



The *Huning Highland Railroad plan* introduces a new, innovative approach to Huning Highland Railroad development. This Plan creates an easy four-step approach to building in Huning Highland Railroad Area.

- STEP 1. DISTRICT MAP locate your property and the Downtown district it's in. (Color Coded)
- STEP 2. DISTRICT USES MATRIX identify which uses are permitted, regulated or prohibited in your district. (Color Coded)
- STEP 3. BUILDING TYPES identify the building types authorized for your district. (Color Coded)
- STEP 4. BUILDING STANDARDS apply the building standards applicable to your project.

Once you have gone through these four steps, you are ready to begin the **expedited** site development plan approval process.

The *Huning Highland Railroad Map* shall be used to guide Huning Highland Railroad development. The *Map* is color-coded to correspond to the *District Building Types chart*. By using this color-coding system, you are able to conveniently follow steps 1, 2, and 3.

The *Huning Highland Railroad Map* strategically locates and concentrates complementary land uses within each district. The title designated is intended to be descriptive of the primary function(s) of each district. Other compatible uses are envisioned and encouraged. *The Types Chart* clearly spells out permitted, regulated and prohibited uses in each district. Regulated uses must go through the environmental Planning Commission (EPC) process, which includes neighborhood notification.

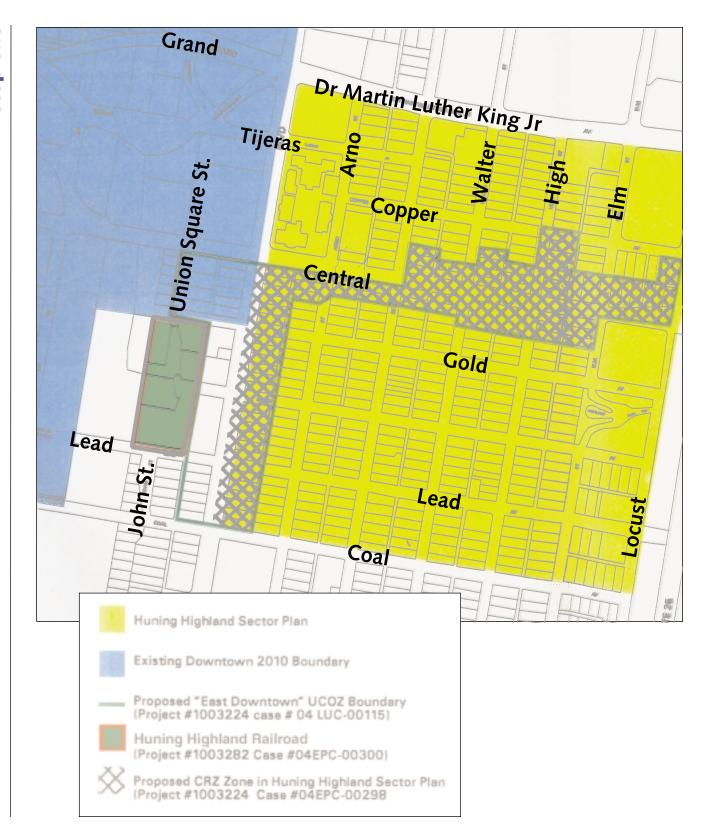
The color-coded *Building Types* chart outlines the types of buildings to be built in the district. It is intended to provide predictability on how Huning Highland Railroad will develop as far as types, layout and scale of buildings. A key objective is to build quality urban pedestrian-friendly buildings that will stand the test of time and the multiple uses of buildings over time.

The *Building Standards* consolidates the more than 70 current standards and guidelines required for development into 21 simple building standards. The new standards are intended to be far more and to remove much of the subjectivity in the prior standards/guidelines. Each standard is graphically illustrated and reduced to the most basic form.

The Site Development Plan Approval Process has been streamlined to accommodate Huning Highland Railroad development. For quality projects, approval will be short on the process and long on the results.

The Huning Highland Railroad Development and Building Process is adopted to ensure that building development is predictable and real estate values are stable. This process puts the pedestrian first in all new projects and ensures that developments are compatible with each other and with the existing urban fabric. The Building Types and Building Standards set forth in this plan are mandatory, however, the Planning Director, and/or the Director's designee, may approve minor changes or deviations from the Building Types and/or Building Standards pursuant to regulations and procedures to be adopted by the City.

Notes: a) The Building Types and Building Standards are mandatory for all developments. Adherence to the types and standards within each district are required to obtain a building permit.





Following is a general description of the Huning Highland Railroad district and the uses envisioned in the district:

Mixed Use District

Mixed use developments are allowed and strongly encouraged. No predominant or primary uses are prescribed for the Mixed Use District. This district is located on transit corridors. Compatible office, institutional, residential, retail, commercial, educational and other uses are encouraged within the district. These developments should be concentrated and of a density to encourage transit use along these principal corridors.





The Huning Highland Railroad Area is zoned SU-2-RR with uses allowed in the R-3 and C-2 zones of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code (0-3 building types are excluded) as further governed by these provisions Sector Development Plan related to the Huning Highland Railroad Area. All uses are encouraged, however the principal uses are: residential, arts, entertainment, office, cultural, hospitality, and specialty retail. The plan strongly encourages a mixture of compatible land uses (office/residential, retail/office, arts/entertainment). Residential development is allowed and encouraged.

All types of land uses are encouraged, however certain uses are not appropriate in the district. To assure that uses most conducive to achieving the plan's objectives are developed in the appropriate districts, it is important to permit, prohibit, or regulate uses by district.

