</td>
<td>505-303-7589</td>
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<td>Fire/Ambulance/Police</td>
<td>Emergency</td>
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<td>Hospital</td>
<td>Presbyterian</td>
<td>505-841-1234</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Immediately call 911 in the event of fire, potential fire, or other dangerous situation

1. Isolate the Area
   Ensure Everyone is Safe

2. Isolate the Source of the Spill
   If safe, STOP the source of the spill
   Shut down all ignition sources and equipment
   Contain the source with berms, adsorbents, etc.

3. Contact Spill Response Contractor if spill is too large for CCLF to handle
   Document spill cleanup activities
   Dispose of used adsorbent material appropriately
   Decontaminate area and equipment
   Report Spill Appropriately

4. Report All Spills Greater than 5 Gallons
   Send email report to: Jake Daughertyddaugherty@cabq.gov, ImbHuhanan@cabq.gov, And MS4Compliance@cabq.gov.
   Report shall include: location, fluid spilled, volume spilled, and any important information such as soil or storm drain impacted.

Refer to SWPPP Plan for Reporting Requirements

Legend:
- ORANGE: FACILITY BOUNDARY
- LIGHT GREEN: APPROXIMATE SPILL LOCATION
- LIGHT ORANGE: STORM DRAIN INLET
- GREEN: SPILL RESPONSE MATERIALS
- LINES: VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE
- LINES: STORM DRAIN TRENCH DRAIN
- LINES: SIZE OF PROPERTY IN ACRES

Notes:
1. STORM WATER APPEARS TO DISAPPEAR FROM THE SITE ON THE NORTH SIDE OF THE PROPERTY TO A DRAINAGE CHANNEL WHICH CONVEYS EXCESS RUNOFF TO TURPINO AERIAL AT LATITUDE 35.78 AND LONGITUDE 106.69 APPROXIMATELY.
2. TIPPIE PLF ACTS AS A GENERAL MAINTENANCE AREA AND STORAGE FOR EQUIPMENT.

MATERIAL HANDLING:
- WSR ROLL OFF CONTAINERS
- METAL DEBRIS
- FLUID STORAGE AREA (2 COMPARTMENT FUEL, 1 COMPARTMENT WATER, NOT IN USE)
- BATTERY STORAGE
- OFFICE
- PORTABLE TOILET
APPENDIX F
TRAINING RECORDS
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APPENDIX G
ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES SCREENING MEMORANDUM
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May 6, 2021

To: Jake Daugherty and Michael Buchanan, Environmental Compliance Coordinators  
City of Albuquerque (COA) Solid Waste Management Department (SWMD)

Re: SWMD here in the COA Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility Documentation of Eligibility with respect to Endangered Species for Coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP 2021) for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activities

Dear Jake and Michael,

This eligibility determination is in support of the COA SWMD Notices of Intent (NOI) for coverage of the Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility (MPCC) under the MSGP 2021 for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial activity. As part of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) development for the MPCC, a review of the threatened and endangered species was performed with consideration to coverage previously held under the MSGP 2015. The purpose of this review is to verify if there are any species that have been placed on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service’s (FWS) threatened or endangered species list for the Action Area.

Using the methodology outlined in Appendix E of MSGP 2021, the MPCC has been determined eligible for coverage under Criterion C1 related to endangered species protection. The facility was eligible for Criterion C under coverage of the MSGP 2015, and has no change to the species listed, critical habitat or the facility’s action area. Supporting documentation in relation to the endangered species data collected and the assessment of the potential effects of the MPCC discharges referenced for coverage under the MSGP 2015 follow this letter.

It is essential that the Environmental Compliance Coordinators be up to date on the threatened and endangered species in the event that a discharge from the facility occurs that may affect these species. This information should be conveyed to all MPCC staff. Determination steps taken are described below:

**Step 1: Determine if Eligibility Requirements of Criterion B, D or E can be met.**

The listed Eligibility Requirements for B, D or E do not apply to the MPCC. Their activities are not covered under the eligibility certification of another operator for the action area (Criterion B). The MPCC is not eligible under Criterion D as the facility has not previously completed an Endangered Species Act (ESA) section 7 consultation. Additionally, the facility does not have a previously issued ESA section 10 permit (Criterion E).

