City of Albuquerque
Department of Municipal Development
Street Maintenance Division

Double Eagle II Yard (Double Eagle)

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
(SWPPP)

City of Albuquerque
DMD Street Maintenance Division
Double Eagle II Yard (Double Eagle)
Double Eagle Rd
Albuquerque, NM 87120

May 2021

Created by:
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Overview of SWPPP Development and Availability

The City of Albuquerque (City) Department of Municipal Development (DMD) Street Maintenance Division owns and operates the Double Eagle II (Double Eagle) Yard. The operations of this facility are considered industrial activities that have the potential to impact storm water quality. Therefore, this facility is required to have a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. The DMD Street Maintenance Division has applied for coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity (MSGP 2021) (effective March 1, 2021). This Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is required by the MSGP 2021 and its purpose is to describe DMD Street Maintenance’s program for complying with all of the requirements in the MSGP 2021. This SWPPP is available at Double Eagle Rd in Albuquerque NM and online at: https://www.cabq.gov/municipaldevelopment/our-department/engineering/storm-water-management/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plans.
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Section 1: Facility Description and Contact Information

1.1 Facility Information

Double Eagle II Facility

Name of Facility: Department of Municipal Development, Streets Maintenance Division; Double Eagle II Street Maintenance Facility

Street: Double Eagle Rd

City: Albuquerque  State: NM  ZIP Code: 87120

County or Similar Subdivision: Bernalillo County

Permit Tracking Number: NMR05J04B (if covered under a previous permit)

Latitude/Longitude (Use one of three possible formats, and specify method):

1. 35°09'37.41" N (degrees, minutes, seconds)  1. 106°47'32.32" W (degrees, minutes, seconds)

2. _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ N (degrees, minutes, decimal)  2. _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ W (degrees, minutes, decimal)

3. _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ N (decimal)  3. _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ W (decimal)

Method for determining latitude/longitude (check one):

☐ USGS topographic map (specify scale:________)  ☐ EPA Web site  ☐ GPS

☒ Other (please specify): Google Earth Pro

Is the facility located in Indian Country?  ☐ Yes  ☒ No

If yes, name of Reservation, or if not part of a Reservation, indicate "not applicable." Not applicable

Is this facility considered a Federal Facility?  ☐ Yes  ☒ No

Estimated area of industrial activity at site exposed to storm water: 1.75 (acres)

Double Eagle II Discharge Information

Does this facility discharge storm water into an MS4?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

If yes, name of MS4 operator: The facility does not discharge.

Name(s) of water(s) that receive storm water from your facility: N/A

Are any of your discharges directly into any segment of an “impaired” water?  ☐ Yes  ☒ No

If Yes, identify name of the impaired water (and segment, if applicable): There is no direct discharge to a receiving water; however the facility is located within the Rio Grande Basin.

Identify the pollutant(s) causing the impairment: N/A

For pollutants identified, which do you have reason to believe will be present in your discharge? None

For pollutants identified, which have a completed TMDL? None

References: 1) 2020-2022 State of New Mexico Clean Water Act §303(d)/ §305(b) Integrated Report. 2) NMED Surface Water Quality Bureau list of TMDLs http://www.nmenv.state.nm.us/swqb/TMDL/List.
Do you discharge into a receiving water designated as a Tier 2 (or Tier 2.5) water? [ ] Yes  [X] No

Are any of your storm water discharges subject to effluent guidelines? [ ] Yes  [X] No

If Yes, which guidelines apply? ________________________________

Primary SIC Code or 2-letter Activity Code: 4173

Identify your applicable sector and subsector: Sector P – Land Transportation And Warehousing, Subsector P1-Motor Freight Transportation and Warehouse

1.2 Contact Information/Responsible Parties

Facility Owner/Operator:
City of Albuquerque Department of Municipal Development
1 Civic Plaza, Room 7057
Albuquerque, NM 87103
Patrick Montoya
(505) 768-3830

SWPPP Primary Contact:
Joseph Olona
(505) 767-5602
jolona@cabq.gov

SWPPP Secondary Contact:
Dave Harrison
(505) 238-4158
dsharrison@cabq.gov

Spill Response Plan:
Refer to Appendix E

Signage is to be posted where publicly visible with the contact information for the facility and the associated representative from EPA Region 6. The signage will also indicate where this SWPPP can be found publicly.

1.3 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Team (PPT)

The storm water pollution prevention team (PPT) is comprised of representatives from the City’s DMD Street Maintenance. The responsibility of the PPT is to oversee development of the SWPPP and for implementing and maintaining control measures and taking corrective actions when required. A list of PPT members and contact information is provided in Appendix A. A summary of PPT members’ responsibilities follows.

- DMD Street Maintenance Division Manager (PPT Leader) - Responsibilities include SWPPP development and management, facility inspections, storm water monitoring, annual training, EPA annual reporting, NOI submission, spill response and reporting, evaluation of spill data to identify preventative measures, etc.
PPT Members - Responsibilities include NOI submission, implementation of the SWPPP, quarterly inspections, annual training, implementation of best management practices (BMPs), spill response and reporting, etc.

Each PPT member is provided an electronic copy of the SWPPP and MSGP 2021. It is the responsibility of the PPT members to maintain their copy of the SWPPP and ensure its completeness and availability and to fully implement the procedures and best management practices (BMPs). Appendix A shall be updated periodically to reflect changes in personnel.

The MSGP 2021 is included as Appendix B of this SWPPP.

1.4 Activities at the Facility
The Double Eagle facility is a salt storage yard and hosts road salt, ice slicer, and a salt cinder mixture. The facility also hosts vehicle and equipment storage. The ice slicer is a mixture of sodium chloride, potassium chloride, magnesium chloride and calcium chloride. The salt is used as a deicer for the City streets and sidewalks during the winter months. The industrial activity performed at the facility include the loading/unloading of the salt, salt cinder mix, and ice slicer.

1.5 General Location Map
The general location of Double Eagle is presented in Figure 1 of Appendix C. The layout of the facility is shown on Figure 2 of Appendix C. The figure includes the direction of storm water flow, outfall locations (also referred to herein as “storm water monitoring points” or “storm water drainage points”), and illustration of areas covered by this SWPPP.

1.6 Site Maps
As required in Section 6.2.2.3 of the MSGP 2021, the figures located in Appendix C include the items listed below.

- Site Plan Figures
  - Boundary of the property and size in acres
  - Location and extent of significant structures and impervious surfaces (evident on aerial photograph)
- Drainage Plan Figures
  - Directions of storm water flow
  - Locations of all existing structural storm water control measures
  - Locations of all storm water conveyances including ditches, pipes, and swales
  - Processing and storage areas
- Activity Plans Include:
  - Locations of potential pollutant sources identified under MSGP 2021, Part 6.23.2
  - Locations of the following activities where such activities are exposed to precipitation:
    - Loading/unloading areas
    - Machinery
- Non-Storm Water Discharges and Recent Spills Figure

If identified, the following items shall be located as appropriate:

- Locations and descriptions of all non-storm water discharges identified under MSGP 2021, Part 1.2.2.1

- Locations where significant spills or leaks identified under MSGP 2021, Part 6.2.3.3 have occurred.

- Not Applicable – The following are not applicable as they are not in existence at Double Eagle

  - Immediate access roads and rail lines used or traveled by carriers of raw materials, manufactured products, waste material, or by-products used or created by the facility.

  - Locations of all receiving waters in the immediate vicinity of the Double Eagle.

  - Locations and sources of run-on to the site from adjacent property that contains significant quantities of pollutants.

  - Locations of all storm water monitoring points

  - Locations of storm water drainage points, with a unique identification code for each drainage point

  - Municipal separate storm sewer systems, where your storm water discharges to them.

  - Vehicle and equipment maintenance and/or cleaning areas

  - Locations used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of wastes
Section 2: Potential Pollutant Sources

2.1 Industrial Activity and Associated Pollutants

Table 1 describes industrial activities performed at Double Eagle and the potential pollutants associated with them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industrial Activity</th>
<th>Associated Potential Pollutants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Building and Grounds Maintenance</td>
<td>Ice slicer, cinder, salt, and salt/cinder mixture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle and Equipment Storage</td>
<td>Motor oil and hydraulic fluid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 Spills and Leaks

Table 2 summarizes locations within Double Eagle where spills have occurred in the past three years.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Outfalls</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>No Spills or Leaks Reported in the Last 3 Years.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The spill locations are identified on Figure 2 of Appendix C. If such a major spill or leak should occur in the future, they will be identified in this section of the SWPPP and shown on Figure 2 of Appendix C.

**Reporting Process:** All operators will report spills greater than 5 gallons to the Division Manager. The following information must be reported:

- Date and time
- Responsible party
- Fluid type and quantity
- Spill location and surface (concrete, asphalt, soil)
- Brief description of activity causing spill

The Division Manager will follow up and notify operator if any additional local, state, or federal reporting is required.

2.3 Non-Storm Water Discharges Documentation

*Date of evaluation: May 10, 2021*

*Description of the evaluation criteria used:*

Double Eagle was visually assessed, photographed, and documented. The summary reports of the evaluation are included in Appendix D. Permissible non-storm water discharges permissible under this SWPPP include:

- Discharges from firefighting activity,
2.4 Salt Storage

Salt, ice slicer, and a salt cinder mixture is stored at the facility. All potential contaminants are contained within a self-sustained berm that is built to not discharge from site. The ice slicer is a mixture of sodium chloride, potassium chloride, magnesium chloride, and calcium chloride. The salt is used as a deicer for City streets and sidewalks during winter months.

2.5 Sampling Data Summary

Double Eagle does not discharge from site. Sampling storm water is not required for the site.
Section 3: Storm Water Control Measures

Storm water controls at Double Eagle are instituted in the form of BMPs designed to address activities that are potential sources of storm water pollution. Each BMP outlines measures designed to reduce the potential for storm water pollution. There are currently five BMPs implemented at Double Eagle. The BMPs are listed in Table 3 and presented in their entirety in Appendix E.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material Processing &amp; Maintenance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BMP-1 General BMPs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-7 Building and Grounds Maintenance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage and Material Processing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BMP-5 Outdoor Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Waste and Materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storm Water Control Structures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BMP-4 Vehicle and Equipment Storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMP-8 Structural Storm Water Controls</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.1 Minimize Exposure

The following practices are followed to minimize the exposure of stormwater to potential sources of pollution:

- Materials are stored under cover, in containers (i.e., tanks), or in storm-resistant sheds when possible;

- Clean up spills and leaks promptly using dry methods (e.g., adsorbents) to prevent the discharge of pollutants;

- Store leaky vehicles and equipment indoors or, if stored outdoors, use drip pans and adsorbents;
PPT members are required to inspect their facilities on a quarterly basis to ensure exposure to pollutants is minimal.

The facility has been designed to retain drainage waters on-site, thereby providing optimal stormwater protection.

### 3.2 Good Housekeeping

Good Housekeeping is an ongoing effort by Double Eagle. Measures designed to maintain a safe, clean, and orderly work environment can also be tailored to provide storm water prevention. Good housekeeping practices also reduce the potential for accidental spills caused by the mishandling of materials.

Good housekeeping practices implemented at the facility include the following items:

- Work areas, including equipment and material storage areas, are routinely inspected for conditions that could contaminate runoff.

- All packages and materials are properly labeled to show the name and type of material or substance when applicable.

- Staff monitor the property and remove any trash that may be present.
  - Employees are trained in the proper clean-up and disposal of spill clean-up materials and other contaminated soils.