Following is a general color-coded District/Use Matrix to guide in determining if a use is appropriate in the Mixed Use District:

	MIXED USE
RESIDENTIAL ¹	
Ground Floor	P
Above Ground Floor	P
RETAIL/SERVICES	P
OFFICE/INSTITUTIONAL	P
WAREHOUSE/WHOLESALE	R
MANUFACTURING	X

P = Permitted

R = Review Required

X = Prohibited

- 1. Home occupations are allowed as regulated by the R-1 zone.
- 2. A purpose is to encourage neighborhood serving retail.
- 3. A purpose is to allow ancillary office activity in the Housing District.
- 4. A purpose is to allow manufacturing as regulated by the M-1 zone.

Additional Notes:

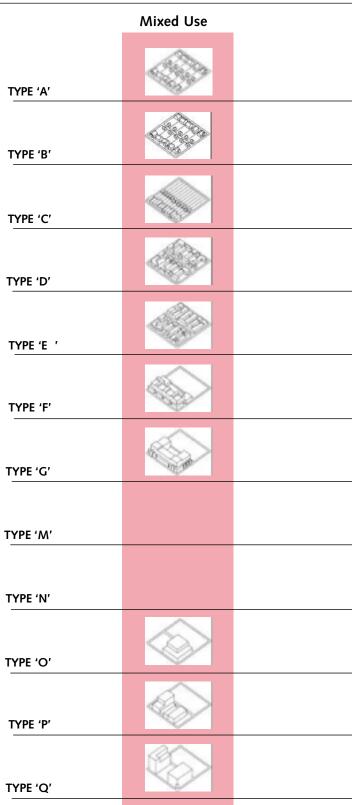
- Emergency Shelters proposed shall be Review Required.
- Proposed developments in areas covered by a historic overlay zone shall be reviewed and approved by the Landmarks and Urban Conservation Commission.

Prohibited Uses

Some uses are clearly prohibited or regulated. Following is a list of those uses:

- Drive-in/drive-through facilities are not allowed except that unenclosed outdoor seating is permitted. Existing drive-in/drive-through uses shall be legal, non-conforming uses.
- Adult amusement establishments, adult bookstores, adult photo studios, and adult theaters are allowed, provided:
 - a) the use is located at least 1,000 feet from any other adult amusement establishment, adult bookstore, adult photo studio, or adult theater, and
 - b) the use is located at least 500 feet from the nearest residential zone (surrounding neighborhoods), or from any church, pre-elementary, elementary, middle or secondary school.
- Commercial surface parking lots are not allowed. Existing commercial surface parking lots shall be legal, non-conforming uses and must meet the landscaping, lighting, buffering and paving requirements identified in the building standards section of the plan.
- Jails or correctional institutions are not allowed.
- Off-premise free-standing signs are not permitted.







Type 'A' Single Unit

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 50' minimum

PARKING:

1. Rear yard garages

2. Access: through alley

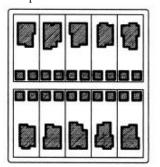
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 2 stories maximum

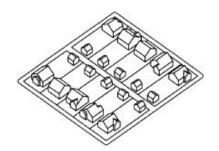
EXAMPLES:

1. Residential and Professional Office; Studio Apartments; Guest Cottages

Sample Block Plan



Bird's Eye View



A - SINGLE UNIT

TYPE DESCRIPTION

Free Standing, single unit housing with rear yard garages and studio apartment.







Type 'B' Duplex

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 50' minimum

PARKING:

1. Rear yard garages

2. Access: through alley

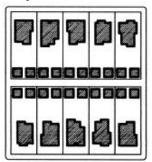
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 2 stories maximum

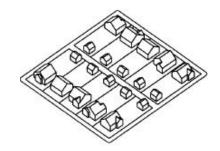
EXAMPLES:

 Residential and Professional Office; Studio Apartments; Guest Cottages; Worshops above Garages

Sample Block Plan



Bird's Eye View

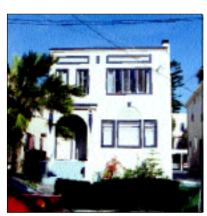


B-DUPLEX

TYPE DESCRIPTION

Free Standing, duplex unit housing with rear yard garages and studio apartments.







Type 'C' Townhouses

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 20-50'

PARKING:

- 1. Rear yard garages
- 2. Access: through alley

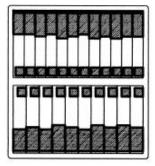
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 3 stories maximum

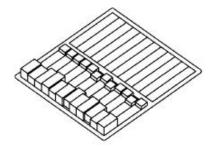
EXAMPLES:

Residential and
 Professional Office; Studio
 Apartments; Guest Cottages;
 Worshops above Garages

Sample Block Plan



Bird's Eye View



C-TOWNHOUSES

TYPE DESCRIPTION

"Zero" lot line townhouses with rear yard garages and studio apartments.









URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 65'-75'

PARKING:

- 1. Half-level underground and surface
- 2. Access: through alley

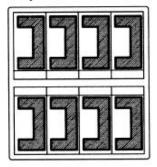
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 3 stories maximum with setback beginning at sec - ond story

EXAMPLES:

1. Residential flats over twostory Townhouses

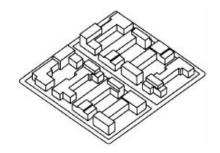
Sample Block Plan



TYPE DESCRIPTION

Flats above two-story townhouses facing sideyard courts.

