CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE
TWENTY FIRST COUNCIL

COUNCIL BILL NO. R-14-23 ENACTMENT NO. R-2014-054

SPONSORED BY: Isaac Benton, by request

RESOLUTION

ADOPTING A RAIL YARDS MASTER DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND
ACCOMPANYING SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR SUBDIVISION TO PROVIDE
THE APPROPRIATE POLICY FRAMEWORK AND REGULATIONS TO GUIDE THE
REDEVELOPMENT OF THE RAIL YARDS SITE.

WHEREAS, the Rail Yards site is located on Tract A of the Plat of Tract A of
AT&SF Railway Co. Machine Shop, located on 2nd Street SW between Cromwell
Avenue and Hazeldine Avenue SW and contains approximately 27.3 acres; and
WHEREAS, the Rail Yards site is zoned SU2-HLS (Historic Locomotive
Shops) per the Barelas Sector Development Plan (SDP); and
WHEREAS, the SU2-HLS zone Section A allows for a wide range of
permissive uses, including multifamily residential (R-3), community commercial
uses such as retail, restaurants, services (C-2), and light Industrial (I-P) each with
some limited exceptions; and
WHEREAS, the Barelas SDP SU-2/HLS zone Section K provides specifically
for a Master Development Plan review by the EPC and approval by the City
Council prior to the issuance of a building permit for the site (with very limited
exceptions); and
WHEREAS, the Master Development Plan (MDP) as submitted contains a
site development plan for subdivision with an accompanying Master
Development Plan document that will guide redevelopment of the City-owned
Albuquerque Rail Yards site; and
WHEREAS, the Rail Yards Advisory Board was established in March 2008
pursuant to City Council Resolution F/SR-08-47 and the responsibilities of the
Rail Yards Advisory Board included the creation of a Request for Proposals for a
master developer for the site and the selection of a master developer; and

WHEREAS, an RFP, for a Master Developer was issued in 2010 and in June
2012 Samtair Constructs was selected as the Master Developer; and
WHEREAS, the Master Developer was charged with creating a Master Plan
for the project area in cooperation with the City and the community; and
WHEREAS, the Rail Yards Master Development Plan was submitted to the
Rail Yards Advisory Board for their review and the Rail Yards Advisory Board
recommended approval of the plan to the EPC with certain amendments; and
WHEREAS, the Rail Yards property is located within the Central Urban Area
of Albuquerque Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan (2003) and the Barelas
Sector Development Plan (2008); and
WHEREAS, the request furthers a preponderance of relevant goals and
policies in the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan (2003) as it
could lead to the redevelopment of a historically significant site that is located
close to the downtown core, in the Barelas neighborhood. Redevelopment of the
Rail Yards could provide a catalytic opportunity to spur economic development
and provide jobs for the Barelas neighborhood and the wider downtown
community. Section 6 of Master Development Plan provides Goals and Policies
by which development decisions and City approvals will be evaluated, this
section addresses economic development, housing, community connections,
land use, architecture and historic rehabilitation and art and culture.
(Albuquerque Bernalillo Comprehensive Plan Goals and Policies II.B.6; II.B.6.a, b;
II.B.5; II.B.6.d, i.o; II.C.5; II.C.5.b; II.C.9; II.C.9.b; II.D.6.a, b); and
WHEREAS, the request furthers a preponderance of relevant policies and
actions in the Barelas Sector Development Plan (2008). Rehabilitation of the site
further policies addressing historic preservation, economic development and
job creation for the Barelas community. Section 6 of Master Development Plan
provides Goals and Policies by which development decisions and City approvals
will be evaluated, this section addresses economic development, housing,
community connections, land use, architecture and historic rehabilitation and art
and culture. (Barelas Sector Development Plan LUZ1, LUZ3, LUZ7, Action 1.2.2.c,
Action 4.6.1.e, E1, Action 5.2.1.a); and
WHEREAS, the Council accepts the Environmental Planning Commission's findings and conditions as set out in the Official Notice of Decision of December 12, 2013; and

WHEREAS, the Council finds that the conditions set out in the Environmental Planning Commission's recommendation of approval have been met.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE:

SECTION 1. The Rail Yards Master Development Plan and accompanying Site Development Plan for Subdivision (attached hereto as Exhibit A) are hereby approved and adopted.

SECTION 2: FINDINGS ADOPTED. The City Council adopts the following Findings as recommended by the Environmental Planning Commission:

(A) This is a request for a Master Development Plan and Site Development Plan for Subdivision for Tract A of the Plat of Tract A of AT&SF Railway Co. Machine Shop located on 2nd Street SW between Cromwell Avenue and Hazeldine Avenue and containing approximately 27.3 acres.

(B) The Rail Yards are zoned SU2-HLS (Historic Locomotive Shops) per the Barelas Sector Development Plan. The SU2-HLS zone Section A allows for a wide range of permissive uses, including multifamily residential (R-3), community commercial uses such as retail, restaurants, services (C-2), and light industrial (I-P) each with some limited exceptions. The Barelas SDP SU-2HLS zone Section K provides specifically for a Master Development Plan review by the EPC and approval by the City Council prior to the issuance of a building permit for the site (with very limited exceptions).

(C) The Master Development Plan as submitted contains a site development plan for subdivision with an accompanying Master Development Plan document. The Master Development Plan is the document that will guide redevelopment of the City-owned Albuquerque Rail Yards site. The Albuquerque Rail Yards are located within the Barelas neighborhood and adjacent to the South Broadway neighborhood.

(D) The City of Albuquerque purchased the Rail Yards in 2007 (R-07-202, R-07-274, R-07-332) through a mixture of state and local funding. The Rail Yards Advisory Board (RYAB) was established in March 2008 pursuant to City Council Resolution (F/SR-08-47). The responsibilities of the RYAB included the creation of a Request for Proposals (RFP) for a master developer for the site, and the selection of a master developer. An RFP, for a Master Developer was issued in 2010 and in June 2012 Samitaur Constructs was selected as the Master Developer. Per the subsequent Master Plan Agreement, the Master Developer was charged with creating a Master Plan for the project area in cooperation with the City and the community.


(F) The Fire Station building on the site was designated a City Landmark on May 18th 1987 (O-1119) and on August 1st 1990 development guidelines for the Fire Station were adopted.

(G) The request furthers a preponderance of relevant goals and policies in the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan (2003) as it could lead to the redevelopment of a historically significant site that is located close to the downtown core, in the Barelas neighborhood. Redevelopment of the Rail Yards could provide a catalytic opportunity to spur economic development and provide jobs for the Barelas neighborhood and the wider downtown community. Section 5 of Master Development Plan provides Goals and Policies by which development decisions and City approvals will be evaluated, this sections addresses economic development, housing, community connections, land use, architecture and historic rehabilitation and art and culture. (Albuquerque Bernalillo Comprehensive Plan Goals and Policies II.B.6; II.B.6.a, b; II.B.5; II.B.6.d,i,o; II.C.5; II.C.5.b; II.C.9; II.C.9.b; II.D.6.a, b).

(H) The request furthers a preponderance of relevant policies and actions in the Barelas Sector Development Plan (2008). Rehabilitation of the site furthers policies addressing historic preservation, economic development and job creation for the Barelas community. Section 6 of Master Development Plan provides Goals and Policies by which development decisions and City approvals
will be evaluated, this section addresses economic development, housing, community connections, land use, architecture and historic rehabilitation and art and culture. (Barelas Sector Development Plan LU71, LU73, LU77, Action 1.2.2.c, Action 4.6.1.e, E1, Action 5.2.1.a).

(I) Section 10.4 of the Master Plan requests delegation of Site Development Plan for Building Permit to the Development Review Board with its review to include historic preservation planner and a Metropolitan Redevelopment planner.

(J) The Draft Master Plan was submitted to the Rail Yards Advisory Board for their review and recommendation. The RYAB unanimously voted to send the draft master plan to the EPC with a recommendation of approval with 7 amendments. The amendments address location of housing on the site, permit parking, amended language related to the WHEELS Museum, language to address the creation of a memorial onsite, language requiring a financial plan, addressing rail maintenance and related rail facilities and finally an amendment that would editing to clarify which aspects of the Master Development Plan are to be considered compulsory and which elements which are advisory.

(K) The Barelas Neighborhood Association, the Broadway Central Corridor Partnership, the Citizens Information Committee of Martineztown, the Downtown Neighborhoods Association, the Hunter Highland Historic District Association, the Martineztown Work Group, the Raynolds Addition Neighborhood Association, the Santa Barbara Martineztown Association, the South Broadway Neighborhood Association and the Downtown Action Team were notified of this application. No facilitated meeting was held, though a number of well attended public meetings were held during the planning process and the Barelas and South Broadway Neighborhood Association, those most directly impacted by the re-development, were and continue to be participants on the Rail Yards Advisory Board. There is no known opposition to a recommendation of approval.

(L) Staff has received a number of emails through the online contact form on the City website for the Rail Yards. A number of the emails received discuss a desire for a public market to be located in the Blacksmith Shop or a similar building. The current use of the Blacksmith Shop as a special event space is intended as an interim use. The Master Plan proposes the final use for the Blacksmith Shop as office uses. While the Master Plan does not specifically prohibit the eventual use of the space as a market, it does not provide policy guidance for the use of the Blacksmith Shop as a market.

SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, word or phrase of this resolution is for any reason held to be invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this resolution. The Council hereby declares that it would have passed this resolution and each section, paragraph, sentence, clause, word or phrase thereof irrespective of any provision being declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid.

SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. This resolution shall take effect five days after publication by title and general summary.
PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 16th DAY OF June, 2014
BY A VOTE OF: 9 FOR 0 AGAINST.

Ken Sánchez
President
City Council

APPROVED THIS 3rd DAY OF July, 2014

Bill No. R-14-23

Richard J. Berry, Mayor
City of Albuquerque

ATTEST:

Trina M. Gurdie, Acting City Clerk
ALBUQUERQUE
RAIL YARDS
MASTER
DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Adopted June 2014
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90' Bay
1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 Project Introduction

This Master Development Plan (MDP) is the culmination of a three-year planning and design process initiated by the City of Albuquerque for the 27.3 acre site referred to as the “Rail Yards”. The process included active involvement from many diverse stakeholders, including the City, Rail Yards Advisory Board, the Barelas, South Broadway, and San Jose Neighborhood Associations, WHEELS Museum, New Mexico Steam Locomotive and Railroad Historical Society, the general public, and other stakeholders. The MDP aims to respond to the input received from all of the interested parties regarding this unique property. The MDP is intended to provide the necessary guidance for long term redevelopment of the Rail Yards property. It is not intended to be overly restrictive, but rather to provide flexibility with predictability over time.
1.2 Project History and Process

Phase One - Request for Proposal

A Request For Proposal (RFP) was issued by the City of Albuquerque in July 2010 for a Master Developer to “plan, design, implement, and manage a mixed use redevelopment of the City-owned 27.3 acre site containing Historic Locomotive Shops (a.k.a. the Rail Yards).” The intent was to redevelop the Rail Yards into a mixed use project that would include a minimum of 30 units of workforce housing and a transportation museum to be operated by the WHEELS (We Have Everything Everyone Loves Spinning) Museum Foundation. The City’s Rail Yards Advisory Board was responsible for recommending the selection of the Master Developer to the Mayor and the City Council. The RFP provided a list of purposes for the redevelopment project as follows:

1. Develop Workforce Housing and a museum to be operated by the WHEELS Museum to meet legislative requirements;

2. Establish a focal point for social and commercial activity;

3. Restore connectivity between the site and adjoining neighborhoods, and strengthen connections with other area amenities and resources;

4. Catalyze further neighborhood redevelopment in collaboration with the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods;

5. Preserve and re-use the site’s historical architectural assets and unique visual environment;

6. Stimulate redevelopment of Albuquerque’s greater downtown area;

7. Maximize transportation opportunities offered by proximity to the “Railrunner” Commuter Train Station, city transit hub and bicycle network;

8. Generate employment opportunities, with a mix of living and high wage jobs, as well as job training; and

9. Provide for the substantial public and social needs of the community, including, for example, health care, job training, education, immigrant services, and childcare.