- Equipment and material storage areas are kept orderly and are inspected on a regular basis.

- Annual training is provided for employees of all City of Albuquerque Facilities that have a SWPPP. The training provides an overview of good housekeeping practices.

### 3.3 Maintenance

Maintenance is required to be performed on all control measures used to minimize pollutant discharges. The maintenance activities for this facility include the following:

- Ensuring the berms are not degraded

- Ensuring personnel are properly trained.

According to good housekeeping practices the routine maintenance should be performed to prevent spills and leaks from occurring. During quarterly routine facility inspections, PPT members inspect all of the berms to ensure they are in good repair. There are no stormwater drainage systems, baghouses, catch basins, treatment system or other systems that would require maintenance at this facility. Facility wide maintenance records for the Double Eagle II Street Maintenance facility over the past three years are kept in Appendix J of this SWPPP.
3.4 Spill Prevention and Response
The following spill prevention and response measures have been implemented at the facility:

- Materials that could be susceptible to spillage or leakage are not stored onsite (e.g., only salt, ice slicer [a solid] and a salt cinder mix are stored);
- Procedures for material storage and handling have been established;
- Portable toilets are to be secured with stakes to prevent pollutants from contaminating storm water discharge;
- Training on the procedures for expeditiously stopping, containing, and cleaning up releases is conducted. As appropriate, procedures are executed as soon as possible; and
- Appropriate facility personnel are notified when a release occurs.

A Spill Response Plan is included as **Appendix E**. The Double Eagle II Street Maintenance facility does not meet the requirements to have a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan.

Spill prevention and response procedures are assessed on a quarterly basis for any updates and personnel changes that might affect preventative measures and the efficiency in responding to a spill or release.

3.5 Erosion and Sediment Controls
All surfaces at Double Eagle are paved with asphalt or concrete. The earthen containment berms of the facility shall be evaluated for erosion as part of the quarterly routine inspections. Any significant findings shall be reported to the City Storm Drainage Design Office. Storm water management structures are outlined in BMP 8.

3.6 Management of Runoff
Run-on and runoff are managed by the earthen containment berm. As a result, there are no outfalls at Double Eagle. Any storm water contained within the berms, where it collects in the middle of the facility and is allowed to evaporate into the atmosphere.

3.7 Salt Storage Piles or Piles Containing Salt
Three salt piles are present at the facility. Road salt, ice slicer, and a salt and cinder mixture are segregated into three piles. The salt piles are not covered but contained by a berm. Refer to **Section 2.1** herein for more details regarding salt storage.

3.8 MSGP Sector-Specific Non-Numeric Effluent Limits
The Double Eagle Facility is not subject to Effluent Limitations.
3.9 Employee Training

The SWPPP PPT Leader is responsible for providing training to Double Eagle employees regarding the components and goals of this SWPPP. The City now has SWPPP training available online via the Public Service University (PSU). Employees who work in areas where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water, or who are responsible for implementing activities to meet the conditions of the MSPGP 2021 are required to have appropriate Storm Water Pollution Prevention training.

Training will be provided to Double Eagle employees by qualified trainers at least annually, with additional training made available as required for new hires. Elements to be included in the training sessions include the following:

- Purpose, need, and requirement for storm water pollution prevention;
- Examples of unallowable non-storm water discharges;
- Availability, layout, and contents of the SWPPP;
- Description and applicability of the BMPs;
- Good housekeeping and preventative maintenance requirements;
- Material management practices;
- Spill response procedures;
- Spill reporting requirements;
- Corrective action reporting;
- Used oil and spent solvent management;
- Fueling procedures;
- Proper painting procedures;
- Used battery management;
- Documentation requirements; and
- Notice of Intent (NOI) submission (when applicable).

All training events are documented including the date of training, identification of the trainer and attendees, and subjects covered. Training records for DMD Street Maintenance’s train-the-trainer session shall be included in Appendix F of this SWPPP.

**Reporting Process:** Following each training session, DMD Street Maintenance will distribute training certificates by email to all staff and PPT members that attend training and submit a training assessment.
3.10 Non-Storm Water Discharges

An evaluation of non-storm water discharges was performed as described in Section 2.3 Non-Storm Water Discharges Documentation. No non-storm water discharges were identified during the evaluation. If any future non-storm water discharges are observed at the facility, details of the discharge must be logged on the form in Appendix D and included on the Site Plan (Figure 2 of Appendix C).

3.11 Waste, Garbage and Floatable Debris

Any waste generated from Double Eagle activities shall be properly disposed of as outlined in BMP 5.0. General operations at the facility does not result in the generation of waste or garbage. The most likely source of debris would be from truck cabs when doors are opened on a windy day.

Double Eagle is responsible for controlling solid waste within their property. Good housekeeping by all employees at the facility helps to reduce the potential for waste, garbage and floatable debris from becoming potential storm water pollutants.

3.12 Dust Generation

All driving surfaces at the site are paved. Tracking of materials is limited as few vehicles enter and leave the site. Low driving speeds are adhered to at all times. Operational history at the site indicates that the salt materials are not tracked from the facility when trucks exit the facility after loading. Tire washes or brushes are not necessary to minimize tracking.
Section 4: Schedules and Procedures

4.1 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Control Measures
Schedules and procedures pertaining to control measures are discussed in Section 3 Storm Water Control Measures. Detailed procedures are provided in the form of BMPs included in Appendix E.

4.2 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Inspections
During normal facility operating hours inspections of areas of the facility covered by the requirements in this permit are conducted, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Areas where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water;
- Areas identified in the SWPPP and those that are potential pollutant sources (see Part 6.2.3 MSGP 2021);
- Areas where spills and leaks have occurred in the past three years;
- Discharge points; and
- Control measures used to comply with the effluent limits contained in this permit.

During the inspection, the inspector will examine or look out for the following:

- Industrial materials, residue or trash that may have or could come into contact with storm water;
- Leaks or spills from industrial equipment, drums, tanks and other containers;
- Offsite tracking of industrial or waste materials, or sediment where vehicles enter or exit the site;
- Tracking or blowing of raw, final or waste materials from areas of no exposure to exposed areas;
- Erosion of soils at the facility, channel and streambank erosion and scour in the immediate vicinity of discharge points (see Part 2.1.2.5 MSGP 2021);
- Non authorized non-storm water discharges (see Part 2.1.2.9 MSGP 2021);
- Control measures needing replacement, maintenance, or repair.

During an inspection occurring during a storm water event or discharge, control measures implemented to comply with effluent limits must be observed to ensure they are functioning correctly. Discharge points must also be observed during this inspection. If such discharge locations are inaccessible, nearby downstream locations must be inspected. If any non-compliant issues are identified during these inspections, the corrective action schedule outlined in Section 4.4 of this SWPPP will be implemented and the SWPPP will be reviewed to determine if modifications are necessary to meet the requirements of the MSGP 2021.

Further procedures for routine facility inspections are provided in Section 5.1 herein.

Schedule
Routine facility inspections will be conducted at least once per annual quarter during the entire permit term, or in some instances more frequently (e.g., monthly). At least once each calendar year, the inspection will be conducted during a period when storm water discharge is occurring.
4.3 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Monitoring

4.3.1 Quarterly Visual Storm Water Assessment
The Double Eagle facility does not discharge, and thus, Quarterly Visual Storm Water Assessments are not required.

4.3.2 State- or Tribal-Specific Monitoring
None required.

4.3.3 Indicator Monitoring.
The Double Eagle facility does not discharge, and thus, Indicator Monitoring is not required.

4.3.4 Benchmark Monitoring
Sector P has no benchmark monitoring requirements in the MSGP.

4.3.5 Impaired Waters Monitoring
The Double Eagle facility does not discharge, and thus Impaired Waters Monitoring is not required.

4.3.6 Substantially Identical Discharge Point Exception
There are no substantially identical discharge points at Double Eagle.

4.4 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Corrective Action

When any of the following conditions occur or are detected during and inspection, monitoring or other means, or if EPA or the Operator of the MS4 through which you discharge informs you that any of the following conditions have occurred, the SWPPP must be reviewed and revised, as appropriate, to minimize pollutant discharge:

- An unauthorized release or discharge (e.g., spill, leak or discharge of non-storm water not authorized by this or another NPDES permit to a water of the United States) occurs at the facility;
- The established storm water control measures are not stringent enough for the storm water discharge to be controlled as necessary such that the receiving water of the United States will meet applicable water quality standards;
- A required control measure was not installed or installed correctly, or is not being properly
operated or maintained, and/or;

- A visual assessment shows evidence of storm water pollution (e.g., color odor, floating solids, settled solids, suspended solids, foam).

If construction or a change in design, operation, or maintenance at Double Eagle occurs that significantly changes the nature of pollutants discharged via storm water from the facility, or significantly increases the quantity of pollutants discharged, this SWPPP must be reviewed to determine if modifications are necessary to meet the requirements of the MSGP 2021.

When an inspection, monitoring event, or other site observation reveals a condition that may result in storm water pollution, the following corrective action schedule must be implemented:

1. **Immediate Actions – Within 24 Hours**
   a. Minimize or prevent the discharge of pollutants until a permanent solution is implemented.
   b. Cleanup any contaminated surfaces so that material will not discharge in subsequent storm events.
   c. Document the conditions observed. Documentation should include:
      1) Condition triggering the corrective action
         a) For spills include material, volume, reason causing the release
      2) Date/time
      3) Location
      4) Description of immediate actions taken
         a) For spills include response actions, date/time cleanup completed, notifications made, and staff involved.
      5) Signature of an individual with signatory authority.

2. **Subsequent Actions – Within 14 Days**
   a. Install or modify a control measure to prevent continued or reoccurring discharge.
   b. Notify the Storm Water Inspector in writing of what actions were taken (MS4Compliance@cabq.gov).
   c. Place written documentation in the corrective action section of the operating SWPPP (**Appendix K**). Documentation should include:
      1) Description of corrective actions taken with beginning and end dates.
      2) If applicable, document why it is not feasible to have corrective action installation within 14 days and the schedule for completing the controls and making them operational.
4.5 Schedules and Procedures Pertaining to Annual Reporting

The *MSGP 2021* requires an annual report be submitted through the NPDES eReporting Tool (NeT) by January 30th of each year of permit coverage containing information generated from the past calendar year.

*Appendix L* includes an example annual report form. This report form is included in this SWPPP for reference only; the actual annual report must be submitted through EPA’s NeT system which is accessed through the EPA’s central Data Exchange website at https://cdx.epa.gov/.

Annual reports shall include a summary of the previous year’s routine facility inspections, visual monthly storm water monitoring and any other required storm water monitoring, corrective actions, and documentation.
Section 5: Inspections

Inspections, conducted at the Double Eagle facility, are documented on standardized inspection forms. Forms will be updated to reflect the current conditions at each facility as required. All completed inspection forms and associated reports will be attached to this SWPPP in the Reports Section (Appendix L). Two types of inspections that are conducted at the facility include Routine Facility Inspections and Quarterly Visual Assessment Inspections of Storm water Discharges.

5.1 Routine Facility Inspections

Routine Facility Inspections must document the findings of the facility inspections and maintain this report (Appendix L). The inspection findings must be summarized in the annual report per Part 7.4 of the 2021 MSGP. Document all findings, including but not limited to, the following documentation:

- The inspection date and time;
- The name(s) and signature(s) of the inspector(s);
- Weather information;
- All observations relating to the implementation of control measures at the facility, including:
  - A description of any discharges occurring at the time of the inspection;
  - Any previously unidentified discharges from and/or pollutants at the site;
  - Any evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system;
  - Observations regarding the physical condition of and around all drainage points, including any flow dissipation devices, and evidence of pollutants in discharges and/or the receiving water;
  - Any control measures needing maintenance, repairs, or replacement;
- Any additional control measures needed to comply with the permit requirements;
- Any incidents of noncompliance; and
- A signed, dated and certified statement.