Bird's Eye View



D - SIDEYARD







Type 'E' Courtyard

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 100' minimum

PARKING:

1. Half-level underground

2. Access: through alley

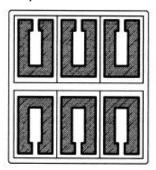
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 2 stories maximum with setback beginning at second story

EXAMPLES:

1. Residential flats over twostory townhouses

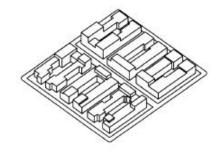
Sample Block Plan



TYPE DESCRIPTION

Flats above two-story townhouses facing interior courts.

Bird's Eye View



E - COURTYARD







Type 'F' Terrace

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 300'

PARKING:

- 1. Half-level underground for residential flats and garages on grade for townhouses
- 2. Access: through alley

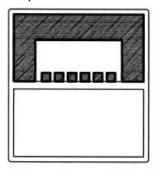
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 4 stories maximum with setback beginning at third story

EXAMPLES:

1. Two-story residential flats over two-story townhouses

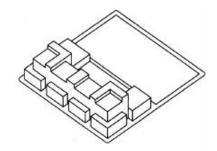
Sample Block Plan



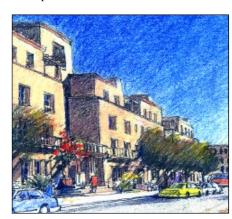
TYPE DESCRIPTION

Two-story flats over two-story townhouses over partially sub - merged parking garages.

Bird's Eye View



F - TERRACE





Type 'G' Podium

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

1. Lot Width: 300'

2. Lot Depth: 142' maximum

PARKING:

- 1. Half-level underground garage podium
- 2. Access: through alley

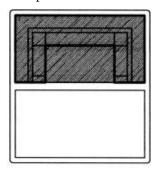
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

1. Height: 8 stories maximum at corners and 4 stories maximum at mid-block, both cases setback begins at third story

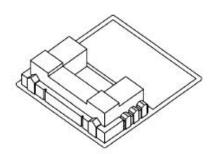
EXAMPLES:

1. Commercial or Retail on principal street frontage with double-loaded residential apartments above

Sample Block Plan



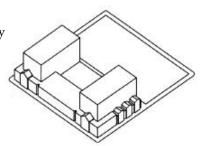
Bird's Eye View



G-MIDRISE PODIUM

TYPE DESCRIPTION

Apartments on double-loaded corridors over storefront lofts over partially submerged parking garage.



G-MIDRISE PODIUM







URBAN REGULATIONS

WRAPPERUILDING:

PLACEMENT:

- 1. Lot Width: 300'
- 2. Street Frontage: 90% minimum articulated at 25', 50', or 75' increments
- 3. Lot Depth: 142' to alley at mid-block
- 4. Building Depth: 20' mini mum, 40' preferred
- 5. Recessed corners shall not exceed 10% of street frontage

PARKING:

- 1. Types: Interior surface lot, interior garage, or "park-once" garage
- 2. Access: through alley

HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Street Frontage Height: 3 stories at block centers and 5 stories at street corners
- 2. Setback: 0'

EXAMPLES:

 Commercial or Retail on street frontage with mixed-use housing or office lofts above

INTERIORBUILDING:

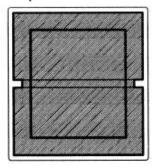
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Height: No restrictions
- 2. Setback: 20' minimum with 40' preferred

EXAMPLES:

 Parking; Cinema; "Big-Box" Retail; Office; Hotel; Residential

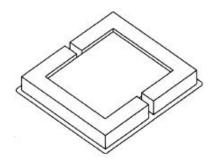
Sample Block Plan



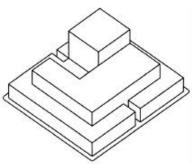
TYPE DESCRIPTION

Large floor plate structure sur rounded by low-scale "wrapper" or "liner" buildings at street frontage located on a full block.

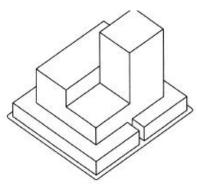
Bird's Eye View



M-1 FULL BLOCK LOW-RISE



M-2 FULL BLOCK MID-RISE (FRANCISCAN HOTEL TYPE)



M-3 FULL BLOCK HIGH-RISE (HYATT HOTEL TYPE)





Type 'N' Half Block

URBAN REGULATIONS

WRAPPER BUILDING:

PLACEMENT:

- 1. Lot Width: 300'
- 2. Street Frontage: 90% minimum articulated at 25', 50', or 75' increments
- 3. Lot Depth: 142' to alley at mid-block
- 4. Building Depth: 20' mini mum, 40' preferred
- Recessed corners shall not exceed 10% of street frontage

PARKING:

- Types: Interior surface lot, interior garage, or "park-once" garage
- 2. Access: through alley

HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Street Frontage Height: 3 stories at block centers and 5 stories at street corners
- 2. Setback: 0'

EXAMPLES:

 Commercial or Retail on street frontage with mixed-use housing or office lofts above

INTERIOR BUILDING:

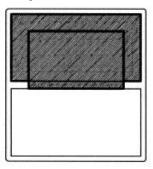
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Height: No restrictions
- 2. Setback: 20' minimum with 40' preferred

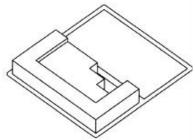
EXAMPLES:

1. Parking; Cinema; "Big-Box" Retail; Office; Hotel; Residential

Sample Block Plan



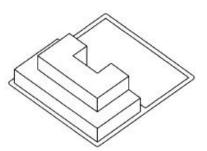
Bird's Eye View



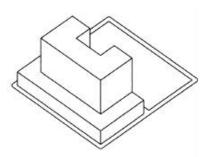
N-1 1/2 BLOCK LOW-RISE

TYPE DESCRIPTION

Large floor plate structure sur rounded by low-scale "wrapper" or "liner" buildings at street frontage located on a half-block.