Proposals were submitted to the City in September 2010. Samitaur Constructs (Samitaur) was subsequently selected as the Master Developer for the redevelopment project. The project is envisioned to be developed in four phases, with Phase 1 being the RFP process, Phase 2 entailing the creation of the Master Development Plan, Phase 3 entailing the design and approval of the Master Development Plan, and Phase 4 covering the disposition, financing, construction, and management of the Rail Yards Redevelopment project to be regulated pursuant to a Master Development and Disposition Agreement to be negotiated between the City and Samitaur.

Phase Two and Phase Three Master Plan Agreement

The Phase Two and Phase Three Master Plan Agreement is between the City of Albuquerque and Samitaur. The agreement, which was signed on June 15, 2012, confirms the selection of Samitaur by the City as the Master Developer of the Rail Yards project and confers upon Samitaur the right to develop the entire project area under the City’s ownership or control. The Master Plan Agreement provides the framework for the Master Development and Disposition Agreement. The Master Plan Agreement defines the project area as follows:

Tract A as shown on the Plat of Tract A, A.T. & S.F. Railway Company Machine Shop, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County, New Mexico, as the same is shown and designated on the plat thereof, filed in the office of the County Clerk for Bernalillo County, New Mexico on January 25, 1996, in Plat Book 96C, Folio 44, containing approximately 27.32 acres more or less.

The Rail Yards property was acquired in 2007 by the City with funds appropriate for specific purposes, including state and local funding.
sources. Pursuant to the RFP, state funds, and City Council Resolutions R-07-202, R-07-274, and R-07-332, the Master Development Plan shall address community revitalization through the elimination of blighted conditions and emphasis on economic development, and shall include a minimum of 30 units of workforce housing and a location for the WHEELS Museum.

The Master Plan Agreement addresses financing for on-site and off-site infrastructure. Samitaur is responsible for on-site infrastructure needed to implement the Master Development Plan. Samitaur will be responsible for any off-site infrastructure only to the extent that it is required to benefit the project. The City may participate in funding off-site improvements to the extent that the infrastructure capacity required by the City exceeds that required for the project.

The Master Plan Agreement provides language regarding environmental issues, traffic impact study, conceptual drainage plan, and conceptual water, sewer, and dry utilities plans. In regard to traffic impact analyses and the evaluation of the capacity of intersections, the Master Plan Agreement gives the Planning Director the authority to accept alternative analyses, including the evaluation of public transportation opportunities, shuttle services to City parking structures, etc.

1.3 Master Development Plan Intent

The MDP is a long-range planning document that is intended to guide redevelopment of the Rail Yards property into a vibrant, mixed use employment and cultural center that includes commercial, office, light industrial and institutional uses that are complemented by residential development and public spaces. In order to fulfill the vision for redevelopment of this property, the MDP provides:

- The necessary framework to direct new development that respects the historic condition and context of the Rail Yards property;
- A description of the history of the site and neighborhood context, physical conditions, public input process, regulatory framework,
2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

2.1 Neighborhood History & Context

The Rail Yards property lies within the Barelas neighborhood, one of Albuquerque’s oldest, and is adjacent to the South Broadway neighborhood. Originally settled as a farming community, it was reshaped by the establishment of the railroad in the 1880s. By the 1900s, Barelas was flourishing, with many of its residents employed by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway (AT&SF).

In the mid-1920s, South 4th Street in Barelas was designated part of Route 66 and the Pan American Highway (U.S. 85), which helped establish a thriving commercial corridor active from the 1930s through the 1950s. The decline of the railroad industry and the construction of Interstate 25 negatively affected the community, as did the urban renewal program of the 1970s, which led to industrial development replacing much of the housing stock in south Barelas. However, the Barelas neighborhood has added new amenities in recent decades including the Albuquerque Hispano Chamber of Commerce and, further south, the National Hispanic Cultural Center. These additions have reaffirmed its history and community character.

Along the eastern edge of the Rail Yards is the South Broadway neighborhood. Much of the community’s growth took place between 1885 and 1925, following its founding by Antonio Sandoval, a wealthy landowner responsible for constructing the Barelas ditch, which drained and irrigated the surrounding area. As in Barelas, many of South Broadway’s residents made their living through agricultural pursuits before transitioning to jobs at the Rail Yards and a local iron foundry.

South Broadway urbanized rapidly during this period, only to suffer similar economic and population decline concurrent to that of the railroad industry. Recently, the United South Broadway Corporation and other organizations have worked to provide affordable housing for residents of the community.

The redevelopment of the Rail Yards provides an opportunity for Barelas, South Broadway and Downtown Albuquerque to enrich their respective individual identities while rallying around a new collective identity to whose development each is crucial. Residents of these communities have expressed both excitement and reservations regarding redevelopment plans for the Rail Yards and, given the...
Figure 1: Site Aerial Context

Aerial view Albuquerque showing relationship of Rail Yards site to surrounding civic amenities
personal ties many have to the history of the Rail Yards, for good reason. Nevertheless, successful redevelopment truly has the potential to be a force of unification for the communities, the city, and the state of New Mexico.

### 2.2 Site History

“Between 1880 and 1930, the single most important factor in Albuquerque’s transformation from a farming village to a commercial and industrial center, and its emergence as the leading city of New Mexico, was the railroad. Throughout this period, the Santa Fe Railway was the city’s leading employer, culminating in an estimated 1500 employees during World War II.” (Wilson, 1986)

The impact of a transcontinental railroad on the economic development of the Territory of New Mexico, and the subsequent growth of Albuquerque, cannot be overstated. As was the case with other previous economic lifelines in the region, such as the Camino Real de Tierra Adentro in the sixteenth through early nineteenth centuries and the Santa Fe Trail in the early to mid-nineteenth century, the arrival of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe (AT&SF) Railway into northeast New Mexico in the winter of 1879 was a significant historical event for not only New Mexico and Albuquerque but the entire region as well. (Dodge et al, 2014)

The Historic Locomotive Shops on the Rail Yards site were built by the AT&SF Railway between 1914 and 1924 as a maintenance and repair facility for steam locomotives that served the southwestern United States and was one of only four such facilities built for that purpose. (The other three being located in Topeka, Kan., Cleburne, Texas, and San Bernardino, Calif.) The shop complex was outfitted with the latest engineering technology for locomotive repair and industrial efficiency. As such, the shops were an integral part of the AT&SF’s railroad transportation system, which provided freight and passenger service for more than six decades. The Locomotive Shops also played an integral part in the economic history of Albuquerque by their status as
the second largest industrial complex in the state and the city’s largest employer. The shops played a major role in the city’s economic development, particularly in the adjacent neighborhoods of Barelas, South Broadway and San Jose (Dodge et al, 2014).

Beginning in 1914, and continuing intermittently for the next ten years, the Rail Yards expansion resulted in the completion of more than twenty-five buildings, structures, and other improvements spread over twenty-seven acres. The resulting complex represented the latest in industrial construction techniques and installing equipment that embodied state-of-the-art engineering technology for steam locomotive repair and maintenance - a task that required a great deal of daily maintenance as well as regular, periodic major overhauls. Every day, or every 100 to 150 miles, it was necessary to remove clinkers (the residue of unfired or partially fired coal) from the locomotive’s firebox, clean the fire tubes, flues, and smoke boxes, wash out mineral residue from the boiler, and inspect all moving parts for general wear and tear. Major overhauls were undertaken every 400,000 miles of operation that included a complete disassembly of the engine, the cleaning and repairing of all moving parts including trueing the wheels, and patching or replacing the boiler or firebox. All of this work, including the reconditioning and fabrication of replacement parts, was done at Albuquerque’s locomotive shops. (Dodge et al, 2014)

At their height in the mid 1940s, the shops serviced an average of 40 locomotives per month. The complex was built at a time when industrial architecture was making a shift nationwide from large masonry load bearing walls with timber roof construction to steel structures with thinner walls of brick veneer or a structure of reinforced concrete. Both steel and concrete structure allowed for much larger window openings, and therefore, better interior day lighting and ventilation. Because of the railroad’s leading role, the remaining structures are now the most prominent reminders of this important period in Albuquerque’s history. (Wilson, 1986)
Figure 2: Spirit of the Rail Yards
The “Spirit” of the Rail Yards referenced throughout this Master Development Plan is embodied in the images shown in this spread; American ingenuity, craftsmanship and pride of work. The intent of the proposed redevelopment is to continue this lineage of innovation into the modern era — not through nostalgia, but by rekindling the original spirit.
2.2.1 Past Preservation Efforts

The Santa Fe Railway demolished its landmark Hotel Alvarado in 1970, removing the most treasured of Albuquerque’s railroad buildings after a local preservation effort stalled. Its loss informs local thinking about the value of preserving the city’s remaining historic buildings, especially those of the railroad.

In 1986, the Santa Fe Railway demolished the Roundhouse, Power Plant, and 230-foot smokestack, thwarting the City’s attempt to designate the complex as a City Landmark and listing on both state and national historic registers that could have helped prevent demolition. Again Albuquerque’s railroad architectural heritage was harmed, drawing even more attention to what remains of the massive Rail Yards.

The historic resources remaining from the shops complex constitute the largest historic industrial plant in the state. They employ a variety of materials and features which reflect the rapid innovation of industrial design and architecture at the time.

The Rail Yards buildings, because of the quality of their design, construction, and style, are an excellent representation of this industrial aspect of the city’s history and are eligible for listing on the New Mexico Register of Cultural Properties and National Register of Historic Places, as well as designation as Albuquerque City Landmarks.

Refer to Appendix C for a photographic survey that provides a brief description and photo documentation of some of the historic resources to be preserved and adaptively reused.

2.3 Existing Site Conditions

The 27.3 acre Rail Yards site is rectangular in shape and oriented north-south, measuring approximately 2000ft. in length and 650ft in width. The site is bordered on the north and south by parcels owned by the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad (BNSF). These parcels are currently in limited use as railway support facilities. The site is bordered to the west by 2nd Street for the majority of its perimeter with the exception of the northern most portions, which tapers to follow 1st Street. To the east, the site lies directly adjacent to the railroad alignment also controlled by BNSF and is in active use for both freight and passenger train service.

2.3.1 Neighborhood Edges

The relationship between the Rail Yards and the surrounding neighborhoods of Barelas and South Broadway is characteristic of many American cities: modest working class, single-family detached homes located immediately adjacent to the main industry or factory in town. The images on the following pages show views both to and from the Rail Yards site out to these neighborhoods.

2.3.2 Existing Building Conditions

The existing property edge is barricaded by a chain link fence and off-limits to the community. For years, the Rail Yards have been
View east toward South Broadway neighborhood from roof of Machine Shop.

View west toward Barelas neighborhood from roof of Machine Shop.

View South toward former site of Roundhouse Building from roof of Machine Shop. Turntable is still in operation.