Specific areas of the facility to be inspected include:

- Fuel storage and dispensing areas;
- Outdoor materials handling and storage areas;
- Areas where spills and leaks have occurred in the past three years;
- Storage areas for vehicle/equipment awaiting maintenance;
- Maintenance areas;
- Maintenance fluid storage areas;
- Loading/unloading areas.
- Fueling areas;
- Loading/unloading areas; and
- Vehicle/equipment cleaning areas.

Include quarterly discharge visual assessments performed during the facility inspection results of the assessment with the report required in MSGP 2021 Part 3.2, as long as all components of both types of inspections are included in the report.
Section 6: Documentation to Support Eligibility Considerations under Other Federal Laws

6.1 Documentation Regarding Endangered Species.
In accordance with the requirements of MSGP 2021, an eligibility screening was performed with regards to endangered species. The eligibility screening followed the procedures outlined in Appendix E of the MSGP 2021. The Double Eagle was found to be eligible for coverage under the MSGP with respect to endangered species under Criterion C3.

The evaluation of eligibility can be found in Appendix G of this SWPPP and contains a memorandum describing the eligibility screening process and findings.

6.2 Documentation Regarding Historic Properties
In accordance with the requirements of MSGP 2021, an eligibility screening was performed with regards to historic properties. The eligibility screening followed the procedures outlined in Appendix F of the MSGP 2021. Appendix H of this SWPPP contains a memorandum describing the eligibility screening process and findings. The Double Eagle facility was found to be eligible for coverage under the MSGP with respect to historic properties under Criterion A.

6.3 Documentation Regarding NEPA Review (if applicable)
Double Eagle is not subject to any New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) as described in Section 1, Table 1-1 of the MSGP 2021; therefore, NEPA process review is not required.
Section 7: SWPPP Certification

7.1 Person(s) Responsible for SWPPP Preparation

The SWPPP shall be prepared in accordance with good engineering practices and to industry standards. The SWPPP was developed by a “qualified person” as defined by the MSGP 2021. A “qualified person” is a person knowledgeable in the principles and practices of industrial storm water controls and pollution prevention and possesses the education and ability to assess conditions at the industrial facility that could impact storm water quality, and the education and ability to assess the effectiveness of storm water controls selected and installed to meet the requirements of the permit.

Name               David "Sonny" Cooper, P.E.               Title               Project Manager

Signature          Digitally signed by David Cooper

Date: 2021.05.26 19:38:02 -06'00'

Date               5/26/2021
7.2 SWPPP Certification

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information contained therein. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information contained is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name  DAVID S. HARRISON  Title  ENGINEERING DIVISION MANAGER
Signature  

Date  5-27-21
## Section 8: SWPPP Modifications

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SWPPP Appendices

Attach the following documentation to the SWPPP:

- **Appendix A**  Pollution Prevention Team Members
- **Appendix B**  Multi-Sector General Permit 2021
- **Appendix C**  Figures
  
  *Figure No. 1 Double Eagle General Location Map*
  
  *Figure No. 2 Double Eagle Site, Drainage and Activities Plan*
- **Appendix D**  Evaluation of Non-Storm Water Discharges
- **Appendix E**  Best Management Practices and Spill Response Plan
- **Appendix F**  Training Records
- **Appendix G**  Endangered and Threatened Species Screening Memorandum
- **Appendix H**  Historic Properties Preservation Screening Memorandum
- **Appendix I**  Copy of the Notice of Intent, Acknowledgement Letter and Delegation of Authority Letter
- **Appendix J**  Documentation of Maintenance to Control Measures
- **Appendix K**  Documentation of Corrective Action Taken
- **Appendix L**  Reports
  
  *L1 – Quarterly Routine Facility Inspections*
  
  *L2 – Annual Report Example*
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APPENDIX A

POLLUTION PREVENTION TEAM MEMBERS
Appendix A

City of Albuquerque – Department of Municipal Development; Street Maintenance Division

Double Eagle II Facility

Pollution Prevention Team Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Facility Name</th>
<th>Contact</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
<th>Address</th>
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<tr>
<td>Municipal Development</td>
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<td>Streets</td>
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<td>Secondary Contact</td>
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<td>87120</td>
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<td>Municipal Development</td>
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<td>Dave Harrison</td>
<td>Division Manager</td>
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<td><a href="mailto:dsharrison@cabq.gov">dsharrison@cabq.gov</a></td>
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APPENDIX B
MULTI-SECTOR GENERAL PERMIT 2021

https://www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater-discharges-industrial-activities-epas-2021-msgp
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APPENDIX C
FIGURES

Figure No. 1 Double Eagle General Location Map

Figure No. 2 Double Eagle Site, Drainage and Activities Plan
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NOTES:
1. THE AREA IS SELF CONTAINED, NO RECEIVING WATER.
2. SALT, CINDER, AND ICE SLICER ON PREMISES.

MATERIAL HANDLING
1. SALT
2. SALT/CINDER MIX
3. ICE SLICER
APPENDIX D

EVALUATION OF NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES
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Memorandum

To: Kathy Verhage, P.E., Senior Engineer  
City of Albuquerque, Storm Drainage Design

From: Shannon Archuleta

Date: May 26, 2021

Subject: 2021 Evaluation of Non-Storm Water Discharges at the Double Eagle II Yard (Double Eagle)

Weston Solutions Inc. (Weston), on behalf of the City of Albuquerque (City) Storm Water Management Section, performed a visual assessment at the Double Eagle for the presence of non-storm water discharges as described in the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP). Weston performed the visual assessment at Double Eagle on May 10, 2021 for the presence of non-storm water discharges and facility updates. Photographs documenting the assessment are provided in Attachment 1. No non-storm water discharges were observed during the assessment.

Attachments

Attachment 1 – Photograph Log
City of Albuquerque
DMD Street Maintenance Division
Double Eagle II Yard

Site Visit Performed in May 2021

Created by:

WESTON SOLUTIONS®
Vehicle and Equipment Storage

Salt Pile
Salt/Cinder Mix Pile

Salt/Cinder Mix Pile
Cinder Pile

Cinder Pile

SWPPP Photo Log
City of Albuquerque – DMD Street Maintenance; Arroyo Maintenance
May 2021
Salt Pile

Materials located on contained berm; no discharge from site.
APPENDIX E
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND SPILL RESPONSE PLAN
City of Albuquerque – DMD Street Maintenance Division

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

Best Management Practices

for the

Double Eagle II Yard Facility

Contents:

BMP 1.0 – General Best Management Practices
BMP 4.0 – Vehicle and Equipment Storage
BMP 5.0 – Outdoor Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Waste and Materials
BMP 7.0 – Building and Grounds Maintenance
BMP 8.0 – Structural Storm Water Controls

Prepared by:

CDM Smith

Updated by:

WESTON SOLUTIONS
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**BMP 1.0**

**Facility-Wide Best Management Practices**

**PURPOSE:**

Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from all industrial operations with potential to impact storm water.

**APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:**

**GOOD HOUSEKEEPING**

1.01 General

- Maintain exposed areas in a clean and orderly manner.
- Take necessary steps to prevent pollutants from contacting storm water.

1.02 Clean Exterior Equipment Surfaces

- Keep exterior surfaces of vehicles, equipment, and containers clean by eliminating excessive amounts of external oil and grease buildup.
- Use water-based cleaning agents or non-chlorinated solvents to clean equipment, and collect and properly dispose of cleaning fluids.
- Use drum-top absorbent pads to contain small leaks.

1.03 Recycle, Reduce, and Reuse

- Identify opportunities to recycle, reclaim, and/or reuse materials to reduce the volume of materials brought in to the facility and reduce the volume of waste.
- Materials that may be recycled or reused include used oil, grease, antifreeze, brake fluid, solvents, hydraulic fluid, batteries, transmission fluid, washwater, and waste fuel.

1.04 Product Substitution

- Use biodegradable products and substitute materials with less hazardous properties where feasible.

1.05 Limit Material Inventory

- Limit inventory of materials stored on-site to reduce the magnitude of potential spills and waste generation.

**MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF POLLUTANTS TO STORM WATER**

1.06 Storm-Resistant Shelters

- Where practicable, industrial materials and activities should be protected by a storm-resistant shelter to prevent exposure.

**PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE**

1.07 Maintain As-built Drawings

- Maintain as-built prints for all projects.
**BMP 1.0**

*Facility-Wide Best Management Practices*

---

1.08 **Design for Pollution Prevention**

- Work with design and construction project managers to incorporate storm water management features into project design.
- Evaluate existing facilities for opportunities to improve functionality and efficiency, and decrease the potential for storm water pollution.
- Features may include:
  - Appropriate surface grading
  - Containment and/or cover
  - Storm water quality structures (e.g., oil/water separators, dead-end sumps, first flush diversion basins)
  - Use of concrete paving rather than asphalt
  - Fluid recycling systems
  - Waste repositories
  - Other control measures to eliminate potential material exposure to storm water

**SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE**

1.09 **Spill Response Plans**

- Post the plan in a visible location within each work area where spills are likely to occur.
- Develop and implement a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan, if required under guidelines set forth in 40 CFR, Section 112.3.

1.10 **Maintain Spill Response Equipment and Supplies**

- Maintain adequate supplies of spill response equipment and materials in accessible locations near areas where spills may be likely to occur, including on appropriate vehicles (maintenance vehicles) that may be likely to respond to or be involved in an incident.

1.11 **Spill Containment and Response**

- Immediately clean up all spills and leaks.
- Report all spills in accordance with facility specific spill response plan.
- Use drip pans to contain leaks and absorbent booms, mats, or other devices to contain liquid materials (washwater, fuel, etc.) and prevent them from entering the storm drain system.

1.12 **Procedures for Cleaning Up Spills and Leaks**

- Use absorbent materials and spill control equipment for temporary and immediate control of spills and leaks of liquid materials.
- Absorbent materials can be used in conjunction with curbing to provide cleanup of small spills within a containment area.
- Collect and remove absorbent materials from area soon after use and dispose of in an appropriate manner.
- Do not hose down the area unless the storm drain is blocked and drainage is collected and disposed of through a permitted connection to the sanitary sewer.
BMP 1.0
Facility-Wide Best Management Practices

- Hazardous waste spill response must be consistent with 40 CFR 264 and 265 (RCRA).

1.13 Disposal of Collected Fluids
- Properly dispose of any collected fluids (e.g., spill fluids, or fluids collected in fuel tanks, fueling hydrant sumps, oil/water separators, etc.) according to applicable regulations.
- Vacuum equipment/trucks are recommended for collection. Always dispose of materials in an approved manner; use an approved treatment facility through a permitted connection.
- Never discharge materials to a catch basin or storm drain.

1.14 Minimizing Exposure
- Where practicable, industrial materials and activities will be protected by a storm resistant shelter to prevent exposure to rain or runoff.

ROUTINE FACILITY INSPECTIONS

1.15 Activity Inspections
- Perform frequent activity inspections to identify and eliminate non-storm water discharges.
- Stagger inspection times to cover all work periods.

1.16 Storm Drain Inlet Inspections
- Perform quarterly visual inspections of discharge points into the storm drain system.
- Identify any non-storm water discharges, sediment, debris, or other potential contaminants that may be entering the storm drain system.