N-2 1/2 BLOCK MID-RISE



N-3 1/2 BLOCK HIGH-RISE





Type 'O' Quarter Block

URBAN REGULATIONS

WRAPPER BUILDING:

PLACEMENT:

- 1. Lot Width: 150'
- 2. Street Frontage: 90% minimum articulated at 25', 50', or 75' increments
- 3. Lot Depth: 142' to alley at mid-block
- 4. Building Depth: 20' mini mum, 40' preferred
- 5. Recessed corners shall not exceed 10% of street frontage

PARKING:

- 1. Types: Interior surface lot, interior garage, or "park-once" garage
- 2. Access: through alley

HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Street Frontage Height: 3 stories at block centers and 5 stories at street corners
- 2. Setback: 0'

EXAMPLES:

 Commercial or Retail on street frontage with mixed-use housing or office lofts above

INTERIORS BUILDING:

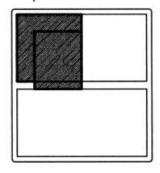
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Height: No restrictions
- 2. Setback: 20' minimum with 40' preferred

EXAMPLES:

1. Parking; Cinema; "Big-Box" Retail; Office; Hotel; Residential

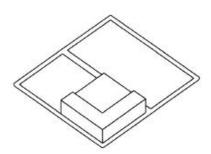
Sample Block



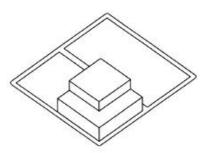
TYPE DESCRIPTION

Large floor plate structure sur - rounded by low-scale "wrapper" or "liner" buildings at street frontage located on a quarter-block.

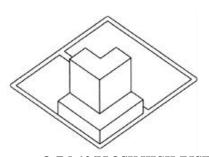
Bird's Eye View



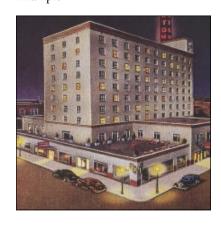
0-1 1/4 BLOCK LOW-RISE



0-2 1/4 BLOCK MID-RISE



0-3 1/4 BLOCK HIGH-RISE (LA POSADA HOTEL TYPE)





Type 'P' Half Block

URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

- 1. Lot Width: 25', 50', or 75'
- 2. Street Frontage: 90% minimum
- 3. Lot Depth: 142' maximum

PARKING:

- 1. Convenience and service parking alley also required at "Park-Once" garages
- 2. Access: through alley

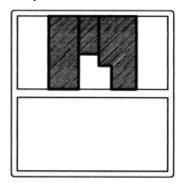
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- Street Frontage Height: 3
 stories maximum and 5 stories
 20' from street frontage
- 2. Setback: 0', 20' at 3rd Level and up

EXAMPLES:

 Commercial and Retail on street frontage with mixed-use housing or office lofts above

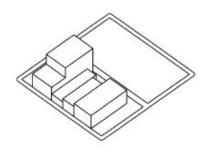
Sample Block Plan



TYPE DESCRIPTION

Infill buildings located on midblocks.

Bird's Eye View



P - MID-BLOCK (CENTRAL AVENUE TYPE)









URBAN REGULATIONS

PLACEMENT:

- 1. Lot Width: 50', 75' or 100'
- 2. Street Frontage: 90% minimum
- 3. Lot Depth: 142' maximum

PARKING:

- 1. Convenience and service parking at alley
- 2. Access: through alley

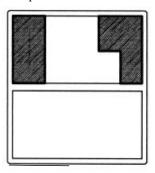
HEIGHT AND PROFILE:

- 1. Street Frontage Height: 5 stories maximum
- 2. Setback: 0'

EXAMPLES:

 Commercial or Retail on street frontage with mixed-use housing or office lofts above

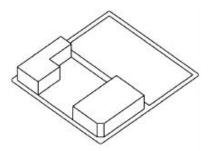
Sample Block Plan



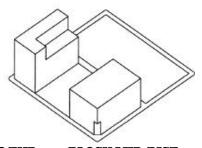
TYPE DESCRIPTION

Infill buildings located on street corner lots.

Bird's Eye View



Q-1 END BLOCK LOW-RISE (WOOLWORTH TYPE)



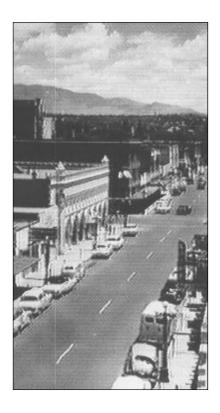
Q -2 END BLOCK MID-RISE (SUNSHINE BUILDING TYPE)







Standards Contents



Street level designs of buildings should be visually interesting. All buildings shall have street level windows, window boxes, entrances, and architectural details.

A. Building and Street Relationships

Standard 1: Access

Standard 2: Building Entrances

B. Pedestrian Orientation and Parking

Standard 1: Blank Walls

Standard 2: Architectural Details

Standard 3: Sidewalks

Standard 4: Street Trees

Standard 5: Surface Parking

Standard 6: Parking Garages

Standard 7: Combined Blocks

C. Plazas and Courtyards

Standard 1: Street-Level Orientation

Standard 2: Security and Lighting

D. Building Facades

Standard 1: Open Building Frontage

Standard 2: Setbacks

Standard 3: Corner Buildings

Standard 4: Texture and Pattern on Building Facade

E. Lighting and Signage

Standard 1: Exterior Lighting Plan

Standard 2: Neon Lighting for Buildings

Standard 3: Safety and Visibility

Standard 4: Marquee

F. Historic Preservation

Standard 1: Preserving Facades



Residential

A. Building and Street Relationship

Standard 1: Access

INTENT

Provide unobstructed access from sidewalks to buildings used by the general public.