View South down fire runway between Machine Shop and Barelas neighborhood to the West.
abandoned and left in a state of increasing disrepair as evidenced by the photos shown below. Beyond the cosmetic damages of graffiti and broken glass, lie the more significant concerns of potential structural damage and water infiltration damage through large areas of roof failure that have manifested in many of the large structures such as the Machine and Boiler Shops. It has been reported that storms have continued to erode large areas of roof sheathing causing the existing creosote flooring to be significantly damaged. In addition, one of the large 20-foot-tall Machine Shop doors recently collapsed from its track.

The Master Development Plan represents a first step toward stemming the tide of neglect and abandonment that unfortunately characterizes the current condition of the once grand Rail Yards complex.

2.3.3 Easements
There are two current easements affecting the site. The first allows for the continued use of the Turntable and access thereto, and the second allows for a continuous 10ft. utility easement running along the western perimeter of the site. Refer to the Site Development Plan for Subdivision drawing in Section 6 for the location of each.

2.3.4 Utilities
Given that the Rail Yards were in use up until the 1990s, the site is serviced by all requisite utilities: electricity, gas, water, sewer, and storm drain. The site is not currently serviced by fiber optic telecommunications. Utility infrastructure and capacity, however, are likely insufficient to accommodate the level of redevelopment anticipated by the Master Development Plan.

2.3.5 Environmental Conditions
As a former industrial site, the Rail Yards has some soil and groundwater contamination caused by former site activities. The environmental condition of the site has been extensively studied and there are now few, if any, data gaps. Significant removal of
contaminated soil has already been accomplished. Contaminated areas still within the site include the following:

- The southern one-third of the site was formerly occupied by a number of above ground fuel tanks, below ground fuel cellars and an oil/water separator. Some of these storage vessels leaked and, therefore, soils have been contaminated with petroleum fuel, primarily diesel and motor oil. Also, soil around a former oil cellar north of the Blacksmith Shop and along the eastern site boundary remains contaminated with petroleum. Groundwater contamination appears to be limited to the southeast corner of the site.

- Sandblasting and battery storage caused lead contamination of soil in two areas north of the main buildings on the site. Much of the lead-contaminated soil has been removed. Lead contamination of shallow soils still exists in more widespread areas of the site.

- Most paint on the historic structures is lead-based, and the glazing of some of the windows contains asbestos.

- Petroleum contamination exists in the soil under the Machine Shop, and lead contamination exists in the soil under the Paint Shop.
Figure 3: Spirit of Place

Machine Shop, View from roof clerestory looking west
Machine Shop, View from roof clerestory looking east
3.0 PUBLIC INPUT PROCESS

Introduction
The Rail Yards MDP process involved a multi-pronged approach for engaging the public. This included the establishment of and meetings with the Rail Yards Advisory Board, public meetings and open houses, and hearings before the Environmental Planning Commission and the City Council. This section provides information about the public outreach efforts made by the planning team as part of the process to develop the Rail Yards Master Development Plan. The City and Samitaur relied heavily on input received during the process to inform the concepts and goals and policies of the Master Plan, so it was important to design a robust and engaging public input process that provided ample opportunities for interested parties to receive information and offer meaningful feedback.

3.1 Rail Yards Advisory Board
The Rail Yards Advisory Board was established by City Council Resolution F/S R-08-47. Per the Resolution, the Advisory Board was charged with assisting the City in selecting the master developer and overseeing the redevelopment process, including advising the City in regard to the approval and implementation of the MDP, the establishment of interim and/or long-term uses, and the programming and expenditure of capital and operating funds to support redevelopment efforts. The Advisory Board is comprised of elected officials and representatives from the community in order to “ensure transparency, extensive community consultation, and collaboration in the decision-making process”.

Per the Resolution, the Rail Yards Advisory Board consists of the following representatives:

- City of Albuquerque (two members) - The Mayor or Mayor’s designee and the City Councilor elected to represent the Rail Yards area.
- State of New Mexico (six members) - A representative appointed by the Governor, the State Senators from Districts 12 and 14, and State Representatives from Districts 11 and 14.
- Bernalillo County (one member) - The County Commissioner from District 2
- A representative of the WHEELS Museum
- A representative from the Barelas neighborhood
- A representative from the South Broadway neighborhood
- A representative of the New Mexico District Council of the Urban Land Institute
- If applicable, the developer selected to develop Workforce Housing

3.2 Public Meetings/ Workshops
The City undertook extensive notification efforts in order to reach a wide audience and invite broad participation in the planning process. Initial means of notifying the public of the kick-off meetings for the Master Planning process included:

- Direct mail (nearly 4,000 pieces) to all property owners and residents in the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods, and notification of all Downtown area neighborhood associations. The mail piece included a letter from Mayor Richard J. Berry, City Councilor Isaac Benton, and then-City Councilor Debbie O’Malley that invited them to the Master Plan kick-off meetings in August, 2012, and explained how to stay engaged in the process. Also included in the mailing was a postcard to return to the Project Coordinator to request to be added to the notification list, and a brochure containing background information about the project and the seven guiding principles from the Master Plan Agreement.
- Article in the August, 2012, Neighborhood Newsletter (distributed to all contacts on file with the City’s Office
The public input process for the Rail Yards MDP started in August 2012. The City and Samitaur held three community kick-off meetings on August 23 and 25, 2012 to explain the planning process, introduce the project team, and receive initial feedback from the public. The first meeting was held at the National Hispanic Cultural Center for the general public. The second meeting was held at Barelas Community Center and was intended to reach out to the Barelas community. The third meeting was held at the South Broadway Cultural Center and was intended for the South Broadway community. A raffle was held at the meetings for a tour of the Rail Yards property at a later date in September.

Following the public kick-off meetings in August, the planning team met with specific stakeholders to solicit feedback on issues affecting particular aspects of the redevelopment of the Rail Yards. The organization and individuals the team met with were:

- Albuquerque Convention and Visitors Bureau
- Albuquerque Economic Development
- Albuquerque Hispano Chamber of Commerce
- Barelas Neighborhood Association / Barelas Community Coalition*
- Bernalillo County Economic Development staff
- City of Albuquerque

Follow-up communication was maintained via an email distribution list managed by City Planning Department staff. Emails were sent to notify people when new materials, such as meeting summaries, were available on the Rail Yards website and with information and reminders about upcoming meetings and tour opportunities. City Planning Department staff also served as the primary point of contact for people with questions about the process or who wanted to submit comments for consideration.

The article contained information about the kick-off meetings, the seven guiding principles from the Master Plan Agreement and the address for the Rail Yards website.

- Media Advisory on August 20, 2012. The media advisory contained information about the kick-off meetings and invited the public to attend the meetings to have a chance to win a guided tour of the site.

- Rail Yards Website. The City maintains a website containing information about the project, including its history and updates about the Master Planning process. The website also provides an opportunity for the public to submit comments directly to the planning team via an online form.

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<thead>
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<th>Rail Yards Master Plan Public Meetings</th>
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<tr>
<td>Kick-Off Meetings</td>
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<td>Saturday, August 25, 2012, 10 AM</td>
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<td>Open House / Tours of Site</td>
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<td>Saturday, December 1, 2012, 10 AM–2 PM</td>
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<td>Albuquerque Rail Yards</td>
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• Mayor Richard J. Berry
• Department of Family & Community Service staff and Affordable Housing Committee representative
• Transit Department Staff
• City of Albuquerque Economic Development staff
• Downtown Action Team
• Economic Forum
• Mid Region Council of Governments
• New Mexico Steam Locomotive 2926 / Railroad Historic Society
• South Broadway Neighborhood Association*
• WHEELS Museum

* NOTE: In addition to sit-down meetings with the neighborhoods, the planning team went on tours of the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods, guided by residents, in order to understand the sensitive interfaces with and important connections to the site. As with feedback received from the public, the planning team took into consideration the ideas and input received via the targeted stakeholder meetings in developing the initial Master Plan concepts.

A general public meeting was held by the City and Samitaur on October 25, 2012 at the Barelas Community Center. Over 100 people attended this meeting, including members of the Rail Yards Advisory Board. The draft plan concepts, which were based upon the RFP, the Guiding Principles in the Master Plan Agreement, and the feedback received at the three August meetings and the stakeholder meetings held in September 2012, were presented to the public by the Samitaur project team.

The presentation focused on the site organization, use patterns, massing and scale of the buildings, project phasing, and the architectural concepts for the site. A number of themes emerged at the meeting, including ideas and comments from participants regarding sustainable design elements, edge treatment (proposed “Acoustic Mounds” concept), existing buildings and spaces, community open space, connection to neighborhoods, workforce housing, jobs and economic development, and planning process and phasing. In addition to the evening meeting, the City and Samitaur held three tours during the day at the Rail Yards property.

The next general public meeting was held on December 1, 2012 at the Rail Yards property. This meeting was designed as an open house, and over 300 people attended this event throughout the day. Samitaur presented its draft plan concepts and the project team and City staff were on hand to answer questions and record comments from the participants. Over 200 people took guided tours of the Rail Yards during this event. Given the popularity of the tours, and the limited number that could be held during this event, other interested participants signed up for future tours. Comments received were organized by the meeting facilitators into general categories, including values/principles for the master plan, specific uses, features, and site improvements, tours of the site, and personal connection to the site and its redevelopment.

A presentation of the master planning process and draft concepts for redevelopment was given to the Rail Yards Advisory Board on January 9, 2013. City staff provided an overview of the public process to date, and Samitaur and its consultants introduced the draft redevelopment concepts. Frederick and Laurie Samitaur-Smith emphasized the importance of creating jobs for local residents. The consultants also explained the formal approval process for the MDP, including receiving recommendations from the Rail Yards Advisory Board and the Environmental Planning Commission prior to seeking final approval from the City Council.

3.3 Public Input Process and Major Planning Themes

In order to ensure an open and participatory dialogue, the City engaged local consultants Tim Karpoff & Associates to facilitate the series of public meetings that were used to receive input and communicate initial concepts for the Master Development Plan. The
facilitation team moderated and recorded the discussions at the kick-off meetings in August and the first presentation of the plan concepts on October 25, 2012. The team also helped host the December 1, 2012, Open House at the Rail Yards, during which facilitation team members oriented both newcomers and veterans of the process to the activities of the planning effort. After each of the meetings, the facilitators provided a summary report documenting the input received. These reports were shared with the public through email distribution and the website, and were used by the planning team in developing the Master Development Plan.

With its many features and structures of varying construction, sizes, and historic uses, the Rail Yards site can be difficult to fully understand and appreciate without having experienced it for oneself. Therefore, in addition to public meetings, tours of the site were offered during the Master Plan process to provide the public with opportunities to gain a firsthand understanding of the site so that they could be more informed when commenting on the Master Development Plan’s proposals. For safety and liability reasons, tours had to be limited in size and number, but approximately 300 people had the opportunity to tour the site as part of the Master Plan process. All in all, hundreds of people participated in the public meetings and tours, including residents of the adjacent neighborhoods, people representing organizations with a specific interest in the project, former employees of the AT&SF/BNSF railroad shops, and individuals from across the city and region who are interested in how the site will be redeveloped. Many people attended the initial kick-off meetings as well as follow-up meetings, which provided continuity in the process and afforded the planning team the opportunity to develop relationships with interested individuals and parties.