1.17 Inspections for Facility Upgrades
- Perform inspections during design review and project construction phases to ensure drainage, wastewater, and water supply connections are correct (no cross connections or illicit hookups).

1.18 Illicit Connections Inspections
- Perform construction phase, post-construction, and existing facility inspections to identify improper physical connections to the storm drain system from sanitary sewers, floor drains, industrial process discharge lines, and wash racks.

EMPLOYEE/CONTRACTOR TRAINING

1.19 General Employee Training
Provide the appropriate level of employee training in the following areas:
- Land transportation and warehousing environmental policies and procedures,
- Spill response and prevention,
- Storm water pollution prevention education,
- Right-to-know awareness training, and
- Hazardous materials management.
1.20 Storm Water Training
- Provide annual storm water management training as required in the MSGP-2015, Part 2.1.2.8.
- Incorporate required elements in training program and maintain a log of employee attendance.

1.21 Contractor Education
- Provide construction and operational contractors and haulers with copies of pertinent BMPs.
- Require contractor/hauler adherence to BMP specifications.
- Provide contractors and subcontractors with copies of relevant BMPs during specification and bidding phases.

1.22 SPCC Training
- Provide adequate implementation training for facilities with a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan, if required, developed under guidelines set forth in 40 CFR 112.3.

**Management of Storm Water Runoff**

1.23 Outdoor Water Supplies
- Limit availability of outdoor water supplies.
- Post signs at outdoor water sources identifying appropriate uses and discouraging uses that would introduce pollutants to the storm drain system/receiving waters.

**Recordkeeping and Reporting**

1.24 Comply with Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements of the MSGP
- The record keeping and reporting requirements contained in the MSGP should be followed.
BMP 4.0
Vehicle and Equipment Storage

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from outdoor storage areas (i.e., fuels, chemicals, bagged material on pallets, soils or asphalt material bulk storage, etc.).

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

4.01 Vehicles and Equipment Storage
- Use drip pans or specially-designed absorbent pads to contain releases.
- Repair leaks in an expeditious manner.
- Store vehicles and equipment in an area established to contain any incidental leaks and under cover, if possible.
- For long term storage (>30 days), remove fluids and salvage batteries (which often drip oil and other fluids).
- Clean oil, grease or chemical residue off exterior surfaces prior to long term storage.
- Store vehicles and equipment away from curbs, gutters and storm drains.

4.02 Temporary Parking of Tanker Trucks and Materials Transport Vehicles
- Designate areas for parking tanker trucks and material transport vehicles where spills and leaks can be contained and cleaned.
- Use covered loading and unloading areas for transfer of potential pollutants (especially liquid materials), such as building overhangs, to reduce exposure of materials, vehicles, and equipment to storm water.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Fuel, Chemical, Equipment Storage

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- Fuel, Oils, Grease
- Solvents
- Hydraulic Fluid
- Soaps, Detergents

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Store materials indoors or under cover
- Store drums, containers on pallets
- Provide berming or secondary containment
- Drain fluids before storage
- Perform and document periodic inspections
- Designate storage areas away from storm drains
APPRAISAL TO FUTURE FACILITIES AND UPGRADES:

DESIGN OF NEW FACILITIES AND EXISTING FACILITY UPGRADES

- Require the use of appropriate water quality control structures for fuel and chemical storage areas such as detention/retention basins and sumps.
- Develop appropriate minimum performance standards for these water quality control structures and implement a reporting program to monitor the performance and maintenance of these structures.
- Chemical, fuel, and oil dispensing areas should be covered, if possible.
- Develop standard guidelines for the management of storm water which collects in secondary containment areas.

NOTE: See BMP 1.0 for generally applicable measures related to Preventative Maintenance, Training, Runoff Management, and Record Keeping and Reporting.
BMP 5.0
Outdoor Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Waste and Materials

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from loading and unloading of material. Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from waste handling and disposal by tracking waste generation, storage, and disposal; reducing waste generation and disposal through source reduction, re-use, and recycling; and preventing run-on and runoff from waste management areas, including garbage collection areas.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

**Good Housekeeping**

5.01 Material and Waste Handling
- Transfer, use, and store liquid materials only in paved areas.
- Designate central storage locations where materials are contained (i.e., curbing, secondary containment, etc.) and covered to prevent contact with storm water runoff and to reduce the risks of accidental spills.
- Segregate wastes to improve handling and promote recycling.

5.02 Dispensing Liquids
- Dispensing materials from upright drums equipped with hand pumps is preferred.
- Avoid dispensing from drums positioned horizontally in cradles.
- Always use secondary containment and self-closing spigots if dispensing from horizontally positioned drums.

5.03 Signage for Storage Locations
- Post signs at all storage locations in clearly visible locations noting the materials stored, emergency contacts, and spill cleanup procedures.

5.04 Containers and Container Labeling
- Store all materials sealed in their original containers or containers approved for that use.
- Clearly label all containers with contents to prevent co-mingling of materials, storage of incompatibles, and improper handling, and to promote proper material handling and storage.
- Utilize required labeling procedures for storage of all hazardous wastes.
- Identify and properly dispose of all unlabeled and unknown materials.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:

- Fuel Storage
- Chemical Storage
- Equipment Storage
- Garbage Collection
- Painting and Stripping

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:

- Fuels, Oils, Grease
- Solvents
- Soaps, Detergents
- Pesticides
- Battery Acid

► KEY APPROACHES:

- Conduct loading and unloading under cover
- Store materials indoors or under cover
- Store empty drums, containers, tires on pallets
- Transfer materials in paved areas, away from storm drain inlets
- Contain and absorb leaks/spills that occur during material transfer
- Provide berming or secondary containment
- Perform and document periodic inspections
- Check loading equipment regularly for leaks
5.05 Used Battery Management

- Recycle used batteries no later than 30 days after removal to promote recycling of materials and reduction of waste.
- Store batteries on spill containment and under cover.

5.06 Used Oil Containers and Filters

- Drain and crush oil filters and containers before recycling or disposal.
- Store crushed waste in a leak-proof container.
- Contain drained items in sealed plastic bags prior to disposal.

5.07 Eliminate Bone yards

- Eliminate waste collection piles (bone yards), which tend to conceal and lead to mismanaged waste and materials.

5.08 Waste and Unusable Material Disposal

- Regularly inspect storage and work areas for unusable materials and waste that can be disposed.
- Schedule waste pickup as frequently as needed to minimize storage time and avoid overloaded containers.
- Ensure that all materials are properly characterized and disposed.

5.09 Garbage Collection (Dumpster) Area Maintenance

- Provide shelter and secondary containment for dumpsters, if possible.
- Use covered dumpsters and keep them closed and locked.
- Use only dumpsters with plugged drain holes to prevent discharge of leachate or fluids.
- Do not dispose of liquid wastes such as oils or hazardous materials into dumpsters and completely drain liquid waste containers prior to disposal of containers.
- Perform dumpster cleaning in designated areas that are bermed to contain washwater for subsequent disposal or discharge to the sanitary sewer.

5.10 Procedures for Servicing Potable Water Systems

- Perform water truck flushing operations only in designated areas.
- Collect all discharge from water truck flushing containing Purine, chlorine bleach, or other chemicals and properly discharge to a permitted sanitary sewer connections or recycle the water.
- Do not perform flushing near or discharge to storm drains.
BMP 5.0
Outdoor Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Waste and Materials

Preventative Maintenance

5.11 Outdoor Storage Area Requirements

- Outdoor storage areas should be covered, if possible.
- When selecting storage sites, avoid excessive slope, locations near storm drain inlets, and locations near public access areas.

Spill Prevention and Response

5.12 Preventing Pollutant Exposure During Material Transfer

- Position vehicles used for material transfer such that activities are protected from rainfall and that possible spills can be contained.
- Provide hand pumps, containment devices, and other transfer devices to facilitate material transfer.

5.13 Preventing Pollutant Exposure for Material or Waste Storage

- Move materials and waste indoors or store away from drains.
- All material stored outside, no matter how temporary, should be placed on secondary containment and under cover, if possible.
- Materials not stored under cover should be covered and exposed exterior surfaces should be clean.

Routine Facility Inspections

5.14 Material/Waste Transfer Area Inspections

- Inspect loading/unloading areas and material use areas for needed repairs and patching.

5.15 Material and Waste Storage Area Inspection (Containers and Tanks)

- Periodically inspect storage areas (containers and tanks):
  - Check containers for external corrosion and structural failure.
  - Check for spills and overfills due to operator failure.
  - Check for failure of piping system (pipes, pumps, flanges, couplings, hoses, and valves).
  - Check for leaks or spills during pumping of liquids or gases.
  - Visually inspect new tanks or containers for loose fittings, poor welds, and improper or poorly fitted gaskets.
  - Inspect tank foundations and storage area coatings.
BMP 5.0
Outdoor Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Waste and Materials

**Employee / Contractor Training**

5.16 Waste Management Training

- Train employees on the proper disposal procedures for operations-derived wastes.

**Management of Storm Water Runoff**

5.17 Protect Storage Areas from Run-On and Runoff

- Protect all significant materials from rainfall, run-on, runoff, and wind dispersal.
- Options include:
  - Store material indoors or in a fully enclosed area.
  - Permanently cover outdoor storage area with a roof, overhang, or awning.
  - Use temporary covering of polyethylene, polypropylene, or hypalon.
  - Use control measures such as berms and secondary containment.
  - Reduce the amount of material stored outdoors.

**Record Keeping and Reporting**

5.18 Track Waste Generation

Characterize waste streams and maintain accurate information on waste streams using:

- Manifests,
- Bills of lading,
- Biennial reports,
- Permits,
- Environmental audits,
- NPDES discharge monitoring reports,
- SARA Title III reports,
- Emission reports,
- Data on chemical spills,
- Inventory reports,
- Emissions data, and
- Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
BMP 7.0
Building and Grounds Maintenance

► PURPOSE:
Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to storm water from building and grounds maintenance by washing and cleaning up with as little water as possible, preventing and cleaning up spills immediately, keeping debris from entering storm drains, and maintaining the storm water collection system.

► APPROACH TO EXISTING FACILITY ACTIVITIES:

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

7.01 Disposal of Landscaping and Grounds Maintenance Waste
- Properly dispose of landscape waste, washwater, sweepings, and sediments.

7.02 Fire Fighting Foam Deluge System Testing Procedures
- Perform fire fighting foam testing operations only in designated areas deemed appropriate for such activities. Properly dispose of, or recycle, foam discharge.

7.03 Cleaning Interior Floors and Exterior Ground Surfaces
- Maintain clean, dry floors and exterior surfaces by methods other than hosing and washing (i.e., using brooms, shovels, vacuum cleaners, etc.).
- Do not hose down work areas to the storm drainage system or use concrete cleaning products unless the storm drain inlet is blocked and wash water is collected and properly disposed of through a permitted sewer connection.
- Use seals or door skirts to prevent material exposure to rainfall.

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

7.04 Grounds/Landscaping Design Considerations
- Consider the following design characteristics for grounds/landscaping design:
  - Incorporate areas of landscape into project design. (Landscape areas are pervious and will result in less runoff discharge from a site.)
  - Incorporate design considerations such as leaving or planting native vegetation to reduce irrigation, fertilizer, and pesticide needs.
  - Select landscaping plants that require little maintenance and/or pest control.

Incorporate storm water detention/retention to reduce peak runoff flows and for water quality control.