**Step 2: Determine the Extent of the Action Area**

With the consultation of the MSGP 2015’s supporting documentation and the guidance established in Appendix E of the MSGP 2021, it was determined that the Action Area for the MPCC has not changed from the previous designation under coverage of the MSGP 2015.

**Step 3: Determine if Listed Threatened and/or Endangered Species and Critical Habitats are Present in the Action Area**

Through the consultation of the FWS online mapping tool, Information, Planning and Consultation System (IPaC) (https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/), it was confirmed that the listed threatened and endangered species and critical habitats present within the MPCC Action Area has not changed since it’s previous designation within the
coverage of the MSGP 2015. A full reference of the consultation from FWS conducted for the Action Area is attached.

**Step 4: Determine if MPCC’s Discharge or Discharge-Related Activities are likely to Adversely Affect the Listed Threatened and/or Endangered Species or Designated Critical Habitat and Any Measures That Must be Implemented to Avoid Adverse Effects**

The MPCC’s industrial activity is consistent with the criterion determination under the coverage of the MSGP 2015, and thus, it was determined that direct impact to habitats and species are unlikely for the identified threatened and endangered species and designated critical habitats. Refer to the IPaC consultation supporting documentation to confirm that the information used for coverage in the MSGP 2015 are still current.

Very truly yours,

Shannon Archuleta  
Environmental Scientist  
Weston Solutions, Inc.

Attachments

cc:  Criterion C Designation Form and Information from MSGP 2015 for Stormwater Discharge Associated with Industrial Activities

IPaC Consultation and Species List for MPCC, May 6, 2021.
In Reply Refer To: Consultation Code: 02ENNM00-2021-SLI-0951
Event Code: 02ENNM00-2021-E-02258
Project Name: 2021 MSGP SWPPP - Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

Thank you for your recent request for information on federally listed species and important wildlife habitats that may occur in your project area. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has responsibility for certain species of New Mexico wildlife under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973 as amended (16 USC 1531 et seq.), the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) as amended (16 USC 701-715), and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) as amended (16 USC 668-668c). We are providing the following guidance to assist you in determining which federally imperiled species may or may not occur within your project area and to recommend some conservation measures that can be included in your project design.

FEDERALLY-LISTED SPECIES AND DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT

Attached is a list of endangered, threatened, and proposed species that may occur in your project area. Your project area may not necessarily include all or any of these species. Under the ESA, it is the responsibility of the Federal action agency or its designated representative to determine if a proposed action "may affect" endangered, threatened, or proposed species, or designated critical habitat, and if so, to consult with the Service further. Similarly, it is the responsibility of the Federal action agency or project proponent, not the Service, to make "no effect" determinations. If you determine that your proposed action will have "no effect" on threatened or endangered species or their respective critical habitat, you do not need to seek concurrence with the Service. Nevertheless, it is a violation of Federal law to harm or harass any federally-listed threatened or endangered fish or wildlife species without the appropriate permit.

If you determine that your proposed action may affect federally-listed species, consultation with the Service will be necessary. Through the consultation process, we will analyze information contained in a biological assessment that you provide. If your proposed action is associated with
Federal funding or permitting, consultation will occur with the Federal agency under section 7(a)(2) of the ESA. Otherwise, an incidental take permit pursuant to section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA (also known as a habitat conservation plan) is necessary to harm or harass federally listed threatened or endangered fish or wildlife species. In either case, there is no mechanism for authorizing incidental take "after-the-fact." For more information regarding formal consultation and HCPs, please see the Service’s Consultation Handbook and Habitat Conservation Plans at www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/index.html#consultations.

The scope of federally listed species compliance not only includes direct effects, but also any interrelated or interdependent project activities (e.g., equipment staging areas, offsite borrow material areas, or utility relocations) and any indirect or cumulative effects that may occur in the action area. The action area includes all areas to be affected, not merely the immediate area involved in the action. Large projects may have effects outside the immediate area to species not listed here that should be addressed. If your action area has suitable habitat for any of the attached species, we recommend that species-specific surveys be conducted during the flowering season for plants and at the appropriate time for wildlife to evaluate any possible project-related impacts.

**Candidate Species and Other Sensitive Species**

A list of candidate and other sensitive species in your area is also attached. Candidate species and other sensitive species are species that have no legal protection under the ESA, although we recommend that candidate and other sensitive species be included in your surveys and considered for planning purposes. The Service monitors the status of these species. If significant declines occur, these species could potentially be listed. Therefore, actions that may contribute to their decline should be avoided.