A number of major planning themes emerged from the comments provided by the participants at the public meetings. These themes are generally consistent with the guiding principles of the Master Plan Agreement and are summarized as follows:

- The MDP should embrace the concept of creating “synergy” between the jobs created at the Rail Yards and employment of neighborhood residents, in order to raise the economic status for Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods.
- Public access to the historic buildings should be maintained to the extent feasible.
- Provide the opportunity for micro-businesses to locate at the Rail Yards, and not limit users to a single commercial business.
- Provide landscaped, public spaces within the Rail Yards, including turf grass, trees, and shade structures.
- Promote and ensure better transit access to the Rail Yards. Prioritize redevelopment of and recognition of the Round House as an important element of Albuquerque’s history.
- Provide the opportunity for the WHEELS Museum to be located within the Round House.
- Complete the environmental clean-up of the Rail Yards property.
- Continue providing public access through events and/or tours of the Rail Yards property in order to build more public support and momentum for redevelopment.
4.0 ZONING COMPLIANCE & REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

Introduction
This section provides a description of the City policies and existing zoning and regulatory framework provided through the Albuquerque / Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan and the Barelas Sector Development Plan. The intent is to illustrate how the MDP and the site design comply with the existing zoning, plans, and policies.

4.1 Albuquerque/ Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan

The Albuquerque/Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan (Comprehensive Plan) is a Rank 1 plan. The Rail Yards property is located within the Central Urban area as designated by the Comprehensive Plan. The Central Urban area is a portion of the Established Urban area and is subject to those policies in addition to the Central Urban policies. The goal of the Central Urban area is as follows:

“The Goal is to promote the Central Urban Area as a focus for arts, cultural, and public facilities / activities while recognizing and enhancing the character of its residential neighborhoods and its importance as the historic center of the City.”

Applicable policies address locating public, cultural, and arts facilities in the Central Urban area and preserving existing facilities, upgrading neighborhoods through capital improvements, and creating links between these facilities and residential areas. Policies in the Established Urban area address a variety of issues applicable to the Rail Yards property.

Applicable policies and how the MDP furthers them are as follows:

Land Use Policies
Policy II.B.5.d: “The location, intensity, and design of new development shall respect existing neighborhood values, natural environmental conditions and carrying capacities, scenic resources, and resources of other social, cultural, and recreational concern.”

Policy II.B.5.i: “Employment and service uses shall be located to complement residential areas and sited to minimize the adverse effects of noise, lighting, pollution, and traffic on residential environments.”

Policy II.B.5.o: “Redevelopment and rehabilitation of older neighborhoods in the Established Urban area shall be continued and strengthened.”

Economic Development Policies
Policy II.D.6.a: “New employment opportunities which will accommodate a wide range of occupational skills and salary levels shall be encouraged and new jobs located convenient to areas of most need.”

Policy II.D.6.b: “Development of local business enterprises as well as the recruitment of outside firms shall be emphasized.”

Policy II.D.6.c: “Opportunities for improvement in occupational skills and advancement shall be encouraged.”

The Rail Yards MDP, and the SU-2/HLS zoning as designated by the Barelas Sector Development Plan, have been designed to be consistent with and fulfill these land use and economic development policies. The MDP includes the necessary safeguards for developing new commercial and light industrial uses alongside existing and future residential uses, both adjacent to and within the site.

The MDP provides the framework for redevelopment of the Rail Yards site in order to reinvigorate this area and bring new life to this long vacant property within an historically significant area of Albuquerque. The Development Regulations, Design Guidelines and the Site Development Plan for Subdivision contained within the MDP address noise, lighting, sustainability, and landscape issues within and adjacent to the property.
The proposed redevelopment strategies contained in the MDP respect neighborhood values by providing for the opportunity of new, permanent jobs for local residents with a potential range of occupational skills and salary levels. Construction jobs will also be an important component of the project, which will last for many years until full development of the property is achieved. The MDP provides physical connections and entry points from surrounding neighborhoods to the property for pedestrians, bicyclists, and vehicular traffic. The MDP provides strategies for interim and permanent uses.

### 4.2 Barelas Sector Development Plan & Existing Zoning

The Rail Yards property is located within the Barelas Sector Development Plan area. The Barelas Sector Development Plan (Barelas SDP), a Rank Three plan, was adopted in April 2008 and zoned the Rail Yards property as SU-2/HLS (Historic Locomotive Shops).

The Barelas SDP prioritized the redevelopment of the Rail Yards property as a key economic development strategy. Participants in the planning process for the Barelas SDP identified the importance of creating employment opportunities for local residents and mitigating any negative impact redevelopment might have. They also valued the historic nature of the existing structures and felt that redevelopment should recognize and celebrate the history of the railroad. Participants felt that efforts towards business retention and recruitment should be directed towards businesses that meet local shopping needs.

The Barelas SDP requires that the entire Rail Yards property be controlled by a MDP that is reviewed by the Rail Yards Advisory Board and the Environmental Planning Commission and adopted by the City Council before a building permit is issued for any portion of the site. Exceptions include a museum project (WHEELS Museum) and a City-sponsored housing project, both of which may receive approvals and building permits prior to the adoption of the MDP, and subject to an agreement with the City that has been approved by City Council being in place. The Barelas SDP requires that the MDP include appropriate buffering between residential and non-residential uses on the site.

The SU-2/HLS zone for the Rail Yards property (as established by the Barelas SDP) is based on the C-2 Community Commercial zone, IP Industrial Park zone, and R-3 Residential zone of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code. As stated in the Barelas SDP, “The zone provides for flexibility of land use and design within the property and for compatible orientation to the neighborhood and buffering between the locomotive shops complex and residential areas.” This unique zoning supports the community’s desire to provide high-quality employment in the neighborhood, increase the neighborhood’s residential population, and provide for goods and services that meet the needs of neighborhood residents and businesses.

The SU-2/HLS zone provides the development approval process for the Master Development Plan as well as a process for amendments and deviations to the Master Development Plan.

Permissive and conditional uses of the three zoning categories are allowed by the Barelas SDP, with exceptions. Uses permissive in the C-2 Community Commercial zone are allowed. Uses permissive in the IP Industrial Park zone are allowed, with the exception of an air separation plant. Permissive uses also include iron or steel foundry or fabrication plan, forging, rolling, or heavyweight casting, as regulated by the MDP and provided that such use is buffered from abutting residential zones or residential uses, as approved in the MDP. Conditional uses of the C-2 Community Commercial and R-3 Residential zones are allowed, with the requirement that they are shown on the MDP along with their relationship to other uses on the site. Prohibited uses include emergency shelter, retail sale of alcoholic drinks for consumption off-premise, off-premise signs, sale of gasoline and liquefied petroleum gas, adult amusement establishment and adult store, cold storage plant, and pawn shop.
Figure 4: Rail Yards, Surrounding Parcelization & Zoning
The SU-2/HLS zone also provides site development regulations including height, setbacks, off-street parking, landscaping, and orientation.

### 4.3 Historic Preservation

Because the site is owned by a public entity, the City of Albuquerque, and contains historic resources, the site plan and its implementation will involve numerous preservation compliance regulations. These regulations are spelled out in federal law in the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (as amended) and in state law in the New Mexico Historic and Prehistoric Sites Preservation Act (Section 18-8-7, NMSA 1978), also known as Section 7 review. Some of these steps as well as other preservation measures are already underway.

- Federal regulations apply when federal money is being used for a project or if a federal permit, license or approval is required. In such a case, the law requires that a Section 106 Review (referring to the section number of the National Historic Preservation Act) be conducted by the State Historic Preservation Officer to determine if there is any adverse effect to the historic resources. To date, the only federal dollars involved with this project were used for Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) efforts at the site. It has been determined by the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the agency responsible for making such determinations, that the EPA involvement was not sufficient to trigger a Section 106 review of the project. In the future, if federal funds are used, including housing assistance, the question of a Section 106 Review may become applicable.

- Federal tax credits are available for rehabilitation projects on registered historic properties that meet the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for Treatment of Historic Properties and pass the rigorous reviews of the Internal Revenue Service as well as the National Park Service.

- State preservation regulations spelled out in the New Mexico Historic and Prehistoric Sites Act do apply to public funds, including funds spent by municipalities in the State. Projects that are publicly funded require a Section 7 review by the New Mexico State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). If the entire site is nominated for listing on the State Register of Cultural Properties, then Section 7 review will be required of this project because of the City of Albuquerque’s ownership of the site and its intended participation on the project going forward.

- Before the site is officially listed on the National Register, buildings and structures (site features) may be subject to Section 106 review by being determined to be eligible for the National Register. The City of Albuquerque has prepared Historic Cultural Properties Inventory (HCPI) forms describing each building on the site as well as some of the non-building features. The HCPI forms will be a reference for the Determination of Eligibility (DOE) to be executed by the City of Albuquerque and SHPO in mutual consultation.

- To date, there have been five meetings with SHPO staff, attended by City of Albuquerque and Samitaur staff and consultants regarding the project. SHPO staff have visited the site numerous times, and staff members have worked with the City of Albuquerque to prepare inventory forms of the cultural resources.

- As the plans develop, and as the projects begin on the site, SHPO staff will be reviewing draft plans and designs and commenting on proposals. Attendance of SHPO’s staff to ongoing planning meetings has been on an advisory role up to now. If and when the City lists the site to the State Register, SHPO’s role will further involve official compliance review under applicable preservation laws (Federal Section 106 and State Section 7).

- State tax credits are available for approved renovations to historic properties on the State Register.
The Firehouse on the site has been named a City of Albuquerque Landmark and has its own set of guidelines for treatment developed by the City’s Landmarks and Urban Conservation Commission (LUCC). Any changes to the Firehouse will require prior approval by the LUCC in addition to other permitting processes.

The City of Albuquerque has prepared a nomination for the site to the State and National Register of Historic Places. Nominations are reviewed by the SHPO, then placed before the New Mexico Cultural Properties Review Commission (CPRC), the citizens’ advisory board for the New Mexico Historic Preservation Division (HPD). The CPRC can make a decision to place the site on the State Register of Cultural Properties. If the CPRC votes to move the nomination forward to the national level, it will be sent to Washington, DC, for review by the keeper of the National Register. This process can take from 12 to 18 months.

In addition to the HCPI, Samitaur hired internationally recognized conservation architect, Giora Solar to review the historic resources and to provide a report recommending preservation measures. Refer to Section 10 for an overview of these recommendations.

With several preservation issues and agencies involved with bringing the Rail Yards back to life, it will be important to bring all the interested preservation agencies together to map out a “compliance plan.” This plan would coordinate which agency will review what parts of the plan and subsequent designs of individual components. For example, it is not efficient for both the SHPO’s office and the City’s Archaeologist to review archaeological issues. If the City’s LUCC decides to landmark the site or components (in addition to the Fire House), it will be important to coordinate the LUCC’s guidelines for development with the opinions of the SHPO to uncover any differences of opinion early in the process, since both agencies would have review authority. A good “compliance plan” will describe when reviews need to happen and by whom.

It should determine times for review, so that the development schedule can proceed in a timely manner.

### 4.4 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

As part of the “compliance path,” it is the intention of the Master Developer to memorialize the preservation recommendations included in the Master Development Plan in a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the City of Albuquerque, the New Mexico SHPO, the ACHP and with others as interested parties (such as the Master Developer). In order to move forward with development, there needs to be agreement on not just the specifics of what is to be preserved, but additional agreement on how that preservation effort will be conducted. This agreement is necessary in order for the Master Developer to be able to recruit economic development projects for the site and have a level of comfort about the preservation stipulations that will be placed on a given development on the site. The development of the MOU cannot be negotiated with the SHPO until such time as the historic resources are officially listed on the State Register of Cultural Properties.