7.05 Maintain Storm Water Control Devices and Outfalls
- Maintenance includes the following:
  - Regularly inspect and patch or repair storm water control devices (i.e., berms, etc.) to keep them in working order.
  - Place devices such as hay bales or filter fabric over storm drain culverts or at other areas to capture debris generated during construction and other activities.

► TARGETED ACTIVITIES:
- Building Maintenance
- Grounds Maintenance

► TARGETED POLLUTANTS:
- Fuels, Oils, Grease
- Pesticides, Herbicides, Fertilizers
- Sediment
- Landscape Waste

► KEY APPROACHES:
- Keep paved surfaces cleaned and swept using dry method
- Use nature/low maintenance landscaping
- Install and maintain oil/water separators
- Maintain Structural BMPs
- Clean catch basins regularly
- Manage use of pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers
BMP 7.0
Building and Grounds Maintenance

7.06 Maintain Catch Basins

- Regularly clean any catch basins which receive runoff from a maintenance area, especially after larger storms.
- Install and maintain catch basin filter inserts that assist in the removal of oil and grease, sediments and floatables.

7.07 Fire Deluge System Design Considerations

- Design deluge (foam) testing system with the following characteristics:
  - Located away from storm drain inlets, drainage facilities or water bodies.
  - Discharge foam waste to a sanitary sewer (industrial wastewater permitting may be required). Foam waste shall not be discharged to storm drains or water bodies.
  - Paved with concrete or asphalt, or stabilized with an aggregate base.
  - Bermed to contain foam and to prevent run-on.
  - Configure discharge area with a sump to allow collection and disposal of foam.

7.08 Install Oil/Water Separators

- Either collect storm water in areas exposed to pollutants or install an appropriately-sized oil/water separator (regulatory agency approval maybe required).
- Oil/water separators are typically used in areas where the concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons, floatables, or sediment may be abnormally high and source control techniques are not very effective.
- There are two types of oil/water separators:
  - American Petroleum Institute (API) separator and
  - Coalescing plate separator (CPS).
- Design, sizing, and placement of oil/water separators is dependent on several factors including: tributary area, type of activity, pollutant type and concentration, and water temperature. Separators should be selected, sized and designed by a qualified engineer.

7.09 Maintain Sumps and Oil/Water Separators

- Regularly clean and maintain sump and oil/water separators. Characterize and properly dispose of cleaning waste.
- Replace oil absorbent pads as needed and always prior to the rainy season(s).
- Keep effluent shutoff valve closed during cleaning operations. Follow maintenance schedule and procedures for these activities.

7.10 Label Storm Drains

- Label storm drain inlets that they are to receive no wastes.

7.11 Minimize Pesticide, Herbicide, and Fertilizer Use

- Minimize use of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers. Use according to directions. Utilize integrated pest management.

Routine Facility Inspections

7.12 Sump and oil/water separator inspection

- Regularly inspect sumps and oil/water separators to identify when preventative maintenance is needed.
BMP 7.0
Building and Grounds Maintenance

7.13 Inspect fire fighting foam deluge system

- Regularly inspect, clean, and maintain fire fighting foam testing facility and collection sumps.

Management of Storm Water Runoff

7.14 Erosion control

- Provide landscaped areas where erosion is becoming a problem.

 NOTE: See BMP 1.0 for measures generally applicable to Exposure Minimization, Spill Prevention and Response, Training, and Record keeping and Reporting.

► APPROACH TO FUTURE FACILITIES AND UPGRADES:

Design of New Facilities and Existing Facility Upgrades

- Incorporate areas of landscape into project design. Landscape areas are pervious and will result in less runoff discharge from a site.
- Incorporate design considerations such as leaving or planting native vegetation to reduce irrigation, fertilizer, and pesticide needs.
- Select landscaping plants which require little maintenance and/or pest control.
- Incorporate storm water detention/retention to reduce peak runoff flows and for water quality control.
BMP 8.0
Structural Storm Water Controls

► PURPOSE:
Select, implement, and maintain structural storm water controls to manage the volume and/or quality of storm water leaving the property. Storm water volume controls should be installed to manage storm water volume by delaying, diverting, or reducing the amount of storm water runoff from the site. Storm water quality controls should be installed to prevent pollutants from contacting storm water or remove pollutants from storm water.

► EXISTING STORM WATER CONTROLS:

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

8.01 Routine Maintenance

- Perform regular cleaning of storm water control structures to ensure they are free and clear of debris and garbage.
- Remove accumulated sediment from control structures to prevent clogging of inlets and outlets. Accumulated sediment should be disposed of properly as pollutants are often attached to sediment particles.
- Clean storm drain covers and grates to remove accumulated debris. Check drain covers/grates for structural integrity.
- Replace adsorbent material within storm drain inserts, straw rolls, adsorbent booms, or other disposable media on a regular frequency to prevent accumulated storm water pollutants from being released.
- Maintain vegetation within drainage swales, ponds, and other structures.

ROUTINE FACILITY INSPECTIONS

8.02 Inspections

- Perform inspections of storm water control structures on a quarterly basis at minimum and after precipitation events.
- Inspections should cover:
  - Overall condition of the structure
  - Accumulation of sediment, vegetation, debris, and garbage at structure inlets, outlets, and within drainage ways
  - Integrity of the structure including damaged concrete or riprap
  - Evaluate erosion at and surrounding the control structure

SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

8.03 Protect Structural Controls from Spills

- Develop spill response plans to protect storm drains, storm water conveyance structures, and other structural controls from coming into contact with storm water pollutants.
BMP 8.0
Structural Storm Water Controls

- Provide secondary containment, curbing, berms, or other physical means of separating chemicals and other potential storm water pollutants from storm water drainage and collection devices.

► SELECTION OF NEW STORM WATER CONTROLS:

Storm Water Volume Controls

8.04 Storm Water Volume Controls

- Determine volume of site storm water runoff or runon using the appropriate hydraulic analysis. Review potential storm water controls to ascertain whether the hydraulic conveyance threshold has been exceeded based on the quantitative results of the hydraulic analysis.

- Perform site assessment for the potential to incorporate low impact development strategies that will be effective in retaining storm water on site. Preference should be given to controls which retain storm water runoff and reduce the volume of storm water discharge to the downstream system.

- Select and evaluate the appropriate infiltration, harvest and use, or bioretention storm water controls:
  - Infiltration storm water controls: Infiltration trench, infiltration basin, bioretention basin with no underdrain, drywell, permeable pavement, and underground infiltration.
  - Harvest and use storm water controls: Cisterns and underground detention
  - Biotreatment storm water controls: Bioretention with underdrain, vegetated swale, vegetated filter strip, dry extended detention basin, wet detention basin, constructed wetland, and proprietary biotreatment.

- If possible use a treatment train of storm water controls to reduce uncertainty of effectiveness. Treatment train refers to the application of a series of storm water controls to improve effectiveness of the system.

- Install and locate storm water controls on site where most effective treatment is achieved.

Storm Water Quality Controls

- Select and evaluate the appropriate storm water control or combination of controls (treatment train) to improve storm water quality.

- Conduct a qualitative evaluation of site activities and potential pollutants generated on-site. In addition identify any pollutants causing impairment to receiving bodies of water that site storm water discharges to. Select storm water controls to minimize and reduce identified pollutants.

- Review removal efficiency of selected storm water control at one of the following URLs.
  - http://www.bmpdatabase.org/
  - http://water.epa.gov/polwaste/npdes/swbmp/

- Install and locate storm water controls on site where most effective treatment is achieved.
City of Albuquerque DMD Street Maintenance
Spill Response Plan
for the Double Eagle II Yard Facility

Primary Facility Emergency Contact
Joseph Olona
505-767-5602

Secondary Emergency Contact
Dave Harrison
505-238-4158

Fire/Ambulance/Police
Emergency
Non-Emergency
911
505-242-2677

Spill Cleanup Contractor
ACT
505-349-5220

Hospital
Presbyterian
505-841-1234

Immediately call 911 in the event of fire, potential fire, or other dangerous situation

1. Isolate the Area
   Ensure Everyone is Safe

2. Determine the Source of the Spill
   If safe, STOP the source of the spill
   Shut down all ignition sources and equipment
   Contain the source with berms, adsorbents, etc.
   Block Storm Drains

3. Contact Spill Response Contractor if spill is too large for Transit to handle
   Document spill cleanup activities
   Dispose of used absorbent material appropriately
   Decontaminate area and equipment
   Report Spill Appropriately
   Refer to SWPPP Plan for Reporting Requirements

4. Report All Spills Greater than 5 Gallons
   Send email report to Dave Harrison:
   dharrison@cabq.gov
   And MS4Compliance@cabq.gov
   Report shall include: location, fluid spilled, volume spilled, and any important information such as soil or storm drain impacted.

Legend:
- FACILITY BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE BOUNDARY
- CONTAINMENT BERM
- SURFACE WATER FLOW DIRECTION
- VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE

1/10 ACRE

Size of property in acres

Notes:
1. THIS AREA IS SELF CONTAINED, NO RECEIVING WATER.
2. SALT, GINGER, AND ICE SLICER ON PREMISES.

Material Handling:
1. SALT
2. SALT/CHILLER MIX
3. ICE SLICER

Updated by:
MAY 2021
APPENDIX F
TRAINING RECORDS
APPENDIX G
ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES SCREENING MEMORANDUM
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To: Dave Harrison, Division Manager  
City of Albuquerque (COA) Department of Municipal Development (DMD) Street Maintenance Division  

Re: DMD Street Maintenance Division here in the COA Double Eagle II Yard Facility Documentation of Eligibility with respect to Endangered Species for Coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP 2021) for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activities  

Dear Dave,

This eligibility determination is in support of the COA DMD Street Maintenance Division Notices of Intent (NOI) for coverage of the Double Eagle II Yard Facility (Double Eagle) under the MSGP 2021 for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial activity. As part of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) development for the Double Eagle, a review of the threatened and endangered species was performed with consideration to coverage previously held under the MSGP 2015. The purpose of this review is to verify if there are any species that have been placed on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service’s (FWS) threatened or endangered species list for the Action Area.

Using the methodology outlined in Appendix E of MSGP 2021, the Double Eagle has been determined eligible for coverage under Criterion C3 related to endangered species protection. This facility will require permit coverage under the MSGP 2021 and has not previously required eligibility with respect to Endangered Species Coverage under the MSGP 2015. Supporting documentation in relation to the endangered species data collected and the assessment of the potential effects of the Double Eagle discharges are attached to this letter.

It is essential that the Division Manager be up to date on the threatened and endangered species in the event that a discharge from the facility occurs that may affect these species. This information should be conveyed to all Double Eagle staff. Determination steps taken are described below:

**Step 1: Determine if Eligibility Requirements of Criterion B, D or E can be met.**

The listed Eligibility Requirements for B, D or E do not apply to the Double Eagle. Their activities are not covered under the eligibility certification of another operator for the action area (Criterion B). The Double Eagle is not eligible under Criterion D as the facility has not previously completed an Endangered Species Act (ESA) section 7 consultation. Additionally, the facility does not have a previously issued ESA section 10 permit (Criterion E).

**Step 2: Determine the Extent of the Action Area**

As per Appendix E of the MSGP 2021, the Action Area is defined as “all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action.” The Action Area includes:

- Areas where stormwater discharges originate and flow from the industrial facility to the point of discharge into receiving waters;
- Areas where stormwater from industrial activities discharges into receiving waters and the areas in the immediate vicinity of the point of discharge;
- Areas where stormwater controls will be constructed and operated including any areas where stormwater flows to and from the stormwater controls; and
- Areas upstream or downstream from the stormwater discharge into a stream segment that may be affected by the discharges.