Example 1 Commercial Not Permitted



Example 2



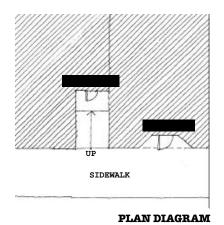
Example 3

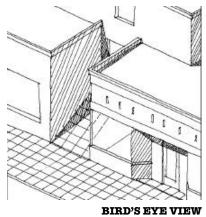




STANDARD

Public Access to commercial and governmental buildings shall be provided at sidewalk grade. The primary floor of, and access to, residential structures may be elevated.





ELEVATION



A. Building and Street Relationship

Standard 2: Building Entrance

INTENT

Provide safe and easy passage from the public realm into individual buildings.



Example 2

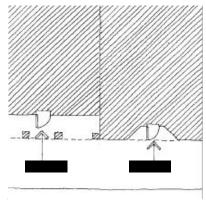


Example 3

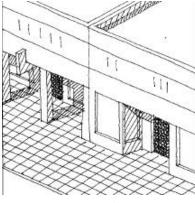


STANDARD

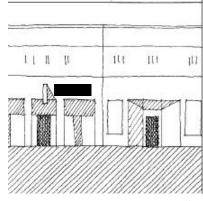
The front doors of all buildings shall be visible from the street. If located more than 10 feet from the front building line, their location must be reinforced with additional graphics, lighting, marquees or canopies.



PLAN DIAGRAM



BIRD'S EYE VIEW



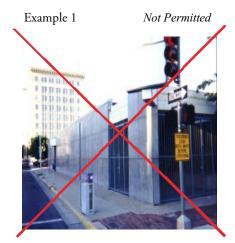
ELEVATION



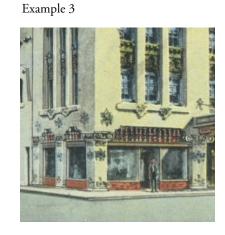
Standard 1: Blank Walls

INTENT

Provide interest for the pedestrian at the ground level of buildings by limiting unembellished solid walls.

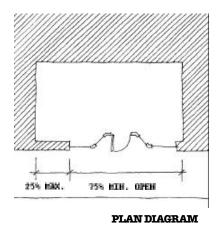


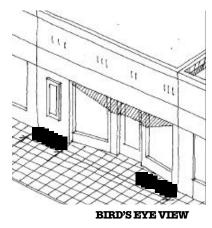


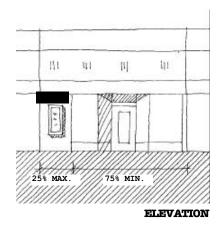


STANDARD

Blank walls in excess of 25% or 10 continuous feet of the frontage of the property shall not be used at the street level. Blank walls must contain architectural relief such as expressive details, blind windows, murals, etc.





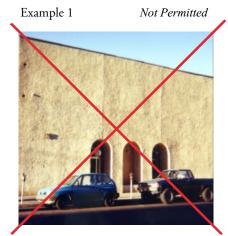




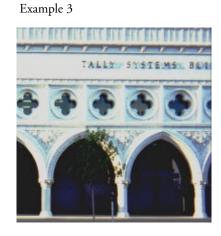
Standard 2: Architectural Details

INTENT

Provide interest for the pedestrian at the ground level of buildings through detailing at close view.

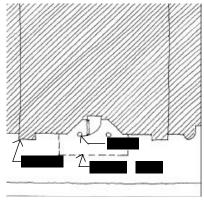


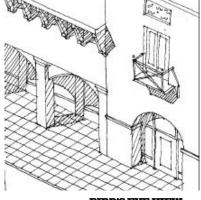


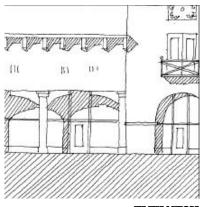


STANDARD

All buildings shall provide scale-defining architectural elements or details at the first two floor levels minimum, such as windows, spandrels, awnings, porticos, pediments, cornices, pilasters, columns and balconies.







BIRD'S EYE VIEW

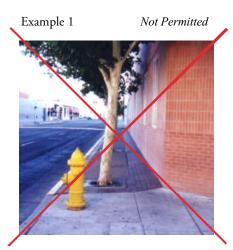
ELEVATION

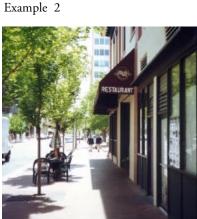


Standard 3: Sidewalks

INTENT

Allow sufficient room for pedestrian passage and additional use of sidewalk such as cafe tables.

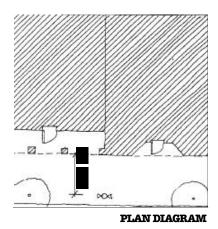


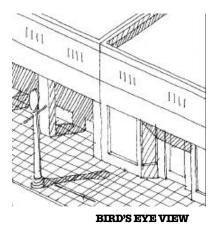


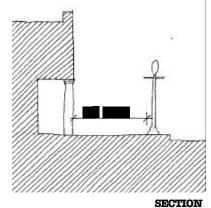


STANDARD

Width of sidewalks shall be maximized within the available right-of-way. A minimum of 48" of the sidewalk must be clear of any obstruction for the entire length of the property.