Lists of sensitive species including State-listed endangered and threatened species are compiled by New Mexico state agencies. These lists, along with species information, can be found at the following websites:

- **Biota Information System of New Mexico (BISON-M):** www.bison-m.org
- **New Mexico State Forestry. The New Mexico Endangered Plant Program:** www.emnrd.state.nm.us/SFD/ForestMgt/Endangered.html
- **New Mexico Rare Plant Technical Council, New Mexico Rare Plants:** nmrareplants.unm.edu
- **Natural Heritage New Mexico, online species database:** nhnm.unm.edu

**WETLANDS AND FLOODPLAINS**

Under Executive Orders 11988 and 11990, Federal agencies are required to minimize the destruction, loss, or degradation of wetlands and floodplains, and preserve and enhance their natural and beneficial values. These habitats should be conserved through avoidance, or mitigated to ensure that there would be no net loss of wetlands function and value.
We encourage you to use the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) maps in conjunction with ground-truthing to identify wetlands occurring in your project area. The Service's NWI program website, www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html integrates digital map data with other resource information. We also recommend you contact the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for permitting requirements under section 404 of the Clean Water Act if your proposed action could impact floodplains or wetlands.

**MIGRATORY BIRDS**

The MBTA prohibits the taking of migratory birds, nests, and eggs, except as permitted by the Service's Migratory Bird Office. To minimize the likelihood of adverse impacts to migratory birds, we recommend construction activities occur outside the general bird nesting season from March through August, or that areas proposed for construction during the nesting season be surveyed, and when occupied, avoided until the young have fledged.

We recommend review of Birds of Conservation Concern at website www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Management/BCC.html to fully evaluate the effects to the birds at your site. This list identifies birds that are potentially threatened by disturbance and construction.

**BALD AND GOLDEN EAGLES**

The bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) was delisted under the ESA on August 9, 2007. Both the bald eagle and golden eagle (*Aquila chrysaetos*) are still protected under the MBTA and BGEPA. The BGEPA affords both eagles protection in addition to that provided by the MBTA, in particular, by making it unlawful to "disturb" eagles. Under the BGEPA, the Service may issue limited permits to incidentally "take" eagles (e.g., injury, interfering with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior nest abandonment). For information on bald and golden eagle management guidelines, we recommend you review information provided at www.fws.gov/midwest/eagle/guidelines/bgepa.html.

On our web site www.fws.gov/southwest/es/NewMexico/SBC_intro.cfm, we have included conservation measures that can minimize impacts to federally listed and other sensitive species. These include measures for communication towers, power line safety for raptors, road and highway improvements, spring developments and livestock watering facilities, wastewater facilities, and trenching operations.

We also suggest you contact the New Mexico Department of Game and Fish, and the New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department, Forestry Division for information regarding State fish, wildlife, and plants.

Thank you for your concern for endangered and threatened species and New Mexico's wildlife habitats. We appreciate your efforts to identify and avoid impacts to listed and sensitive species in your project area. For further consultation on your proposed activity, please call 505-346-2525 or email nmesfo@fws.gov and reference your Service Consultation Tracking Number.
Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- Migratory Birds
Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New Mexico Ecological Services Field Office
2105 Osuna Road Ne
Albuquerque, NM 87113-1001
(505) 346-2525
Project Summary
Consultation Code: 02ENNM00-2021-SLI-0951
Event Code: 02ENNM00-2021-E-02258
Project Name: 2021 MSGP SWPPP - Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility
Project Type: Guidance
Project Description: 3512 Los Picaros Rd SW, Albuquerque NM 87106 and flow of discharge off the facility to point of discharge to impaired waters; Documentation of Eligibility with respect to Endangered Species Coverage Under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP 2021) for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activities.

Project Location:
Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@35.0104093,-106.62905900250078,14z

Counties: Bernalillo County, New Mexico
Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 5 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office’s jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. NOAA Fisheries, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Mammals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico Meadow Jumping Mouse Zapus hudsonius luteus</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7965">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7965</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Birds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mexican Spotted Owl Strix occidentalis lucida</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8196">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8196</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Empidonax traillii extimus</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6749">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6749</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-billed Cuckoo Coccyzus americanus</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population: Western U.S. DPS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3911">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3911</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Fishes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rio Grande Silvery Minnow <em>Hybognathus amarus</em></td>
<td>Endangered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Population: Wherever found, except where listed as an experimental population

There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.