There is good precedent for this process in the MOU for the Santa Fe Railyard redevelopment. That MOU was between the City of Santa Fe, City of Santa Fe Archaeological Review Committee, Santa Fe Railyard Community Corporation, New Mexico Cultural Properties Review Committee, SHPO, and the Trust for Public Land, dated 2004. In this case the site was already listed on the National and State Registers. It covers such issues as:

- Surveying all the properties (this has already been done for the Albuquerque Rail Yards)
- Listing of the Historic properties and their character defining features
- Treatment of Archaeological Sites
• Description of continued railroad operations (not applicable to Albuquerque Rail Yards)

• Design guidelines

• Process of approval for potential designs

• Recording requirements of any buildings to be removed

While the Albuquerque Rail Yards project is much more complex, the Santa Fe MOU and other MOU examples should be researched to come up with a document that codifies the consensus of the involved parties and guides the development process procedures in far greater detail than is appropriate at the master planning phase. This agreement should ride with the land as a component of leases and building rights documents to ensure that future parties abide by its requirements.

4.5 Maintenance Program Agreement

While it is not a legal regulation, many multi-building historic sites make use of a Maintenance Program Agreement with the SHPO. Program Agreements are management agreements between the National Park Service, represented by the SHPO, and the management of a specific site with cultural resources such as a National Park, a military base, or a university that uses federal funds on some buildings. A Maintenance Program Agreement, among other objectives, establishes the process by which cultural resources will be maintained and repaired. The National Historic Preservation Act requires that federal agencies and agencies receiving federal funds avoid adverse effects on cultural resources. This requirement is in place not just for initial changes to a site, but over time as repairs and maintenance are needed.

A good Maintenance Program Agreement eliminates the need for site managers to consult the SHPO on every treatment of a cultural resource for repair and maintenance. It accomplishes this objective by describing common maintenance and treatment situations that are expected to occur and describes the treatments that will be used.

The Albuquerque Rail Yards is being developed by a private Master Developer. At this time, Section 106 requirements are not applicable because no federal undertaking is currently involved. However, future development might occur that includes federal funding. In addition, future tenants or owners of building rights may wish to pursue Federal Tax Credits.

The City of Albuquerque and the Master Developer have a vested interest in having the cultural resources of the site repaired and maintained in keeping with the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards. Otherwise, through the years, with many different property managers making repairs and doing maintenance, the historical integrity of the property could diminish.

It is advised that the Master Developer and the SHPO develop a Maintenance Program Agreement for the Rail Yards that can serve as a guide for repair and maintenance by the Master Developer and form the basis of covenant agreements with future tenants, building rights of owners and developers.

A few examples of the types of repairs and maintenance items that should be included in a Maintenance Program Agreement include proper materials for replacement of broken glass, maintenance of metal surfaces, cleaning of brick and concrete surfaces, etc. The list can best be developed by referring to the character defining features that are described in the National/State Register Nomination. Examples of this type of program agreement can be found on line on the NPS website.
4.6 Archaeological Regulations

Because the site is larger than 5 acres, the City of Albuquerque’s Archaeological Ordinance will apply. The City’s Archaeologist will be participating in that process. The activities that could potentially disturb archaeological sites are more likely to occur when actual construction begins. Because buildings cover much of the site, the major concern will be the digging of utility lines. Artifacts of the historic period, especially those that might contribute to the history of the Rail Road years would be valuable additions to the story the site has to tell. Deeper excavations might also reveal pre-historic artifacts as with many sites in the Rio Grande Valley.

In addition to the City’s Ordinance, certain State of New Mexico regulations may apply as well. Based on the above, it is likely that an Archaeological Report will be required. The New Mexico State Archaeologist has been in multiple meetings concerning the Rail Yards project to date and will work with the City’s Archaeologist to determine what level of survey(s) are appropriate and how they might be efficiently conducted to satisfy both agencies. The New Mexico State Archaeologist commented that since the site was originally in the flood plain, it would be surprising to find much prehistoric information. However, the historic periods, such as what the area was like prior to the Rail Yards would be of archaeological interest.
5.0 GOALS AND POLICIES

Introduction
The following guiding principles, goals, and policies are adapted from three primary sources: the City’s Request for Proposals for a Master Developer, the Master Plan Agreement between the City and the Master Developer, and public input received during the Master Planning process. This section of the Master Plan is intended to serve as an overarching framework to guide the redevelopment of the Rail Yards over many decades.

Development decisions and City approvals shall consider whether a given proposal is consistent with and substantially furthers the goals and policies contained in this section, in addition to being consistent with other applicable plans, such as the Comprehensive Plan and relevant Rank 3 plans.

It is important to note that there will necessarily remain many unknowns with respect to the details of future redevelopment of the Rail Yards, such as specific tenants/user groups, types of employment opportunities, types of housing units, and particular cultural and other public amenities. However, the intent of these principles, goals and policies will be to serve as criteria against which to judge the appropriateness, feasibility and potential efficacy of all such future development activities, beginning with design and continuing through construction, operation and maintenance.

Guiding Principle #1: Job Generation, Economic Development & Economic Viability

The Rail Yards, once an economic pillar for the community, is envisioned to become a hub of economic activity again. The Master Plan provides a framework for renewed economic and business success for the Project Area and is sufficiently flexible to accommodate a variety of potential future economic uses and opportunities. The Plan also provides opportunities to generate quality, living-wage and high-wage jobs and programs that will link those jobs with community residents.

The Master Plan recognizes that the success of the Project Area is directly related to the financial feasibility of the overall mix of uses that is ultimately developed. Implementation of the Master Plan should prioritize uses that are financially self-sustaining and, preferably, revenue-generating and minimize the City’s exposure to and obligation for direct costs and subsidies.

Goal 1.1 - The Rail Yards will again become a major employment center: The Rail Yards site will function again as a major skilled employment generator that utilizes the local workforce.

Policy 1.1.1 - Focus resources and attention toward successful Rail Yards redevelopment: The City and the Master Developer, through direct investment, policies, legislation and formation of public-private partnerships, will maximize the potential for successful redevelopment at the Rail Yards site and the surrounding area.

Policy 1.1.2 - Support local business development: The City and the Master developer will support the start-up and growth of businesses that enhance the Rail Yards site and complement businesses in the surrounding communities. This may include,
for example, the establishment of a small business incubator or second stage incubator on the site.

**Goal 1.2 - The Rail Yards site will support a mix of employment opportunities:** The range of employers at the Rail Yards will collectively provide a mix of living and high-wage employment, as well as opportunities for on-the-job training.

**Policy 1.2.1 - Support educational/workforce training:** The City and the Master Developer will work with local and state organizations to provide opportunities for “educational training” at the Rail Yards.

**Policy 1.2.2 - Institute “First Source” hiring:** The City, Master Developer and future businesses at the Rail Yards will encourage the practice of first-source hiring, through legislation, contracting requirements and/or incentives to hire local employees, and incentives to hire graduates of New Mexico institutions.

**Goal 1.3 - Economically viable development at the Rail Yards site will create new revenue streams for the City and the State:** Redevelopment will focus on developing economically viable businesses and projects that also generate new streams of revenue for the City and State.

**Policy 1.3.1 - Develop a financing and implementation package:** The City and Master Developer will design a financing and implementation package that incentivizes business development yet minimizes costs, obligations and exposure for the City during both construction and operation of the Rail Yards redevelopment.

**Policy 1.3.2 - Demonstrate financial sustainability:** All uses, features and projects will demonstrate that they are either financially self-sustaining or have sufficient public financial assistance to provide for their construction, development and/or sustained operation and maintenance.

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**Guiding Principle #2: Housing**

Integrating housing into the Rail Yards redevelopment of the site is important for three reasons:

1. To ensure the availability of affordable housing in the community;
2. To minimize possible displacement of people as a result of redevelopment; and
3. To create a true mixed-use environment and a constant presence on the site, which will increase the overall vibrancy and safety of the site.

The Master Plan supports construction of the required Workforce Housing and includes opportunities for additional affordable and market rate housing. The development of housing at the Rail Yards will be coordinated with the City’s ongoing efforts to rehabilitate existing housing in the surrounding neighborhoods.

**Goal 2.1 - A mix of housing types will be available at the Rail Yards:** A range of housing types, such as apartments and/or live/work units, that are either market rate and/or Workforce Housing could be developed in order to meet market demand for mixed-use, urban dwellings and to help create an active and vibrant site.

**Policy 2.1.1 - Meet the Workforce Housing requirement:** A minimum of thirty (30) units of Workforce Housing, as defined by City Ordinance 30-2006 (§14-9-1 et. seq., ROA 1994), will be constructed at the Rail Yards to help activate the site and create an appropriate transition between the site and the residential neighborhood across 2nd Street.
Policy 2.1.2 - Locate housing along 2nd Street, to become part of the neighborhood: Housing is considered an appropriate land use along the 2nd St. frontage of the site in order to relate to development within the Barelas neighborhood.

Policy 2.1.3 - Assure complementary housing scale and design: New housing construction will respect and relate to the scale of development on the west side of 2nd St., for example by stepping up building heights towards the interior of the site or, where setbacks cannot be achieved, through other means of ensuring compatible articulation and scale.

Policy 2.1.4 - Phase development activities to minimize adverse impacts: The Master schedule and the schedule for individual development projects should be designed to minimize impacts on commercial and residential tenants over the entire build-out time frame.

Goal 2.2 - Housing at the Rail Yards will be a part of an integrated housing redevelopment and rehabilitation strategy for the larger community: Housing development at the Rail Yards will be undertaken in concert with efforts by the City to encourage rehabilitation of existing properties and redevelopment of vacant (infill) properties in the surrounding neighborhoods, creating a vibrant, mixed-income community.

Policy 2.2.1 - Encourage infill workforce housing development on existing vacant lots and support housing rehabilitation programs: Infill workforce housing projects and rehabilitation programs within the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods should be a priority of the City in order to strengthen existing communities, minimize displacement, and integrate with the redevelopment of the Rail Yards.

Policy 2.2.2 - Develop balanced design standards: Design standards will be developed that reflect the context of the Rail Yard and the adjacent neighborhoods.

Guiding Principle #3: Community Connectivity

The Master Plan complements all adopted plans for surrounding areas, including the Barelas, South Broadway and San Jose neighborhoods. The Plan supports current and planned economic activity in the Downtown area and encourages connections with existing attractions in the area—such as the Albuquerque Zoo and BioPark, Tingley Beach, Rio Grande State Park, the National Hispanic Cultural Center, the South Broadway Cultural Center, Old Town and its museums, Downtown Albuquerque and its amenities, the Alvarado Transportation Center, the Historic 4th Street Corridor, local sports venues, the Albuquerque Sunport, and others. The Plan reinforces the City’s transit goals and objectives, and supports pedestrian, bicycle, auto and public transportation to and from the site.

Goal 3.1 - The public will feel welcome at the Rail Yards. Public gathering places will be available and accessible for the wider community to enjoy.

Policy 3.1.1 - Create public spaces: Public spaces will be integrated into the design of all phases of redevelopment of the site.

Policy 3.1.2 Maintain a balance between private and public access to the Machine Shop: While businesses at the Rail Yards will require access and privacy, public access to some portion of the Machine Shop shall be maintained. The design of uses at the Machine Shop will strive to maintain this balance. Access to the Machine Shop, as the largest and most significant of the remaining structures, is a high priority; however, where possible, some degree
Goals & Policies Section 5

of public access to other historic structures should be provided. (See also Policy 6.2.1)

**Goal 3.2 - The Rail Yards will become part of a well-connected network of attractive community and regional facilities that doesn’t require an automobile for access:** The Rail Yards will be integrated with and will complement other attractions in the area (see Guiding Principle #3 above), and will be easily accessible by public transportation, bicycling, and walking. The need to drive and park an automobile at the site should be minimized.