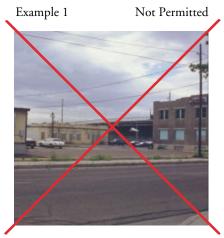




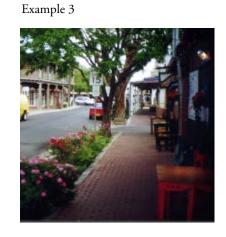
Standard 4: Street Trees

INTENT

Create shaded sidewalks and vertical landcape throughout the area.

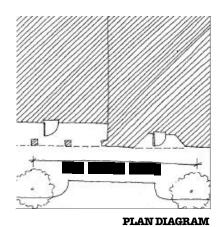


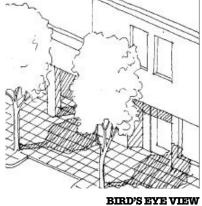


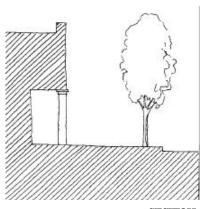


STANDARD

Street trees must be provided to the extent that the sidewalk width permits. Selection shall be from the approved list of street trees and shall be consistant with the established landscape palette.







IEW SECTION



Standard 5: Surface Parking

INTENT

Streets and sidewalks lined with buildings rather than parking lots.



Not Permitted Example 2

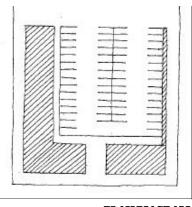


Example 3

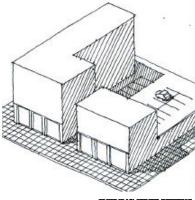


STANDARD

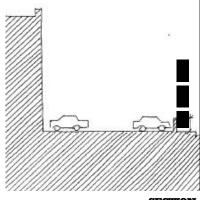
- A. Surface parking can not be between the building and the front property line. Parking between the building and the side lot line must be screened from the street by a solid fence or wall at a minimum height of 48".
- B. Shared parking is strongly encouraged.
- C. At least 15% of the ground area of parking lots (including driveways) shall be devoted to landscaping along the street right-of-way.



PLAN DIAGRAM



BIRD'S EYE VIEW



SECTION



Standard 6: Parking Garages

INTENT

Parking garages that contribute to pedestrian life through ground level use, scale and detail.

Example 1 Not Permitted

Example 2

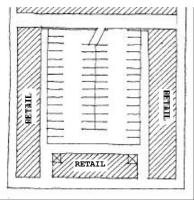


Example 3

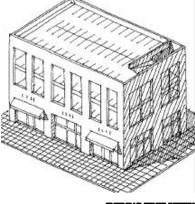


STANDARD

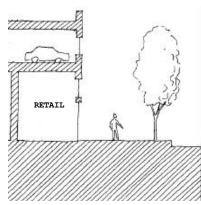
Parking garages must have a minimum of 50% of their sidewalk frontage along the street (excluding the ingress and egress) designed as retail, com mercial or office space. The entire first floor, floor to ceiling height, shall be designed to accommodate future retail, commercial or office uses. There is no minimum depth required for retail, commercial or office uses. Interim uses could include news stands, flower shops, ATM's, display windows, telephone booths, payment boxes, etc.







BIRD'S EYE VIEW



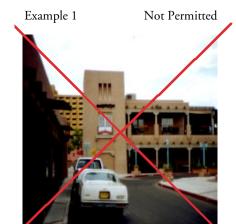
SECTION



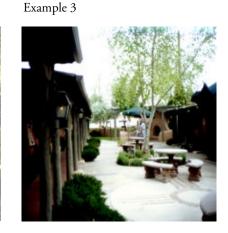
Standard 7: Combined Blocks

INTENT

To keep a traditional grid of streets and alleys intact, for maximum pedestrian choice and activity.

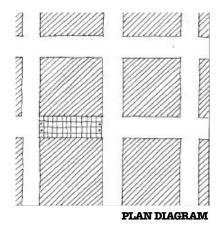


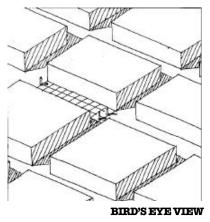


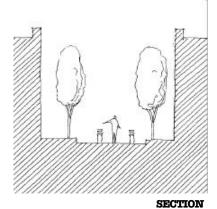


STANDARD

If the traditional street grid is broken for development, pedestrian connections shall be established to replace those vacated. These connections shall be a continuation of the existing grid and allow for service access.









Standard 1: Street Level Orientation

To make a seamless connection between the sidewalks at the street and courtyards and plazas towards the interior of the block.

Example 1

Not Permitted

Example 2

Example 3

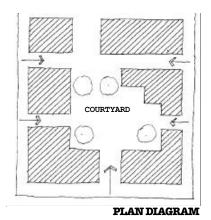


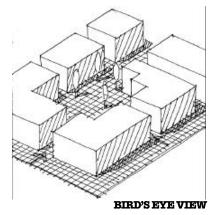


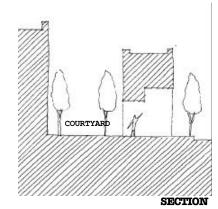


STANDARD

Plazas designed to be accessible to the public shall be constructed at side - walk grade. Access to these plazas shall be highly visible, well developed and connected to the street system or to other planned or developed public spaces.