With consideration to all areas listed above, the Action Area for the Double has been delineated through the use of the FWS online mapping tool, Information, Planning and Consultation System (IPaC) (https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/) and publicly available Maintenance Maps provided by the Albuquerque Metropolitan Arroyo Flood Control Authority (AMAFCA) (https://amafca.org/maps-2/). The Action Area is comprised of the facility boundary, as the berming within the facility contain all possible discharge from leaving the site.

**Step 3: Determine if Listed Threatened and/or Endangered Species and Critical Habitats are Present in the Action Area**

Through the consultation of IPaC, a site-specific list of threatened or endangered species and critical habitats was created for the Action Area. Based on the results there are a total of 5 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.. Refer to **Table 1** for a list of Threatened or Endangered Species found in the Action Area.

**Table 1: Threatened or Endangered Species in Double Eagle's Action Area**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Species Group</th>
<th>Listing Status</th>
<th>Critical Habitat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New Mexican Meadow Jumping Mouse</td>
<td><em>Zapus hudsonius leteus</em></td>
<td>Mammal</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Not within Action Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexican Spotted Owl</td>
<td><em>Strix occidentalis lucida</em></td>
<td>Bird</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Not within Action Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwestern Willow Flycatcher</td>
<td><em>Empidonax traillii extimus</em></td>
<td>Bird</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Not within Action Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-billed Cuckoo</td>
<td><em>Coccyzus americanus</em></td>
<td>Bird</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Not within Action Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rio Grande Silvery Minnow</td>
<td><em>Hybognathus amarus</em></td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Not within Action Area</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 4: Determine if Double Eagle’s Discharge or Discharge-Related Activities are likely to Adversely Affect the Listed Threatened and/or Endangered Species or Designated Critical Habitat and Any Measures That Must be Implemented to Avoid Adverse Effects**

Information provided for each threatened or endangered species support that the Action Area associated with Double Eagle is not within each species critical habitat. It has been concluded that the industrial activities conducted by the facility are unlikely to have direct impacts with these species or their habitats, as each have not been located within the geographic area of the facility.

The facility has designed their berming to contain all discharge from the facility. Additionally, routine inspections ensure that the berming is continuing to contain all contaminants that may be present within the discharge.
Very truly yours,

[Signature]

Shannon Archuleta
Environmental Scientist
Weston Solutions, Inc.

Attachments

cc: IPaC Threatened or Endangered Species Consultation, Double Eagle, May 26, 2021
In Reply Refer To:  
Consultation Code: 02ENNM00-2021-SLI-1132  
Event Code: 02ENNM00-2021-E-02664  
Project Name: 2021 MSGP SWPPP - Double Eagle II Yard

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

Thank you for your recent request for information on federally listed species and important wildlife habitats that may occur in your project area. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has responsibility for certain species of New Mexico wildlife under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973 as amended (16 USC 1531 et seq.), the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) as amended (16 USC 701-715), and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) as amended (16 USC 668-668c). We are providing the following guidance to assist you in determining which federally imperiled species may or may not occur within your project area and to recommend some conservation measures that can be included in your project design.

FEDERALLY-LISTED SPECIES AND DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT

Attached is a list of endangered, threatened, and proposed species that may occur in your project area. Your project area may not necessarily include all or any of these species. Under the ESA, it is the responsibility of the Federal action agency or its designated representative to determine if a proposed action "may affect" endangered, threatened, or proposed species, or designated critical habitat, and if so, to consult with the Service further. Similarly, it is the responsibility of the Federal action agency or project proponent, not the Service, to make "no effect" determinations. If you determine that your proposed action will have "no effect" on threatened or endangered species or their respective critical habitat, you do not need to seek concurrence with the Service. Nevertheless, it is a violation of Federal law to harm or harass any federally-listed threatened or endangered fish or wildlife species without the appropriate permit.

If you determine that your proposed action may affect federally-listed species, consultation with the Service will be necessary. Through the consultation process, we will analyze information contained in a biological assessment that you provide. If your proposed action is associated with
Federal funding or permitting, consultation will occur with the Federal agency under section 7(a)(2) of the ESA. Otherwise, an incidental take permit pursuant to section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA (also known as a habitat conservation plan) is necessary to harm or harass federally listed threatened or endangered fish or wildlife species. In either case, there is no mechanism for authorizing incidental take "after-the-fact." For more information regarding formal consultation and HCPs, please see the Service's Consultation Handbook and Habitat Conservation Plans at www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/index.html#consultations.

The scope of federally listed species compliance not only includes direct effects, but also any interrelated or interdependent project activities (e.g., equipment staging areas, offsite borrow material areas, or utility relocations) and any indirect or cumulative effects that may occur in the action area. The action area includes all areas to be affected, not merely the immediate area involved in the action. Large projects may have effects outside the immediate area to species not listed here that should be addressed. If your action area has suitable habitat for any of the attached species, we recommend that species-specific surveys be conducted during the flowering season for plants and at the appropriate time for wildlife to evaluate any possible project-related impacts.

**Candidate Species and Other Sensitive Species**

A list of candidate and other sensitive species in your area is also attached. Candidate species and other sensitive species are species that have no legal protection under the ESA, although we recommend that candidate and other sensitive species be included in your surveys and considered for planning purposes. The Service monitors the status of these species. If significant declines occur, these species could potentially be listed. Therefore, actions that may contribute to their decline should be avoided.

Lists of sensitive species including State-listed endangered and threatened species are compiled by New Mexico state agencies. These lists, along with species information, can be found at the following websites:

Biota Information System of New Mexico (BISON-M): www.bison-m.org

New Mexico State Forestry. The New Mexico Endangered Plant Program: www.emnrd.state.nm.us/SFD/ForestMgt/Endangered.html

New Mexico Rare Plant Technical Council, New Mexico Rare Plants: nmrareplants.unm.edu

Natural Heritage New Mexico, online species database: nhnm.unm.edu

**WETLANDS AND FLOODPLAINS**

Under Executive Orders 11988 and 11990, Federal agencies are required to minimize the destruction, loss, or degradation of wetlands and floodplains, and preserve and enhance their natural and beneficial values. These habitats should be conserved through avoidance, or mitigated to ensure that there would be no net loss of wetlands function and value.
We encourage you to use the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) maps in conjunction with ground-truthing to identify wetlands occurring in your project area. The Service's NWI program website, www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html integrates digital map data with other resource information. We also recommend you contact the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for permitting requirements under section 404 of the Clean Water Act if your proposed action could impact floodplains or wetlands.

**MIGRATORY BIRDS**

The MBTA prohibits the taking of migratory birds, nests, and eggs, except as permitted by the Service's Migratory Bird Office. To minimize the likelihood of adverse impacts to migratory birds, we recommend construction activities occur outside the general bird nesting season from March through August, or that areas proposed for construction during the nesting season be surveyed, and when occupied, avoided until the young have fledged.

We recommend review of Birds of Conservation Concern at website www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Management/BCC.html to fully evaluate the effects to the birds at your site. This list identifies birds that are potentially threatened by disturbance and construction.

**BALD AND GOLDEN EAGLES**

The bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) was delisted under the ESA on August 9, 2007. Both the bald eagle and golden eagle (*Aquila chrysaetos*) are still protected under the MBTA and BGEPA. The BGEPA affords both eagles protection in addition to that provided by the MBTA, in particular, by making it unlawful to "disturb" eagles. Under the BGEPA, the Service may issue limited permits to incidentally "take" eagles (e.g., injury, interfering with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior nest abandonment). For information on bald and golden eagle management guidelines, we recommend you review information provided at www.fws.gov/midwest/eagle/guidelines/bgepa.html.

On our web site www.fws.gov/southwest/es/NewMexico/SBC_intro.cfm, we have included conservation measures that can minimize impacts to federally listed and other sensitive species. These include measures for communication towers, power line safety for raptors, road and highway improvements, spring developments and livestock watering facilities, wastewater facilities, and trenching operations.

We also suggest you contact the New Mexico Department of Game and Fish, and the New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department, Forestry Division for information regarding State fish, wildlife, and plants.

Thank you for your concern for endangered and threatened species and New Mexico's wildlife habitats. We appreciate your efforts to identify and avoid impacts to listed and sensitive species in your project area. For further consultation on your proposed activity, please call 505-346-2525 or email nmesfo@fws.gov and reference your Service Consultation Tracking Number.
Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- Migratory Birds
Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New Mexico Ecological Services Field Office
2105 Osuna Road Ne
Albuquerque, NM 87113-1001
(505) 346-2525
**Project Summary**

Consultation Code: 02ENNM00-2021-SLI-1132  
Event Code: 02ENNM00-2021-E-02664  
Project Name: 2021 MSGP SWPPP - Double Eagle II Yard  
Project Type: Guidance  
Project Description: Double Eagle Rd. Site is designed not to discharge. Documentation of Eligibility with respect to Endangered Species Coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP 2021) for Stormwater Discharges associated with Industrial Activities.

Project Location:  
Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: [https://www.google.com/maps/@35.1606386,-106.79224390859292,14z](https://www.google.com/maps/@35.1606386,-106.79224390859292,14z)

Counties: Bernalillo County, New Mexico
Endangered Species Act Species
There is a total of 5 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. **NOAA Fisheries**, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

### Mammals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico Meadow Jumping Mouse <em>Zapus hudsonius luteus</em></td>
<td>Endangered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.
Species profile: [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7965](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7965)

### Birds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mexican Spotted Owl <em>Strix occidentalis lucida</em></td>
<td>Threatened</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.
Species profile: [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8196](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8196)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Southwestern Willow Flycatcher <em>Empidonax traillii extimus</em></td>
<td>Endangered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.
Species profile: [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6749](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6749)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-billed Cuckoo <em>Coccyzus americanus</em></td>
<td>Threatened</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Population: Western U.S. DPS
There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.
Species profile: [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3911](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3911)
**Fishes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rio Grande Silvery Minnow <em>Hybognathus amarus</em></td>
<td>Endangered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Population: Wherever found, except where listed as an experimental population

There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.

Species profile: [https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1391](https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1391)

**Critical habitats**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.
Migratory Birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act.

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described below.

2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.
3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ below. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the E-bird data mapping tool (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found below.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>BREEDING SEASON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black-chinned Sparrow <em>Spizella atrogularis</em></td>
<td>Breeds Apr 15 to Jul 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9447">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9447</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brewer's Sparrow <em>Spizella breweri</em></td>
<td>Breeds May 15 to Aug 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9291">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9291</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Burrowing Owl *Athene cunicularia*  
[Breeding Season] Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 31  
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA  
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9737

Chestnut-collared Longspur *Calcarius ornatus*  
[Breeding Season] Breeds elsewhere  
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Lesser Yellowlegs *Tringa flavipes*  
[Breeding Season] Breeds elsewhere  
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.  
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679

Long-billed Curlew *Numenius americanus*  
[Breeding Season] Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31  
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.  
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5511

Rufous Hummingbird *selasphorus rufus*  
[Breeding Season] Breeds elsewhere  
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.  
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8002

**Probability Of Presence Summary**

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

**Probability of Presence (■)**

Each green bar represents the bird’s relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.

2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum
probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.