Species profile: [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1391](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1391)

**Critical habitats**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.
Migratory Birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act\(^1\) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act\(^2\).

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described below.

2. The [Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act](https://www.fws.gov/baldandeagles/) of 1940.
3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the [USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern](https://www.fws.gov/baldandeagles/) (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ below. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the [E-bird data mapping tool](https://ebird.org/) (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found below.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>BREEDING SEASON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bald Eagle <em>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</em></td>
<td>Breeds Dec 1 to Aug 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brewer's Sparrow <em>Spizella breweri</em></td>
<td>Breeds May 15 to Aug 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626)
2. [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9291](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9291)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>BREEDING SEASON</th>
<th>BREEDING SEASON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Burrowing Owl Athene cunicularia</strong></td>
<td>Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 31</td>
<td>Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA</td>
<td>Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 31</td>
<td>Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chestnut-collared Longspur Calcarius ornatus</strong></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1680">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1680</a></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Golden Eagle Aquila chrysaetos</strong></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1680">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1680</a></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gray Vireo Vireo vicinior</strong></td>
<td>Breeds May 10 to Aug 20</td>
<td>Breeds May 10 to Aug 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds May 10 to Aug 20</td>
<td>Breeds May 10 to Aug 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8680">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8680</a></td>
<td>Breeds May 10 to Aug 20</td>
<td>Breeds May 10 to Aug 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lesser Yellowlegs Tringa flavipes</strong></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679</a></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Long-billed Curlew Numenius americanus</strong></td>
<td>Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31</td>
<td>Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31</td>
<td>Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5511">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5511</a></td>
<td>Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31</td>
<td>Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Marbled Godwit Limosa fedoa</strong></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9481">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9481</a></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Olive-sided Flycatcher Contopus cooperi</strong></td>
<td>Breeds May 20 to Aug 31</td>
<td>Breeds May 20 to Aug 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds May 20 to Aug 31</td>
<td>Breeds May 20 to Aug 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3914">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3914</a></td>
<td>Breeds May 20 to Aug 31</td>
<td>Breeds May 20 to Aug 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pinyon Jay Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus</strong></td>
<td>Breeds Feb 15 to Jul 15</td>
<td>Breeds Feb 15 to Jul 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds Feb 15 to Jul 15</td>
<td>Breeds Feb 15 to Jul 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9420">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9420</a></td>
<td>Breeds Feb 15 to Jul 15</td>
<td>Breeds Feb 15 to Jul 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rufous Hummingbird selasphorus rufus</strong></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8002">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8002</a></td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
<td>Breeds elsewhere</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Virginia's Warbler** *Vermivora virginiae*
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9441

Breed May 1 to Jul 31

**Willet** *Tringa semipalmata*
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breed elsewhere

**Willow Flycatcher** *Empidonax traillii*
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3482

Breed May 20 to Aug 31

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**Probability Of Presence Summary**
The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

**Probability of Presence ( Yue)**

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.

2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.

3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.
**Breeding Season**
Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

**Survey Effort**
Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

**No Data**
A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

**Survey Timeframe**
Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>SPECIES</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>JUN</th>
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<th>SEP</th>
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<td>Bald Eagle</td>
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<td>Non-BCC Vulnerable</td>
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<td>Brewer's Sparrow</td>
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<td>Burrowing Owl</td>
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<td>Chestnut-collared Longspur</td>
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<td>Long-billed Curlew</td>
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</table>
Marbled Godwit
BCC Rangewide (CON)

Olive-sided Flycatcher
BCC Rangewide (CON)

Pinyon Jay
BCC Rangewide (CON)

Rufous Hummingbird
BCC Rangewide (CON)

Virginia's Warbler
BCC Rangewide (CON)

Willet
BCC Rangewide (CON)

Willow Flycatcher
BCC - BCR

Additional information can be found using the following links:


**Migratory Birds FAQ**

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

**Nationwide Conservation Measures** describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. **Additional measures** or **permits** may be advisory depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.
What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?
The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the Avian Knowledge Network (AKN). The AKN data is based on a growing collection of survey, banding, and citizen science datasets and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (Eagle Act requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the AKN Phenology Tool.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?
The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the Avian Knowledge Network (AKN). This data is derived from a growing collection of survey, banding, and citizen science datasets.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?
To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?
Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
2. "BCC - BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
3. "Non-BCC - Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the Eagle Act requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

**Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects**

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the [Northeast Ocean Data Portal](https://data.nos.noaa.gov/nexdata/). The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the [NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf](https://www.nos.noaa.gov/nccos/ibsc/). The project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the [Diving Bird Study](https://www.marinemammals.noaa.gov/dbs/), the [nanotag studies](http://www.marinemammals.noaa.gov/nanotag/), or contact Caleb Spiegel or Pam Loring.

**What if I have eagles on my list?**

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to [obtain a permit](https://www.fws.gov/leap) to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

**Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report**

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell
me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.
Official Species List

Provided by:
New Mexico Ecological Services Field Office
2105 OSUNA ROAD NE
ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87113
(505) 346-2525
http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/NewMexico/
http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/ES_Lists_Main2.html

Consultation Code: 02ENNM00-2016-SLI-0533
Event Code: 02ENNM00-2016-E-00560

Project Type: WATER QUALITY MODIFICATION

Project Name: Montessa Park Convenience Center SWPPP
Project Description: Montessa Park Convenience Center SWPPP eligibility determination related to endangered species.

Please Note: The FWS office may have modified the Project Name and/or Project Description, so it may be different from what was submitted in your previous request. If the Consultation Code matches, the FWS considers this to be the same project. Contact the office in the 'Provided by' section of your previous Official Species list if you have any questions or concerns.
Project Location Map:

Project Coordinates: The coordinates are too numerous to display here.

Project Counties: Bernalillo, NM
## Endangered Species Act Species List

There are a total of 5 threatened or endangered species on your species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Critical habitats listed under the **Has Critical Habitat** column may or may not lie within your project area. See the **Critical habitats within your project area** section further below for critical habitat that lies within your project. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Birds</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Has Critical Habitat</th>
<th>Condition(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mexican Spotted owl (<em>Strix occidentalis lucida</em>)</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Final designated</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population: Entire</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southwestern Willow flycatcher (<em>Empidonax traillii extimus</em>)</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Final designated</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Population: Entire</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Yellow-Billed Cuckoo (<em>Coccyzus americanus</em>)</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Proposed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population: Western U.S. DPS</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Fishes</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Rio Grande silvery minnow (<em>Hybognathus amarus</em>)</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Final designated</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population: Entire, except where listed as an experimental population</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Mammals</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>New Mexico meadow jumping mouse (<em>Zapus hudsonius luteus</em>)</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Proposed</td>
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http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac, 05/11/2016  12:05 PM
Critical habitats that lie within your project area

The following critical habitats lie fully or partially within your project area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Birds</th>
<th>Critical Habitat Type</th>
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</table>
| Yellow-Billed Cuckoo (*Coccyzus americanus*)  
Population: Western U.S. DPS | Proposed |
| Fishes | Final designated |
| Rio Grande silvery minnow (*Hybognathus amarus*)  
Population: Entire, except where listed as an experimental population | Final designated |
APPENDIX H
HISTORIC PROPERTIES PRESERVATION SCREENING MEMORANDUM
To: Jake Daugherty and Michael Buchanan, Environmental Compliance Coordinators  
City of Albuquerque (COA) Solid Waste Management Department (SWMD)

Re: City of Albuquerque Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan  
Eligibility Screening for the National Historic Preservation Act

Dear Jake and Michael,

On behalf of the City of Albuquerque (COA), Weston Solutions Inc. (Weston) presents the results of the  
determination of eligibility for the SWMD Department’s Montessa Park Convenience Center Facility, regarding  
the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), for coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP 2021) for Storm Water Discharges associated with Industrial Activity.

A search of historic places was conducted using the National Register of Historic Places Database and Research (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/nationalregister/database-research.htm) and included all historic properties located in Albuquerque, NM from 1966 to 2012. As a result of this search, there are no historic properties located within the facility or on the adjacent properties, and thus, discharges from the facility do not have the potential to influence any known historic properties. The facility does not have plans to install any new storm water control measure in the area; therefore, the facility meets the eligibility of **Criterion A**.