Standard 2: Security and Lighting

INTENT

Provide a safe and welcoming connection between the sidewalks at the street and courtyards and plazas toward the interior of the block.

Example 1

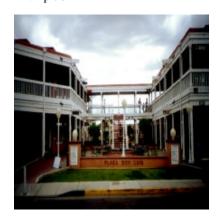
Not Permitted

Example 2

Example 3

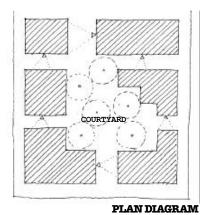


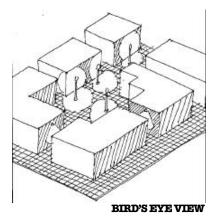


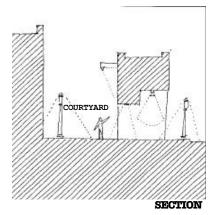


STANDARD

Plaza and courtyard spaces, shall provide pedestrian connections to streets and other planned or developed plazas and courtyards. These connections shall be safe secure through the use of adequate pedestrian lighting. This lighting should accent the ground plane and the building facades.









D. Building **Facades**

Standard 1: Opening Building Frontage

To visually extend the pedestrian's realm and provide interest along the sidewalk, as well as allowing people inside opportunity to observe the passing street scene.

Example 1

Not Permitted

Example 2

Example 3





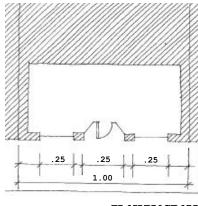


STANDARD

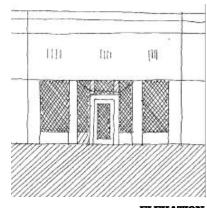
A minimum of 75% of commercial building frontage on the first floor level shall be transparent.

"Open Frontage" includes window display areas, or other transparent material.

"Transparent" is defined as the material that permits easy viewing into the building from the sidewalk. The material shall be transparent from a mini mum distance of 3 feet. Reflective glass shall not be used at the first floor level.



 $\iota_{1\iota_{11}}$ u_{ll}



BIRD'S EYE VIEW

ELEVATION

Standard 2: Setbacks

INTENT

The creation of a continuous street wall without significant breaks that defines the public space of the street.

Example 1



Example 2



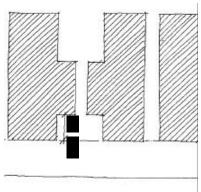




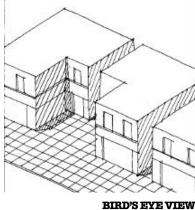


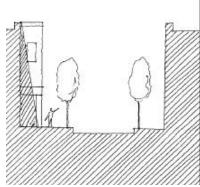
STANDARD

The street facade of buildings may be setback a maximum of 15 feet from the front lot line. In general, it is preferred to keep the street facade built to the property line, in alignment with adjacent buildings.



PLAN DIAGRAM



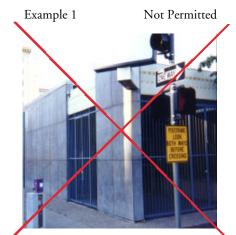


SECTION



Standard 3: Corner Buildings

Corner buildings shall relate to the activities of the intersection and encourage activity through their design.







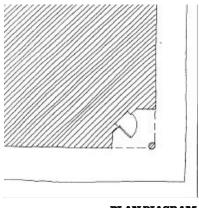
Example 3

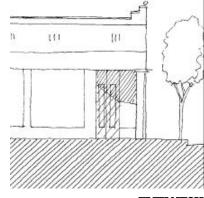


STANDARD

Appropriate design of the corner shall include one of the following successful patterns:

- 1 Opening the space at ground level for people to walk around the corner with the building mass above redefining the corner
- 2 A recessed entry at the corner such as the familiar angled wall with an entry door.
- 3 A corner window with an important view into the building





PLAN DIAGRAM

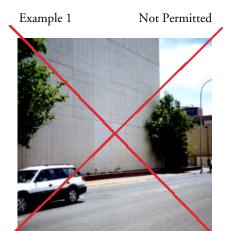
BIRD'S EYE VIEW

ELEVATION

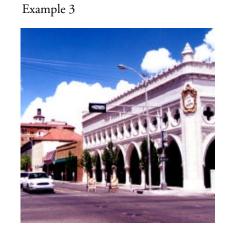
Standard 4: Texture and Pattern on Building Facades

INTENT

Create pedestrian interest by using materials that relate to the traditional context of the area.

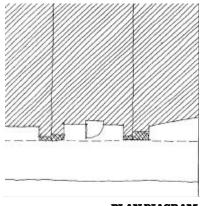




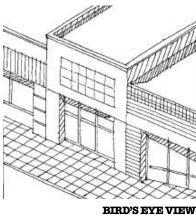


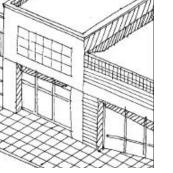
STANDARD

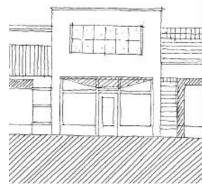
These elements should be based on materials and patterns that relate to the traditions of area buildings.







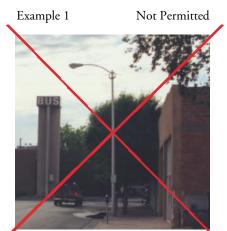




Standard 1: Exterior Lighting Plan

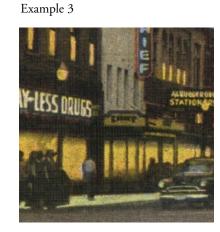
INTENT

Provide a safe and appealing nightime environment for the Area.