3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

**Breeding Season (●)**
Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

**Survey Effort (!)**
Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

**No Data (—)**
A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

**Survey Timeframe**
Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPECIES</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>JUN</th>
<th>JUL</th>
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<th>OCT</th>
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<tr>
<td>Black-chinned Sparrow</td>
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<td>Brewer's Sparrow</td>
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<td>Chestnut-collared Longspur</td>
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<td>Lesser Yellowlegs</td>
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Additional information can be found using the following links:


**Migratory Birds FAQ**

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

**Nationwide Conservation Measures** describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

**What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?**

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS **Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)** and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the **Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)**. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of survey, banding, and citizen science datasets and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (Eagle Act requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the **AKN Phenology Tool**.
What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the Avian Knowledge Network (AKN). This data is derived from a growing collection of survey, banding, and citizen science datasets.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
2. "BCC - BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
3. "Non-BCC - Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the Eagle Act requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the Northeast Ocean Data Portal. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical
Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the Diving Bird Study and the nanotag studies or contact Caleb Spiegel or Pam Loring.

**What if I have eagles on my list?**
If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to obtain a permit to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

**Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report**
The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.
Criterion C3 Eligibility Form

Instructions:
In order to be eligible for coverage under criterion C3, you must complete the Endangered Species Protection section of the Notice of Intent in the NPDES eReporting Tool (NeT-MSGP). Per Part 7.1, you must submit your NOI electronically via NeT-MSGP, unless the EPA Regional Office grants you a waiver from electronic reporting, in which case you may use this paper Criterion C3 form. If using the paper form, you must complete the following form and you must submit it to EPA following the instructions in Section VII a minimum of 30 days prior to filing your NOI for permit coverage. After you submit your form, you may be contacted by EPA with additional measures (e.g., additional stormwater controls or modifications to your discharge-related activities) that you must implement in order to ensure your eligibility under criterion C3.

If after completing this worksheet you cannot make a determination that your discharges and discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect ESA listed threatened or endangered species or designated critical habitat, you must submit this completed worksheet to EPA, and you may not file your NOI for permit coverage until you receive a determination from EPA that your discharges and/or discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect ESA-protected species and critical habitat.

Note: Much of the information needed for this form can be obtained from your draft SWPPP which will be needed when you file your NOI.

SECTION I. OPERATOR, FACILITY, AND SITE LOCATION INFORMATION.

1) Operator Information
   a) Operator Name: Dave Harrison
   b) Point of Contact
      First Name: Joseph Last Name: Olona
      Phone Number: 505-767-3830
      E-mail: jolona@cabq.gov

2) Facility Information
   a) Facility Name: Double Eagle II Yard Facility
   b) Check which of the following applies:
      ☒ I am seeking coverage under the MSGP as a new discharger or as a new source
      ☐ I am seeking coverage under the MSGP as an existing discharger and my facility has modifications to its discharge characteristics (e.g., changes in discharge flow or area drained, different pollutants) and/or discharge-related activities (e.g., stormwater controls)

      Indicate the number of years the facility has been in operation: _______ years
Provide your NPDES ID (i.e., permit tracking number) from your previous MSGP coverage: ____________

☐ I am seeking coverage under the MSGP as an existing discharger and there are no modifications to my facility.

Indicate the number of year(s) the facility has been in operation: ____________ year(s)

Provide your NPDES ID (i.e., permit tracking number) from your previous MSGP coverage: ____________

c) Facility Address:

Address 1: __________________________

Address 2: __________________________

City: ________________ State: _____ Zip Code: _______

d) Identify the primary industrial sector to be covered under the 2021 MSGP:

SIC Code _____ or Primary Activity Code _____

Sector _______ and Subsector _______

e) Identify the sectors of any co-located activities to be covered under the 2021 MSGP:

Sector _______ Subsector _______

Sector _______ Subsector _______

Sector _______ Subsector _______

Sector _______ Subsector _______

Sector _______ Subsector _______

f) Estimated area of industrial activity exposed to stormwater: ____________ acres

g) Provide a general description of the industrial activities that are taking place at this facility:
3) Receiving Waters Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Discharge Point ID</th>
<th>Design Capacity (if known)</th>
<th>Latitude (decimal degrees)</th>
<th>Longitude (decimal degrees)</th>
<th>Name of the receiving water that receives stormwater from the discharge point and/or from the MS4 that the discharge point discharges to</th>
<th>Type of Waterbody (e.g., lake, pond, river/stream/creek, estuarine/marine water)</th>
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<td>N/A</td>
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SECTION II. ACTION AREA

As required in Step 2 of Section E.4 of Appendix E, You must include a map and a written description of the action area of your facility in Attachment 1 of this appendix.

SECTION III. LISTED SPECIES AND CRITICAL HABITAT LIST

As required in Step 3 of Section E.4 of Appendix E., attach a copy of the species and critical habitat list(s) from the Service(s) to Attachment 2 of this appendix and use the list(s) to complete the rest of this worksheet. For FWS species, include the full printout from your IPaC query/Official Species List in Attachment 2. You can include the map from your IPaC query in Attachment 1.

Review your species list in Attachment 2, choose one of the following three statements, and follow the corresponding instructions:

☐ The species list includes only terrestrial species and/or their designated critical habitat. No aquatic or aquatic-dependent species or their critical habitat are present in the action area. You may skip to Section IV of this form. You are not required to fill out Section V.

☐ The species list includes only aquatic and/or aquatic-dependent species and/or their designated critical habitat. No terrestrial species or their critical habitat are present in the action area. You may skip to Section V of this form and are not required to fill out Section IV.

☒ The species list includes both terrestrial and aquatic or aquatic-dependent species and/or their designated critical habitat. You must fill out both Sections IV and V of this form.

Note: For the purposes of this permit, “terrestrial species” would not include animal or plant species that 1) spends any portion of its life cycle in a waterbody or wetland, or 2) if an animal, depends on prey or habitat that occurs in a waterbody or wetland. For example, shorebirds, wading birds, amphibians, and certain reptiles would not be considered terrestrial species under this definition. Please also be aware that some terrestrial animals (e.g., certain insects, amphibians) may have an aquatic egg or larval/juvenile phase.
SECTION IV. EVALUATION OF DISCHARGE-RELATED ACTIVITIES EFFECTS

Note: You are only required to fill out this section if your facility’s action area contains terrestrial species and/or their designated critical habitat. If your action area only contains aquatic and/or aquatic-dependent species and/or their designated critical habitat, you can skip directly to Section V.

Most of the potential effects related to coverage under the MSGP are assumed to occur to aquatic and/or aquatic-dependent species. However, in some cases, potential effects to terrestrial species and/or their critical habitat should be considered as well from any discharge-related activities that occur during coverage under the MSGP. Examples of discharge-related activities that could have potential effects on listed terrestrial species or their critical habitat include the storage of materials and land disturbances associated with stormwater management-related activities (e.g., the installation or placement of stormwater control measures).

A. Select the applicable statement(s) below and follow the corresponding instructions:

☒ There are no discharge-related activities that are planned to occur during my coverage under the 2021 MSGP. You can conclude that your discharge-related activities will have no likely adverse effects, and:

- If there are any aquatic or aquatic-dependent species and/or their critical habitat in your action area, you must skip to Section V, Evaluation of Discharge Effects, below.

- If there are no aquatic or aquatic-dependent species, you may skip to Section VI and verify that your activities will have no likely adverse effects. You must submit this form to EPA as specified in Section VII of this form. You may select criterion C on your NOI form and may submit your NOI for permit coverage 30 days after you have submitted this Criterion C Eligibility Form. You must also provide a description of the basis for the criterion you selected on your NOI form, including the species and critical habitat list(s) in your action area, as well as any other documentation supporting your eligibility. You must also include this completed Criterion C Eligibility Form in your SWPPP.

☐ There are discharge-related activities planned as part of the proposal. Describe your discharge-related activities in the following box and continue to (b) below.
B. In order to ensure any discharge-related activities will have no likely adverse effects on ESA-listed threatened and endangered species and/or their designated critical habitat, you must certify that all the following are true:

- Discharge-related activities will occur:
  - on previously cleared/developed areas of the site where maintenance and operation of the facility are currently occurring or where existing conditions of the area(s) in which the discharge-related activities will occur precludes its use by listed species (e.g., work on existing impervious surfaces, work occurring inside buildings, area is not used by species), and
  - if discharge-related activities will include the establishment of structures (including, but not limited to, infiltration ponds and other controls) or any related disturbances, these structures and/or disturbances will be sited in areas that will not result in isolation or degradation of nesting, breeding, or foraging habitat or other habitat functions for listed animal species (or their designated critical habitat), and will avoid the destruction of native vegetation (including listed plant species).

- If vegetation removal (e.g., brush clearing) or other similar activities will occur, no terrestrial listed species that use these areas for habitat would be expected to be present during vegetation removal and these activities will not occur within critical habitat.

If all the above are true, you can conclude that your discharge-related activities will have no likely adverse effects, and:

- If there are any aquatic or aquatic-dependent species and/or critical habitat in your action area, you must skip to Section V, Evaluation of Discharge Effects, below.

- If there are no aquatic or aquatic-dependent species, you may skip to Section VI and verify that your activities will have no likely adverse effects. You must submit this form to EPA for assistance in determining your eligibility for coverage.

SECTION V. EVALUATION OF DISCHARGE EFFECTS

Note: You are only required to fill out this section if your facility’s action area includes aquatic and/or aquatic-dependent species and/or their critical habitat.

In this section, you will evaluate the likelihood of adverse effects from your facility’s discharges. The scope of effects to consider will vary with each facility and species/critical habitat characteristics. The following are examples of discharge effects you should consider:

- Hydrological Effects. Stormwater discharges may adversely affect receiving waters by causing changes in water quality parameters such as turbidity, temperature, salinity, or pH. Stormwater discharges may adversely affect the immediate vicinity of the discharge point through streambank erosion and scour. These effects will vary with the amount of stormwater
discharged and the volume and condition of the receiving water. Where a stormwater discharge constitutes a minute portion of the total volume of the receiving water, adverse hydrological effects are less likely.

- **Toxicity of Pollutants.** Pollutants in stormwater may have toxic effects on listed species and may adversely affect critical habitat. Exceedances of benchmarks, effluent limitation guidelines, or state or tribal water quality requirements may be indicative of potential adverse effects on listed species or critical habitat. However, some listed species may be adversely affected at pollutant concentrations below benchmarks, effluent limitation guidelines, and state or tribal water quality standards due to exposures to multiple stressors at the same time. In addition, stormwater pollutants identified in Part 6.2.3.2 of your SWPPP, but not monitored as benchmarks or effluent limitation guidelines, may also adversely affect listed species and critical habitat.

As these effects are difficult to analyze for listed species, their prey, habitat, and designated critical habitat, this form helps you to analyze your discharges to make a determination of whether your discharges will likely have adverse effects and whether there are any additional controls you can implement to ensure no likely adverse effects.