**Policy 3.2.1 - Support a “Park Once” strategy:** Design features and facilities will support a comprehensive “Park Once” strategy, modeled after the Downtown 2025 Sector Development Plan’s strategy and promoting walking, bicycling and public transportation to and from locations within the greater Rail Yards area.

**Policy 3.2.1.1 - Provide transportation options:** Improved public and alternative transportation options to the site, including bicycle, pedestrian, and transit facilities will be accommodated. Within the site, connectivity will be provided.

**Policy 3.2.1.2 - Use the Rail Line to provide site access:** Connections to the Alvarado Transportation Center and the Central Business District via the main rail line will be encouraged. A future Rail Line stop at the site will be accommodated, should one be approved in the future.

**Policy 3.2.2 - Limit on-site parking:** A limited amount of on-site parking will be provided, and over-parking of the site will be discouraged. At full project build-out, visible surface parking will not be allowed except for limited loading facilities and to meet accessibility requirements. Subterranean parking will be encouraged to accommodate full project build-out parking requirements. Interim surface parking is acceptable prior to full project build-out, provided it is designed to meet Architectural standards contained in the Master Plan.

**Policy 3.2.3 - Balance commercial and residential on-street parking needs:** On-street parking in appropriate locations contributes to a vibrant urban environment. Commercial and residential parking needs must both be accommodated, which can be accomplished through a mix of metered and permit parking.

**Policy 3.2.3.1 - Maximize the availability of and direct visitors to on-street parking along non-residential frontages by providing metered parking and wayfinding:** The City should install meters, signage and other measures as appropriate on adjacent and nearby streets.

**Policy 3.2.3.2 - Implement on-street residential permit parking for surrounding neighborhoods, as needed:** Since on-site parking will be limited, the City and Master Developer should work closely with adjacent neighborhoods to monitor the impacts of off-site parking as the redevelopment of the site progresses and determine if/when a Neighborhood Permit Parking program should be implemented. The standard requirement for license plate survey which determines if the threshold of on-street parking spaces used by persons who are not residents of the area has been met shall be waived.

**Policy 3.2.4 – Maintain direct rail access onto the site:** Future development must preserve the functionality of the historic turntable and maintain rail access thereto.

**Goal 3.3 - There will be safe, well-designed physical connections between the Rail Yards site and adjacent neighborhoods:** Direct, safe and convenient pedestrian and bicycle connections to and from the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods will be constructed,
and physical barriers to the site, excluding the active BNSF railroad tracks, will be removed, visibly and physically connecting the site with both neighborhoods.

**Policy 3.3.1 - Remove barriers to the site:** Perimeter fencing will be removed when site security can be ensured. The edges of the site should remain open and accessible, and fencing, gates and other similar barriers should be employed only when other security measures are not feasible. (See also Policy 4.1.4)

**Policy 3.3.2 - Create welcoming, pleasing edges:** Development at the edges of the site should be oriented towards the surrounding neighborhoods. The street edges along 2nd and 1st Streets on the west, and along the railroad tracks on the east, should maintain sight lines to historic structures and should help invite people to visit the site. Developing landscaped spaces to define the edges of the site is appropriate.

**Policy 3.3.3 - Create pedestrian and bicycle connections to the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods:** Direct pedestrian and bicycle connections between the site and adjacent neighborhoods will be created that are safe, feasible, connect to natural points of entry, and encourage people to visit, work and shop at the site. While the design and planning of facilities that serve the site, such as 2nd St. and the Guadalupe Overpass, are outside the purview of the Plan, the City should prioritize and undertake infrastructure improvements that will support redevelopment of the site and maximize opportunities for creating safe, comfortable non-vehicular access to the site.

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**Guiding Principle #4: Land Uses**

The Master Plan encourages new development on the Rail Yards site that balances new economic and design approaches with protection of the integrity and history of the Rail Yards and the surrounding residential communities. The Plan complements the goals in other adopted plans that cover or affect the Rail Yards site.

**Goal 4.1 - The Rail Yards will become a model for mixed-use development.** The Rail Yards is looked to as a model for reclaiming historic properties, stimulating significant job growth and economic development, accommodating commercial and residential tenants, providing needed services and venues to surrounding neighborhoods and the entire city, and creating a “Live/Work/Learn/Trade/Play” environment.

**Policy 4.1.1 - Celebrate and emphasize the historic railroad function of the site:** Cultural and employment uses that relate to rail operations, such as transportation museums or compatible and suitable rail equipment maintenance facilities, are encouraged and shall not be precluded. Proximity to the operative Turntable and BNSF switching yard make the south end of the Rail Yards site particularly suitable for such uses.

**Policy 4.1.2 –Create a balanced development such that diverse users can utilize the site to the highest degree with minimum impact to one another:** Potentially incompatible uses will be organized and buffered in order to achieve compatibility.

**Policy 4.1.3 - Demonstrate appropriate transition and scale:** New development should demonstrate sensitivity in scale and transition as the historic gateway to the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods.
Policy 4.1.4 - Integrate new development and uses with adjacent established development: New development, both buildings and site features, should relate in orientation, massing, and use to established development adjacent to the site. Uses that create impacts to surrounding residential neighborhoods will be appropriately buffered. Since existing development on the west side of 2nd Street is predominantly residential in character, the 2nd Street frontage of the site is considered an appropriate location for housing, mixed with retail where appropriate to serve as an area of transition between the site and the neighborhood to the west.

Goal 4.2 - Rail Yards redevelopment will catalyze redevelopment opportunities in surrounding areas: Stronger connections to the Barelas, South Broadway, and Downtown areas will be built through redevelopment of undeveloped sites that abut or are adjacent to the Rail Yards.

Policy 4.2.1 - Acquire additional land for complementary redevelopment opportunities: The City and Master Developer will consider acquiring additional sites, as appropriate, that abut or are adjacent to the Rail Yards to support area-wide redevelopment activities consistent with and supportive of the aims of the Master Plan, including residential as described in Guiding Principle #2. If additional sites are acquired, the Master Plan may be amended to incorporate any additional site or sites.

Policy 4.2.2 - Foster partnerships for complementary redevelopment opportunities: This will be pursued through public, private and/or public-private partnerships to maximize development opportunities on sites that abut or are adjacent to the Rail Yards and that support the aims of the Master Plan.

Goal 4.3 - The Master Plan will respect and maintain consistency with the goals in other adopted Plans: New development will remain consistent with the goals, policies, and recommendations in the Albuquerque/Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan, the Barelas Sector Development Plan (2008), the South Broadway Sector Development Plan (1986), and the Downtown 2025 Plan (2000, 2014).

**Guiding Principle #5: Architecture and Historic Rehabilitation**

The Master Plan recognizes the significant value of the existing Rail Yards historic resources, i.e. buildings and structures, to a local, state and national audience. The fundamental approach to site development will be to maintain the “integrity” of the site as a whole, with individual structures being rehabilitated and adaptively re-used for modern and functional purposes, in consultation with the New Mexico SHPO.

Goal 5.1 – The Rail Yards site will be developed as a unified whole with an integrated “sense of place” and unified vision: The original Rail Yards development was characterized by a spirit of innovation and state-of-the-art technical advances in engineering and building practices. The redevelopment will strive to rekindle this spirit both in terms of the adaptive re-use of the existing buildings and the design of new infill development.

Policy 5.1.1 – Follow design standards outlined within the Master Plan in order to create a unified visual language: Visitors, tenants and inhabitants arriving to the Rail Yards should recognize a cohesive, integrated and high quality environment.

Policy 5.1.2 – Architectural design will integrate 20th and 21st century sensibility: The City and the Master Developer will encourage innovative architectural design - for redevelopment, new structures and landscaping - that fits within the historic context of the site.
Policy 5.1.3 – Encourage innovative and progressive building technologies: Redevelopment of the Rail Yards should be characterized by a commitment to the future as well as the past and should build on the lineage of technological advancement embodied by the existing structures.

Goal 5.2 – Historic resources at the Rail Yards will be rehabilitated and adaptively reused: The hierarchy in the relative significance of the existing structures will inform a tiered approach to rehabilitation.

Policy 5.2.1 – Rehabilitate and/or adaptively re-use historic resources: The historic resources represented by the Rail Yards should be rehabilitated and adaptively reused in plans for economic ventures, cultural amenities and physical changes to the site.

Policy 5.2.2 – Preserve the architectural history of the Rail Yards site for future generations: The site’s integral role in the development of the surrounding neighborhoods and Albuquerque as a city is important to communicate. Visitors should have access to the Rail Yards in order to view the historic structures, understand their original relationship and functionality, and experience early 20th century industrial architecture and its remarkable innovations.

Policy 5.2.3 – Honor the human history of the Rail Yards site through the creation of an on-site memorial: The Rail Yards redevelopment will recount the history of the Rail Yards and its relationship to Albuquerque and New Mexico in a number of ways, including, but not limited to, an oral history project, a transportation museum, and an on-site memorial to the workers with special acknowledgement of those who were injured or killed there. The memorial to the workers will be located at or near the entrance from each neighborhood.

Goal 5.3 – Infill development will complement existing structures: New construction, or new additions to or surrounding existing structures shall be designed in consultation with the New Mexico SHPO.

Policy 5.3.1 – Ensure compatibility of infill development with existing site features in terms of size, scale, proportion and massing: New structures should maintain a low building profile in order to maximize sight lines to and from the most significant historic structures.

Goal 5.4 – The Rail Yards site will become a model for sustainable redevelopment: The Rail Yards redevelopment will strive to incorporate innovative technologies that assist with site resource management and utilization.

Policy 5.4.1 – Incorporate sustainable design features in the redevelopment: Concepts such as natural resource conservation, on-site energy generation, utility co-generation, and sustainable material selection should be explored.

Policy 5.4.2 – Design, build and maintain regionally appropriate landscaping and open areas: Landscape design will be a major component in creating an inviting environment and connection to the wider community. Landscape design should reflect an understanding of the local climate, and landscaping materials should be selected based on their ability to withstand low water conditions and direct sun exposure. Developed open space areas should be shaded from the summer sun with trees and/or permanent or temporary shade structures. Rainwater collection and on-site reuse are strongly encouraged.

Policy 5.4.3 – Design the Rail Yards site to exceed all current City of Albuquerque adopted Energy Code standards and should be USGBC LEED equivalent rated where possible. The historic buildings will be rehabilitated to incorporate the energy standards to the extent feasible through creative design.
Policy 5.4.4 – Employ a “Rehabilitation First” strategy in programming and design: Rehabilitation of existing structures uses the embodied energy within the structure and is strongly encouraged.

Guiding Principle #6: Art and Culture

The Master Plan encourages opportunities for promoting the art, history and culture of the site, the community and the region. The Plan sets aside space for a museum that celebrates the history of transportation, particularly rail transportation. Commercial and residential tenants, local community members, and visitors from near and far will be attracted by heightened aesthetics, comfortable, quality amenities, and a unique cultural vibrancy.

Goal 6.1 - The Rail Yards will be home to a quality museum:
Redevelopment will include a venue for a museum that will be operated by an organization that is committed to promoting the importance of the site and its history.

Policy 6.1.1 - Create a facility that conveys the history of the site: The site will include a museum or other appropriate facility that informs visitors of the history of the Rail Yards and the site’s relationship to the history of Albuquerque.

Goal 6.2 - The Rail Yards will foster a vibrant set of on-site cultural events and facilities: The City and the Master Developer will promote opportunities for other cultural events and facilities that support the overall redevelopment goals and, in particular, honor the value and history of the site, the community and the region.