**Criterion A** is described as follows:

> Your storm water discharges, and allowable non-storm water discharges do not have the potential to have an effect on historic properties and you are not constructing or installing new storm water control measures on your site that cause subsurface disturbance.

Very truly yours,

Shannon Archuleta  
Environmental Scientist  
Weston Solutions, Inc.
APPENDIX I

COPY OF THE NOTICE OF INTENT, ACKNOWLEDGEMENT LETTER AND DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY LETTER
September 15, 2015

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6
Water Enforcement Branch (6EN-WC)
1445 Ross Avenue Suite 1200
Dallas, TX  75202-2733

Re:  Delegation of Signatory Authority for City of Albuquerque, National Pollutant Discharge Detection and Elimination System (NPDES) Permits

To Whom It May Concern:

As the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) of the City of Albuquerque (COA), in accordance with Federal Regulations 40 CFR 122.22(b), I hereby delegate the following positions to be Certifying Officials for the purposes of reporting under the COA’s federal permits with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. These federal permits include: (1) General Permit NMR04A000 for its Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4); (2) Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) NMR05000 for its Transit and Solid Waste Facilities and; (3) Construction General Permit (CGP) for COA public projects.

Chief Administrative Officer
- Annual Report for the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Permit
- Requests for changes to the COA’s Storm Water Management Program (SWMP)

Engineering Division Manager
- Data Monitoring Reports (DMRs) for the MS4 Permit
- Certification of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) and Annual Reports for general facilities as needed under the MSGP
- Certification of eNOIs general facilities as needed under the MSGP

Transit Director
- Data Monitoring Reports (DMRs) for Transit facilities
- Certification of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) and Annual Reports under the MSGP for Transit facilities
- Certification of eNOIs under the MSGP for Transit facilities

Solid Waste Director
- Data Monitoring Reports (DMRs) for Solid Waste Facilities
- Certification of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) and Annual Reports under the MSGP for Solid Waste Facilities
- Certification of eNOIs under the MSGP
Department of Municipal Development (DMD) Construction Management Managers

- Certification of SWPPPs for DMD and Capital Implementation Program (CIP) projects under the CGP
- Certification of eNOIs for DMD and CIP projects under the CGP

Parks & Recreation (Parks) Construction Managers, Supervisors, or Superintendents

- Certification of SWPPPs for CIP and Parks projects under the CGP
- Certification of eNOIs for CIP and Parks projects under the CGP

DMD and Parks Construction Managers, Supervisors, Superintendents, or Inspectors

- Construction Site Inspection Forms for DMD, CIP, and Parks projects under the CGP

This letter designates positions of signatory authority rather than naming specific individuals who hold the designated positions. The COA has chosen this method of delegating signatory authority to ensure consistency in meeting permit requirements during staff changes.

I understand the role and responsibilities of the COA as they relate to the MS4 permit and have selected individuals in these positions because of their understanding and knowledge of the permit requirements, including stormwater certification for construction personnel.

Best Regards,

[Signature]
Robert J. Perry
Chief Administrative Officer

Electronic cc: Wilfred Gallegos, P.E.; Director, DMD
Melissa Lozoya, P.E.; Deputy Director, DMD
Bryan Wolfe, P.E., Construction Services Division Manager, DMD
David Harrison, P.E., Construction Services Section Manager, DMD
Ron Romero, P.E., Engineering Division Manager, DMD
Ralph Saiz, Construction Manager, Parks Construction Division, DMD
Keith Reed, P.E., Deputy Director, Parks
Bruce Rizzieri, Director, Transit
John Soladay, Director, Solid Waste
Jill Holbert, Associate Director, Solid Waste
APPENDIX J

DOCUMENTATION OF MAINTENANCE TO CONTROL MEASURES
APPENDIX K
DOCUMENTATION OF CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN
APPENDIX L
SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS PLANS
APPENDIX M

REPORTS

M1 - Quarterly Routine Facility Inspections

M2 – Quarterly Visual Storm Water Assessment

M3 – EPA Industrial Storm Water Sampling Guidance

M4 – Annual Report Example

M5 – Sampling Data Reports
M1 – Quarterly Routine Facility Inspections
M2 – Quarterly Visual Storm Water Assessment
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M3 – EPA Industrial Storm Water Sampling Guidance
M4 – Annual Report Example
M5 – Sample Data Reports