### A. Evaluation of Pollutants and Controls to Avoid Adverse Effects

In this section, you must document all of your pollutant sources and pollutants expected to be discharged in stormwater (see Part 8). You must also document the controls you will implement to avoid adverse effects on listed aquatic and aquatic-dependent species and critical habitat. You must include specific details about the expected effectiveness of the controls in avoiding adverse effects to the listed aquatic-and aquatic-dependent species and critical habitat. Attach additional pages if needed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potential Pollutant Source</th>
<th>Potential Pollutants</th>
<th>Controls to Avoid Adverse Effects on Listed Aquatic and Aquatic-Dependent Species and Critical Habitat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>e.g., vehicle and equipment fueling</td>
<td>e.g., Oil &amp; grease, Diesel, Gasoline, TSS, Antifreeze</td>
<td>e.g., Fueling operators (including the transfer of fuel from tank trucks) will be conducted on an impervious or contained pad or under cover, Drip pans will be used where leaks or spills of fuel can occur and where making and breaking hose connections, Spill kit will be kept on-site in close proximity to potential spill areas, Any spills will be cleaned-up immediately using dry clean-up methods, Stormwater runoff will be diverted around fueling areas using diversion dikes and curbing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Potential Pollutant Source</td>
<td>Potential Pollutants</td>
<td>Controls to Avoid Adverse Effects on Listed Aquatic and Aquatic-Dependent Species and Critical Habitat.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vehicle and Equipment Storage</td>
<td>Motor oil and hydraulic fluid.</td>
<td>Storage of vehicles and equipment is on compacted lot. Secondary containment is used where required for vehicles and equipment. Vehicles and equipment are regularly inspected for leaks or fluid spills of any kind and cleaned up immediately.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Building and Grounds Maintenance</td>
<td>Ice slicer, cinder, salt and salt/cinder mix.</td>
<td>Potential pollutants listed are within a self-sustained berm that is built to not discharge from site. Staff routinely maintain the berm to prevent any pollutants from leaving the berm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Check if you are not able to make a preliminary determination that any of your pollutants will be controlled to a level necessary to avoid adverse effects on aquatic and/or aquatic-dependent listed species and their designated critical habitat. You must check in Section VI that you are unable to make a determination of no likely adverse effects and must complete the rest of the form. You must submit your completed form to EPA for assistance in determining your eligibility for coverage.
B. Analysis of Effects Based on Past Monitoring Data. Select which of the following applies to your facility:

☐ I have no previous monitoring data for my facility because there are no applicable monitoring requirements for my facility’s sector(s).

☐ I have no previous monitoring data for my facility because I am a new discharger or a new source, but I am subject to monitoring under the 2021 MSGP. You must provide information to support a conclusion that your facility’s discharges are not expected to result in benchmark or numeric effluent limit exceedances that will adversely affect listed species or their critical habitat:

☐ My facility has not had any exceedances under the 2015 MSGP of any required benchmark(s) or numeric effluent limits. I comply with the applicable monitoring requirements and have not had any exceedances.

☐ My facility has had exceedances of one or more benchmark(s) or numeric effluent limits under the 2015 MSGP, but I have addressed them during my coverage under the 2015 MSGP, or in my evaluation of controls to avoid adverse effects in (A) above. Describe all actions (including specific controls) that you will implement to ensure that the pollutants in your discharge(s) will not result in likely adverse effects from future exceedances.

☐ Check if your facility has had exceedances of one or more benchmarks or numeric effluent limits under the 2015 MSGP and you have not been able to address them to avoid adverse effects from future exceedances, or if you are a new discharger or a new source but you are not sure if you can avoid adverse effects from possible exceedances. You must check in Section VI that you are unable to make a determination of no likely adverse effects. You must submit your completed form to EPA for assistance in determining your eligibility for coverage. You may not file your NOI for permit coverage until you are able to make a determination that your discharges will avoid adverse effects on listed species and designated critical habitat.
SECTION VI VERIFICATION OF PRELIMINARY EFFECTS DETERMINATION

Based on Steps I – V of this form, you must verify your preliminary determination of effects on listed species and designated critical habitat from your discharges and/or discharge-related activities:

☐ Following the applicable Steps in I – V above, I have provided information supporting a preliminary determination that my discharges and/or discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect listed species and designated critical habitats.

☐ Following the applicable Steps in I – V above, I am not able to provide information supporting a preliminary determination that my discharges and/or discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect listed species and designated critical habitats.

Certification Information

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete.

I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

First Name, Middle initial, Last Name

Title

Signature: __________________________________________ Date: __________

E-mail: ________________________________

SECTION VII CRITERION C ELIGIBILITY FORM SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS

Only if the applicable EPA Regional Office has granted you a waiver from electronic reporting, you must submit this completed form to EPA at msgpesa@epa.gov, including any attachments and any additional information that demonstrates how you will avoid or eliminate adverse effects to listed threatened and endangered species or designated critical habitat (e.g., specific controls you will implement to avoid or eliminate adverse effects). Any missing or incomplete information may result in a delay of your coverage under the permit.

If you have made a preliminary determination that your discharges and/or discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect listed species and critical habitat, this form must be submitted a minimum of 30 days prior to submitting your NOI for permit coverage under criterion C. Please note that during either the 30-day Criterion C Eligibility Form review period prior to your NOI submission, or within 30 days after your NOI submission and before you have been
authorized for permit coverage, EPA may advise you that additional information is needed, or that there are additional measures you must implement to avoid likely adverse effects.

If you are unable to make a preliminary determination that your discharges and/or discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect listed species and critical habitat, this worksheet must be submitted to EPA, but you may not file your NOI for permit coverage until you have received a determination from EPA that your discharges and/or discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect listed species and critical habitat.

**Attachment 1**

Include a map and a written description of the action area of your facility, as required in Step 2 of Section E.4 of Appendix E. You may choose to include the map that is generated from the FWS’ on-line mapping tool IPaC (the Information, Planning, and Consultation System) located at [http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/](http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/).

The written description of your action area that accompanies your action area map must explain your rationale for the extent of the action area drawn on your map. For example, your action area written description may look something like this:

*The action area for the (name of your facility)’s stormwater discharges extends downstream from the outfall(s) in (name of receiving waterbody) (# of meters/feet/kilometers/miles). The downstream limit of the action area reflects the approximate distance at which the discharge waters and any pollutants would be expected to cause potential adverse effects to listed species and/or critical habitat because (insert rationale). The action area does/does not extend to the (name of receiving waterbody)’s confluence with (name of confluence waterbody) because (insert rationale).*

Note that your action area written description will be highly site-specific, depending on the expected effects of your facility’s discharges and discharge-related activities, receiving waterbody characteristics, etc.
Attachment 2

List or attach the list(s) of species and critical habitat in your action area on this sheet, as required in Step 3 of Section E.4 of Appendix E. You must include a list for applicable listed NMFS and USFWS species and critical habitat. If there are listed species and/or critical habitat for only one Service, you must include a statement confirming there are no listed species and/or critical habitat for the other Service. For USFWS species, include the USFWS Official Species List full printout from your IPaC query (including the consultation code and event code at the top of the FWS printout). Note: If your Official Species List from the USFWS indicated no species or critical habitat were present in your action area, include the consultation code and event code that can be found at the top of your Official Species List in your NOI basis statement. If an Official Species List was not available on IPaC, list the contact date, the ecological services field office and the name of the Service staff with whom you corresponded to identify the existence of any USFWS species or critical habitat present in your action area.
APPENDIX H
HISTORIC PROPERTIES PRESERVATION SCREENING MEMORANDUM
To: Dave Harrison, Division Manager  
City of Albuquerque (COA) Department of Municipal Development (DMD) Street Maintenance Division

Re: City of Albuquerque Double Eagle II Yard Facility Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Eligibility Screening for the National Historic Preservation Act

Dear Dave,

On behalf of the City of Albuquerque (COA), Weston Solutions Inc. (Weston) presents the results of the determination of eligibility for the DMD Street Maintenance Division Double Eagle II Yard Facility, regarding the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), for coverage under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP 2021) for Storm Water Discharges associated with Industrial Activity.

A search of historic places was conducted using the National Register of Historic Places Database and Research (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/nationalregister/database-research.htm) and included all historic properties located in Albuquerque, NM from 1966 to 2012. As a result of this search, there are no historic properties located within the facility or on the adjacent properties, and thus, discharges from the facility do not have the potential to influence any known historic properties. The facility does not have plans to install any new storm water control measure in the area; therefore, the facility meets the eligibility of **Criterion A**.

**Criterion A** is described as follows:

*Your storm water discharges, and allowable non-storm water discharges do not have the potential to have an effect on historic properties and you are not constructing or installing new storm water control measures on your site that cause subsurface disturbance.*

Very truly yours,

Shannon Archuleta  
Environmental Scientist  
Weston Solutions, Inc.
APPENDIX I
COPY OF THE NOTICE OF INTENT, ACKNOWLEDGEMENT LETTER, AND DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY LETTER
September 15, 2015

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6
Water Enforcement Branch (6EN-WC)
1445 Ross Avenue Suite 1200
Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Re: Delegation of Signatory Authority for City of Albuquerque, National Pollutant Discharge Detection and Elimination System (NPDES) Permits

To Whom It May Concern:

As the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) of the City of Albuquerque (COA), in accordance with Federal Regulations 40 CFR 122.22(b), I hereby delegate the following positions to be Certifying Officials for the purposes of reporting under the COA’s federal permits with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. These federal permits include: (1) General Permit NMR04A000 for its Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4); (2) Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) NMR05000 for its Transit and Solid Waste Facilities and; (3) Construction General Permit (CGP) for COA public projects.

Chief Administrative Officer
- Annual Report for the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Permit
- Requests for changes to the COA’s Storm Water Management Program (SWMP)

Engineering Division Manager
- Data Monitoring Reports (DMRs) for the MS4 Permit
- Certification of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) and Annual Reports for general facilities as needed under the MSGP
- Certification of eNOIs general facilities as needed under the MSGP

Transit Director
- Data Monitoring Reports (DMRs) for Transit facilities
- Certification of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) and Annual Reports under the MSGP for Transit facilities
- Certification of eNOIs under the MSGP for Transit facilities

Solid Waste Director
- Data Monitoring Reports (DMRs) for Solid Waste Facilities
- Certification of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) and Annual Reports under the MSGP for Solid Waste Facilities
- Certification of eNOIs under the MSGP
Department of Municipal Development (DMD) Construction Management Managers
- Certification of SWPPPs for DMD and Capital Implementation Program (CIP) projects under the CGP
- Certification of eNOIs for DMD and CIP projects under the CGP

Parks & Recreation (Parks) Construction Managers, Supervisors, or Superintendents
- Certification of SWPPPs for CIP and Parks projects under the CGP
- Certification of eNOIs for CIP and Parks projects under the CGP

DMD and Parks Construction Managers, Supervisors, Superintendents, or Inspectors
- Construction Site Inspection Forms for DMD, CIP, and Parks projects under the CGP

This letter designates positions of signatory authority rather than naming specific individuals who hold the designated positions. The COA has chosen this method of delegating signatory authority to ensure consistency in meeting permit requirements during staff changes.

I understand the role and responsibilities of the COA as they relate to the MS4 permit and have selected individuals in these positions because of their understanding and knowledge of the permit requirements, including stormwater certification for construction personnel.

Best Regards,

[Signature]

Robert J. Perry
Chief Administrative Officer

Electronic cc: Wilfred Gallegos, P.E.; Director, DMD
Melissa Lozoya, P.E.; Deputy Director, DMD
Bryan Wolfe, P.E., Construction Services Division Manager, DMD
David Harrison, P.E., Construction Services Section Manager, DMD
Ron Romero, P.E., Engineering Division Manager, DMD
Ralph Saiz, Construction Manager, Parks Construction Division, DMD
Keith Reed, P.E., Deputy Director, Parks
Bruce Rizzieri, Director, Transit
John Soladay, Director, Solid Waste
Jill Holbert, Associate Director, Solid Waste
APPENDIX J
DOCUMENTATION OF MAINTENANCE TO CONTROL MEASURES
APPENDIX K
DOCUMENTATION OF CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN
APPENDIX L
REPORTS

L1- Quarterly Routine Facility Inspections

L2 – Annual Report Example
L1 – Quarterly Routine Facility Inspections
L2 – ANNUAL REPORT EXAMPLE