Policy 6.2.1 - Locate cultural facilities strategically: The preferred location to develop cultural facilities is the southern end of the site, focused around the Turntable and rebuilding the Roundhouse. However, cultural uses may also be developed on other portions of the site, including within historic buildings. For example, as the most prominent and iconic remaining structure on the site, the Machine Shop or a portion thereof could be considered an appropriate location for a publicly-accessible use, such as a cultural facility. (See also Policy 3.1.2)

Policy 6.2.2 - Develop standards for community use of public spaces: The use of public spaces by the community will be encouraged but regulated. Standards for cultural and community events, art installation and performance, and farmers’ markets, mobile restaurants and other groups will be developed as required.
Looking west down 90' bay.
**6.0 DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS**

**Intent**  
The regulations contained in this Section supplement the underlying zoning requirements of the SU-2/Historic Locomotive Shops (HLS) zone in the Barelas Sector Development Plan. All development shall comply with both the requirements of the SU-2/HLS zone and the regulations contained herein. In the event of a conflict between this Plan and the SU-2/HLS zone, the requirements of the SU-2/HLS zone shall prevail.

**6.1 Site Development Plan for Subdivision**

The regulatory standards contained in this section are summarized in Tableau 7, Site Development Plan for Subdivision, located on the following pages. The Site Development Plan for Subdivision contains the base subdivision and establishes parameters for future site development, supplementing the underlying zoning regulations contained in the SU-2/HLS zone of the Barelas Sector Development Plan. All amendments to and deviations from the Site Development Plan for Subdivision and the Master Development Plan shall be per the SU-2/HLS zone in the Barelas Sector Development Plan.

**6.2 Development Standards Matrix Components**

(refer to Figure 5 on facing page)  
The following subsections define and/or describe each of the elements contained in the Development Standards Matrix.

**6.2.1 Parcel Area**

The Site Development Plan for Subdivision (Tableau 1) divides the Rail Yards site into 10 parcels. The Parcel Area is defined as a measurement of the existing surface land area of the underlying parcel. This measurement serves as the basis for calculating the allowable buildable area of each parcel, as capped by the Floor Area Ratio limit for each parcel (see Section 6.2.2). The total of all parcel areas equals 27.3 acres.

**6.2.2 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)**

The Floor Area Ratio (FAR) controls the density of development by establishing a maximum allowable building area for each parcel. The FAR limit varies by parcel in order to reflect and preserve the spatial hierarchy of the existing historic buildings.

The Master Plan establishes an average site density of only FAR 0.74.

**6.2.3 Existing Historic Resources to be preserved**

Existing Historic Resources are the structures and features that are present on each parcel that shall be preserved.

**6.2.4 Existing Floor Area**

Existing Floor Area is defined as the total amount of existing building area currently under roof contained on the subject parcel.

**6.2.5 Approved Uses by Parcel**

The SU-2/HLS zone allows for a wide range of permissive uses, including multifamily residential (R-3), office (O-1), community commercial such as retail, restaurants, services (C-2), and light industrial (I-P). Creating a vibrant and successful mixed-use community on the Rail Yards site will, in large measure, depend on the type, location and organization of such uses on the site.

The Master Plan establishes Approved Uses by Parcel that are based on a thorough analysis of project goals, site context, and community input.

Uses that are not listed under Approved Uses by Parcel but that are permissive in the underlying SU-2/HLS zoning shall be applied for through the SU-2/HLS zone’s Master Development Plan amendment process.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parcel ID</th>
<th>Parcel Area [sf]</th>
<th>Proposed Floor Area Ratio [FAR]</th>
<th>Existing Historic Resources to be Preserved</th>
<th>Existing Floor Area [sf]</th>
<th>Approved Uses</th>
<th>Height Limits (ft)</th>
<th>Street Facing Setbacks (ft)</th>
<th>Parking (min. stall qty)</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>342,143</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>Turntable, Babbit Shop, Welding Shop, South Washroom</td>
<td>20,829</td>
<td>Cultural Facilities; e.g. Museum, Performing Arts and Railroad-related facilities. Parking</td>
<td>67</td>
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<td>551</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>77,264</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>Platform</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Work-Force Housing</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>90</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>63,582</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>Storehouse</td>
<td>18,900</td>
<td>Cultural Facilities; e.g. Museum. Live Work</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>68,080</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>Bridge Crane</td>
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<td>Public Commons Area; Accessory Retail, Education, Public Art Venue, Railroad-related Facilities</td>
<td>45</td>
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<td>5</td>
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<td>1.50</td>
<td>Machine Shop</td>
<td>165,000</td>
<td>Business/Professional Uses; Office, Light Manufacturing, Training/Education, Accessory Cultural Uses, Railroad-related Facilities</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>98,216</td>
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<td>Firehouse, Waste &amp; Paint Rooms</td>
<td>5,520</td>
<td>Public Commons Area/Commercial; Retail, Restaurant, Service, Housing</td>
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<td>355</td>
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<td>1,189,602</td>
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<td><strong>320,658</strong></td>
<td><strong>996</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

27.31 acres

**Figure 5: Development Standards Matrix**
Albuquerque Rail Yards Master Development Plan June 2014

GENERAL NOTES
1. REFER TO MASTER DEVELOPMENT PLAN (MDP) DOCUMENT FOR ADDITIONAL PROJECT INFORMATION
2. REFER TO SHEET 1 OF 8 "PRELIMINARY SPACE PARKING PLAN" IN MDP FOR PHASE 1 PARKING LAYOUT
3. PRIMARY RECOMMENDED USE FOR EACH PARCEL AREA IS LISTED ON THIS SHEET. REFER TO SHEET FOR ALL RECOMMENDED USES.
4. ACCESS RAILROAD STORAGE FACILITY TO BE INCLUDED ON-SITE. FINAL LOCATION TO BE DETERMINED.
5. REFER TO LANDMARK MASTER PLAN FOR LANDSCAPE LOCATION AND PLANT TYPES.
6. REFER TO PARCEL/LAND USE TABULATION FOR ALL ADDITIONAL PARCEL INFORMATION.
7. REFER TO SHEET 23, PARKING PLAN (AID) IN MDP FOR PARKING.
8. INITIAL PHASES包括 THE REMOVAL AND ADAPTIVE REUSE OF EXISTING HISTORIC BUILDINGS AND DEVELOPMENT OF COMMON AREA.
9. INTERIM PHASES include RETAIL, LIGHT MANUFACTURING, AND CULTURAL FACILITIES ALONG 3RD STREET AND TRANSFER TABLE.
10. FINAL PHASES include DAIRY AND DAIRY DEPOT.
11. PUBLIC MERCHANDISE ASSOCIATION TO DESIGNATED PARKING AREAS WITH THE EXCLUSION OF LIMITED LOADING FACILITIES AND ACCESS.
12. APPROVAL OF SITE PLAN FOR BUILDING PERMIT IS BY THE ZBO. ALL PUBLIC MEETING AND PUBLIC NOTIFICATION IS REQUIRED FOR IMPLEMENTATION AND PLANNING BOUNDARIES.
13. FUTURE DEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND DESIGN GUIDELINES INCLUDED IN THE MDP DOCUMENT.
14. UNLESS NOTE OTHERWISE, ALL EXISTING RAILROAD TRACKS TO BE REMOVED.

KEY NOTES
1. LOCATION FOR SINGLE-STOREY MALL BUILDING AND PARKING BUILDING FOOTPRINT TO BE DETERMINED.
2. FUTURE BUILDING AT ORIGINAL FOOTPRINT LOCATION AND WITHIN THE ORIGINAL ENVELOPE.
3. LOCATION OF ORIGINAL SMOKESTACK RECLAIMED SMOKESTACK MONUMENT MAXIMUM HEIGHT 240FT.
4. RAILROAD PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS AT-SIDING OR BRIDGE.
5. PRIMARY ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN MEANS TO RESPECT FREE FLOW OF PEDESTRIANS TO SPECIFIC ROUTES AT PROPERTY LINE WITH SHED.
6. PUBLIC COMMONS SPACE "TANKHOUSE PLAZA."
7. PUBLIC COMMONS SPACE "COURTHOUSE.""
8. PUBLIC COMMONS SPACE "MACHINE SHOP PLAZA."""
9. EXISTING RAILROAD TRACKS TO BE PRESERVED. TYPICAL TRACK WIDTH.
10. OPTIONAL FUTURE BUS STOP.
11. PUBLIC ACCESS THROUGH MACHINE SHOP TO THE TRANSFER TABLE LOCATION/PATHWAY TO BE DETERMINED.
12. DIRECT PEDESTRIAN CONNECTIONS SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN BUILDING, PARCEL AREAS AND THE PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY (R.O.W.)
13. PUBLIC SEWERS.
14. OPTIONAL FUTURE RAIL STOP.
15. LINE OF EXISTING FIRE ROAD TO "PREVIOUSLY" SHOWN.
16. STREET PARKING.
17. OPTIONAL VEHICULAR SITE ACCESS ACROSS VACATED PARTITION OF 1ST STREET

TABLEAU 1: Site Plan for Subdivision
6.2.6 Building Heights
Building Heights shall not exceed those standards contained in the SU-2/HLS zone in the Barelas Sector Development Plan. The Master Plan establishes a more restrictive building height limit for certain parcels in order to comport with neighboring residential uses and to maintain the necessary visual hierarchy between the existing historic buildings, which shall remain the dominant visual elements of the site, and new infill development.

6.2.7 Setbacks
Setbacks shall be per the SU-2/HLS zone in the Barelas Sector Development Plan.

6.2.8 Off-Street Parking
Off-Street Parking shall be provided per the SU-2/HLS zone in the Barelas Sector Development Plan.

While this Plan proposes underground parking at final buildout, surface parking may be provided in the interim in order to comply with the off-street parking requirements. Interim surface parking shall be provided through shared access or parking agreements. Parking shall be provided for the site as a whole rather than on a parcel-by-parcel basis.

6.3 Access

a. Pedestrian/Emergency Access: Parcels 4 and 6 shall retain permanent public access easements and shall operate as internal paths in order to provide pedestrian and emergency access to parcels with limited or no access. As such, Parcels 4 and 6 have been designated to be used as Public Commons Areas with limited Approved Uses.

b. Pedestrian Circulation: see Site Development Plan for Subdivision.

c. Vehicular Access: see Site Development Plan for Subdivision.

6.4 Historic Features
The Master Plan requires the preservation and adaptive re-use of most of the buildings on the site. The Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for Rehabilitation and associated Guidelines for Rehabilitation shall provide the criteria for preservation and adaptive reuse treatment.

6.4.1 Development Parameters
A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the State Historic Preservation Office will provide detailed parameters for rehabilitation of the existing buildings and structures and new developments on the site regarding the redevelopment of the locomotive shops complex. The City, the master developer, along with other development parties that the City deems appropriate, shall be a part of the negotiation process as they will have a vested interested in the outcome of the negotiations. Applications for a Site Development Plan for Building Permit shall be in accordance with the MOU.

6.4.2 Historic Preservation and Adaptive Reuse
The following buildings and structures of cultural significance, shown on the Site Development Plan for Subdivision, shall be PRESERVED:

- Fire Station
- Machine Shop
- Bridge Crane
- Boiler Shop
- Tank Shop/ Tender Repair Shop
- Flue Shop
- Blacksmith Shop
- Storehouse with Platform
- Transfer Table
- Turntable
- Train Tracks: Rail tracks are extensive throughout the site and
contribute to the site’s historic character. Not all tracks will be suitable for preservation. Tracks to be preserved shall be determined on a parcel by parcel basis with recommendations from City historic preservation planners provided at application for Site Plan for Building Permit.

