The City of Albuquerque Environmental Health Department is requesting neighborhood participation in slowing the spread and establishment of an invasive mosquito species. EHD has recently begun documenting the rapid spread of the Yellow Fever Mosquito in several Albuquerque neighborhoods. We appreciate your assistance with this important public health initiative.

PROTECT YOURSELF
Wear long sleeves and insect repellent containing DEET when outdoors. Keep screens intact and doors closed.

DON'T BREED MOSQUITOES
Yellow fever mosquitoes will breed in rain barrels, bird baths, catch trays for potted plants, buckets, wheelbarrows, etc.
Dump standing water and scrub the container with disinfectant, store upside down to prevent future habitat.
Treat water that can’t be dumped with mosquito larvicides.

Yellow fever mosquitoes are aggressive biters and are active during the day.
Eggs are laid in containers with standing water. They can survive for long periods without water, and still be viable when water returns.
These mosquitoes prefer to live in close contact with humans and can often be found indoors.
They are capable of transmitting Zika, dengue virus, chikungunya virus, and yellow fever. None of these diseases are currently known to occur in New Mexico.
Other mosquito species present in Bernalillo County transmit West Nile virus in New Mexico each year. These mosquitoes typically bite at dusk and dawn.

For questions related to mosquitoes and their control, please call 311