- Babbit Shop
- Welding Shop
- South Washroom
- Waste & Paint Room

6.4.3 Buildings Proposed to be Removed
There are buildings and structures on the site that may present obstacles to redevelopment. The following buildings may be removed, but are not required to be removed. If no viable alternative to demolition can be identified, appropriate mitigation shall be identified by the State Historic Preservation Officer.

- Canopy
- Cab Paint Shop/later converted to CWE Shops office
- Pattern House
- North Washroom
- Motor Car Garage
- Power House
- Sheet Metal House
- Fire Runway
- Water Reservoir

6.4.4 Interpretative Reconstruction of Iconic Historic Buildings and Structures (the Roundhouse and Smokestack)
The Site Development Plan for Subdivision includes footprints of the former Roundhouse building and Smokestack in the location where these important historic resources once stood, resources that have been demolished in previous decades. These historic resources will be represented on the site with new development that may be a modern interpretation of the historic structure. Any reconstruction will be on the original footprint, per the Site Development Plan for Subdivision and will have approximately the same volume; however, reconstruction of historic structures is symbolic and shall not be identical to the original structure.

6.5 Signs

a. Unless otherwise provided for herein, signage standards shall be per the SU-2/HLS zone in the Barelas Sector Development Plan.

b. Memorials, historic markers or other interpretive signs, and traditional and digital murals dedicated to non-commercial purposes shall not be considered signage. Memorials shall be located at or near the primary entry from the Barelas and South Broadway neighborhoods.

c. Self-illuminated signage shall be prohibited except for retail uses; such signage shall be limited to 20 square feet. Signage containing moving graphics shall be prohibited for all use categories.

d. Free standing “monument” signs shall be permitted at locations of vehicular access to the site and adjacent to the proposed transit plaza. A free standing sign shall also be permitted at the proposed location of the future rail station should one be approved. Such signage shall be used to identify the tenants of the Rail Yards site.

e. A maximum of (2) building-mounted signs per building are allowed. Such building-mounted signs shall not exceed 1 percent of the facade area to which they are applied and in no case shall exceed 100 square feet in size.

f. Localized entry signage (e.g., blade signage, door signage) used to identify tenant entrances shall not be considered a building-mounted sign for purposes of the above calculation and shall be permitted provided they are less than 2 square feet and located within 5 feet of the building entrance.
**Tableau 2: Landscape Master Plan**
6.6 Landscape and Site Amenities

The site shall be landscaped with a drought tolerant and indigenous palette with plants and trees placed for both beauty and shade. Refer to Tableau 5 – Landscape Master Plan – for Plant Palette.

6.6.1 Amenities
Site furnishings and other amenities, shall be of a consistent, high-quality, vandal-resistant design. They shall be constructed of durable materials, such as concrete and powder coated steel. A consistent color palette that is in keeping with the overall design intent of the Rail Yards shall be utilized for finishes.

6.6.2 Seating
Seating areas shall be provided for individual use and for larger group activities to ensure pedestrian comfort throughout the site. Seating opportunities shall be placed periodically along all pedestrian routes.

Permanent seating opportunities shall be placed throughout the Rail Yards, and mobile, temporary seating shall be made available for special events. Seating areas may include benches, chairs, picnic tables, and seat walls. Seating opportunities may be provided at the edges of pedestrian traffic flow. Picnic tables should be provided in numerous locations across the site for those who wish to enjoy a meal outdoors. Seating options should be shaded by trees and/or architectural features whenever possible to provide a comfortable resting space.

6.6.3 Trash and Recycling Receptacles
Trash and recycling receptacles shall be located in all areas where people gather to attend events, enjoy refreshments, wait for transportation, or picnic. They shall also be located in close proximity to area entries and exits to allow people to easily dispose of waste when traversing various site activities. Receptacles shall be placed in areas that are easily accessible to maintenance vehicles in order to provide for ease of maintenance.

6.6.4 Drinking Fountains
Drinking fountains shall be located in high pedestrian use areas and near picnic tables. They shall use freeze-proof valves and be located in areas easily accessible to maintenance vehicles.

6.6.5 Bicycle Racks
Bicycle racks shall be provided near vehicular parking areas as well as at various perimeter site locations. They should not be installed within the interior of the site in order to deter bike riding through the site; rather, they should be installed in locations that encourage dismount before entering pedestrian spaces. Signage shall be installed to identify bike dismount areas as needed.

6.6.6 Bollards
Permanent bollards shall be located as necessary to prohibit vehicular traffic in restricted areas. Removable bollards shall be provided where access for fire trucks and other emergency vehicles is required. Bollards shall be of a unified design throughout the site.

6.6.7 Information Kiosks
a. Design: The design of information kiosks shall be in keeping with the industrial architectural style of the Rail Yards. Appropriate kiosk design shall ensure articulation of all kiosk faces, rather than placing all emphasis on the front elevation of the structure and neglecting or downgrading the aesthetic appeal of the side and rear elevations.

b. Content: Information kiosks shall include permanent signage and maps of the site identifying locations of major activity centers. They shall also be able to accommodate temporary signage for special events.

c. Location: Kiosks will be located in high pedestrian use areas, such as the Transit Plaza.
6.6.8 Water Conservation Ordinance Compliance
The site’s approved plant palette predominantly consists of plants with low to medium water use requirements, thereby minimizing irrigation needs while ensuring viability of the plants. An evapotranspiration management controller shall be included in the design of the irrigation system to monitor weather conditions so that optimum moisture balance is achieved and the possibility of overwatering is reduced.

6.6.9 Irrigation System
The site’s irrigation system shall adhere to the City’s Water Conservation Landscaping and Water Waste Ordinance with the following additions:

a. A fully automated irrigation system with a centralized computer control system shall be used to irrigate tree, shrub, and groundcover planting areas. Satellite controllers shall be placed at strategic areas and linked back to the central system. Mainline piping shall be provided according to standard City specifications. Gate valves shall be located at strategic points along the mainline piping system to allow for isolation of sections for maintenance reasons. The irrigation system shall be metered separately, based on ownership.

b. The irrigation system shall be designed to isolate plant material according to solar exposure and shall be set up by plant zones according to water requirements. Trees, shrubs, and groundcovers shall be grouped on the same valve. Turf areas shall be irrigated with pop-up rotary sprinklers with high efficiency nozzles. Temporary irrigation shall be provided for all areas receiving native seed mixes until established. The design for shrub and groundcover areas shall consider alternative irrigation technology (e.g. bubblers, drip irrigation, dry water packs, water harvesting opportunities, etc.). The irrigation system for all cool season turf grass shall be designed to apply 2/3-inch of water in a 7-hour window.

c. Where non-potable water sources are utilized, irrigation components shall be selected for use with non-potable water sources to allow for connection to the captured stormwater systems. Backflow prevention shall be provided per City code to protect the potable water system from the irrigation system.

d. Irrigation components shall be readily available for maintenance and/or replacement.

e. The entire irrigation system shall be designed to maximize water efficiency.

6.6.10 Clear Sight Requirements
Landscape plans included with individual projects shall ensure that landscaping and signage shall not interfere with clear sight requirements at points of site ingress/egress. Therefore, signs, walls, trees, and shrubbery between 3 and 8 feet tall (as measured from the gutter pan) shall not be permitted within the clear sight triangle area and shall be noted as such on the landscape plan.

6.6.11 PNM Coordination
As part of the landscape plan included with individual projects, coordination is necessary with PNM’s New Service Delivery Department regarding proposed tree location and height, sign location and height, and lighting height in order to ensure sufficient safety clearances. Landscape screening shall be designed to allow for access to electric utilities. Clearance of ten feet in front and at least five feet on the remaining three sides surrounding all ground-mounted equipment is required for safe operation, maintenance, and repair purposes.

6.6.12 Maintenance Responsibility
Maintenance of the landscaping and irrigation system, including those areas within the public Rights-Of-Way shall be the responsibility of the owner. In addition, maintenance of landscape elements such as benches, litter receptacles, signs, etc., within the common areas shall be the responsibility of the owner. Long term maintenance of landscaping shall be consistent across the site. This shall be accomplished in the easements, covenants, and restrictions to be entered into by the parties in connection with plating.
6.7 Utilities/Screening

To ensure the overall aesthetic quality of the Rail Yards site, all new electric and telecommunication distribution lines within the site shall be placed underground. All permanent utilities serving irrigation systems and other landscape site amenities shall be placed below grade. Transformers, utility pads, HVAC equipment, and telephone boxes shall be screened from public view.

6.8 Exterior Lighting

Exterior lighting standards for the Rail Yards site are as follows:

a. Placement of fixtures and poles shall conform to State and local safety and illumination requirements. All exterior installations shall be provided with ground-fault interruption circuits.

b. Shielded-source light fixtures shall be used to prevent light spillage and avoid unnecessary glare or reflection on adjacent properties, buildings, or roadways in compliance with the City’s Comprehensive Zoning Code.

c. Lighting shall be integrated into the design of the buildings and structures; light sources shall be concealed to the degree possible and fixtures shall not become focal elements of the project.

d. Lighting shall be chosen based on energy efficiency, low level of maintenance and availability of parts, should replacement or repairs be required.

6.9 IMPLEMENTATION

6.9.1 Required Studies

The redevelopment and platting of the Rail Yards is anticipated to occur over several phases. Several technical studies are required to be developed and approved prior to any site development or platting action at the Rail Yards. These studies include a master grading and drainage plan to be approved by City Hydrology and a master utility plan (water and sanitary sewer) to be approved by the ABCWUA, per the City’s Subdivision Ordinance and Development Process Manual.

6.9.2 Infrastructure

The master grading and drainage plan and the master utility plan (water and sanitary sewer) will provide the strategies for phased implementation and the recommendations for both short- and long-term solutions. A key aspect of the water portion of the master utility plan will be fire suppression, which will require review and approval by the City Fire Marshal. As individual projects are implemented at the Rail Yards, it is anticipated that detailed infrastructure plans will be submitted and approved for water and sanitary sewer availability statements from the ABCWUA and the Fire Marshal’s office. Outside of the City’s development process, the master developer shall coordinate with the dry utility providers for electric, gas, and fiber optic services. This should occur simultaneously with the other infrastructure master plans to avoid delay in the provision of services.

6.9.3 Transportation

A Transportation System Report was completed in May, 2010, and a Traffic Impact Study was completed in October of 2013 (2013 TIS) based upon the Master Plan’s Approved Uses by Parcel. See Appendix B. As the site is subdivided and phased development occurs, the 2013 TIS shall be considered by the City Traffic Engineer, who will determine if the 2013 TIS is applicable as prepared, requires updating, or if a new study is needed.

Mitigation recommendations of the applicable TIS shall be implemented as required for project development and in accordance with any provisions of the Master Plan Agreement and Master Development and Disposition Agreement.

Because access to the site and the availability of on-site parking are extremely limited, emphasis shall be placed on providing alternative modes of transportation in order to reduce reliance on automobile
Transit service that is publicly and/or privately provided shall be considered a preferred method of providing access to the site.

Bicycle and pedestrian access shall also be prioritized.

6.9.4 Platting
The Rail Yards property will be platted in order to facilitate acquisition and development of individual projects and phases. Since all projects are required to have additional review, it is anticipated that bulk land variances will be requested for future phases consistent with the master infrastructure plans. Platting may occur simultaneously with the DRB’s review of Site Development Plans for Building Permit.

All future platting actions are based on the Site Development Plan for Subdivisions, and shall be per the Subdivision Ordinance.