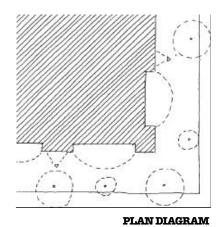


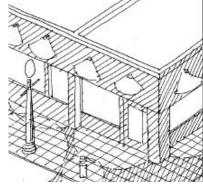
Example 2

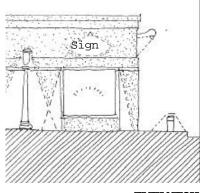


STANDARD

The design for a proposed facade must consider the appearance of the building in the evening and develop an exterior lighting plan that includes display window lighting, building lighting, and pedestrian-scaled lighting for both buildings and pedestrian areas within the site. Lighting shall be warm in color, with control of glare for the pedestrian.







BIRD'S EYE VIEW

ELEVATION

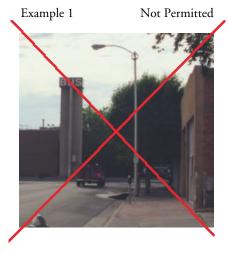


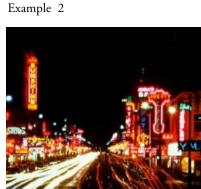
E. Lighting and Signage

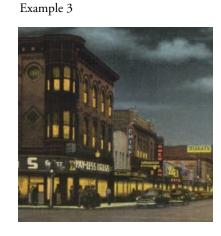
Standard 2: Neon Lighting

INTENT

Provide an exciting nightime environment.

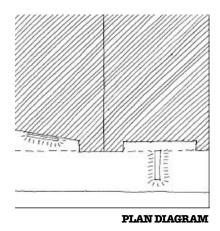


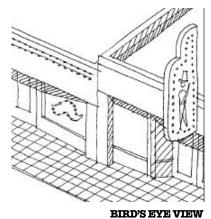


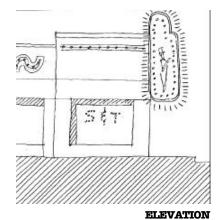


STANDARD

Signage on marquees, blade signs, sign bands, outine of significant architectural details, and in window are all encouraged.









Standard 3: Safety and Visibility

INTENT

Provide sufficient lighting for safe pedestrian passage.

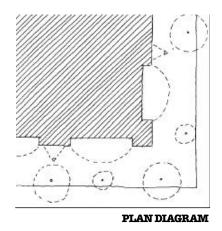


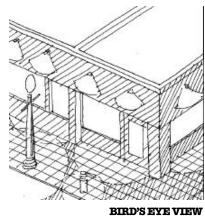


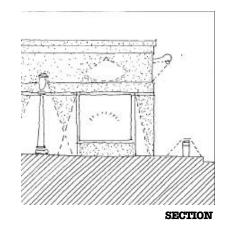


STANDARD

Adequate lighting must be provided for safety and visibility at night. Project plans must include illumination levels and color rendition of exterior building lighting adjacent to sidewalks.









E. Lighting and Signage

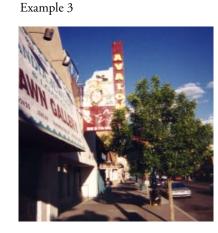
Standard 4: Signs

INTENT

Create identity for individual stores and buildings through projecting signs.



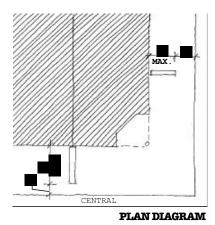


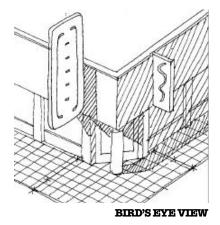


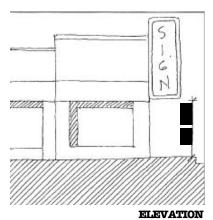
STANDARD

Signs may project into the right of way a maximum of half the adjacent sidewalk width, and the bottom of the sign shall be a minimum of 12 feet above the sidewalk.

(In addition to these standards, all zoning code regulations regarding signage will apply).





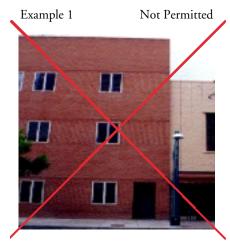




Standard 1: Preserving Facades

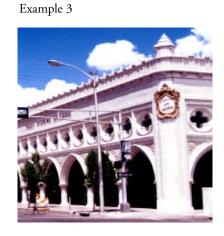
INTENT

Maintain the existing fabric of historic building facades.





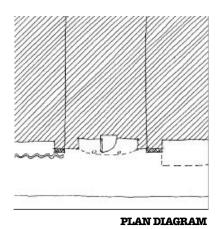
Example 2

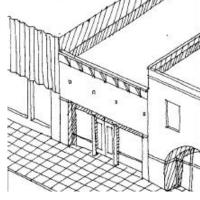


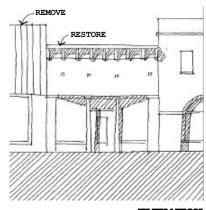
STANDARD

Buildings shall incorporate elements of the original facade into the renovation scheme:

- 1. Do not cover existing original facade details by covering them with pan els, signs, or by painting them out:
- 2. Do not alter the shape of existing original openings. If a window must be blocked, maintain its original shape.
- 3. Restore, where possible, the original facade by removing later additions of materials.







BIRD'S EYE VIEW

ELEVATION



By adhering to the District's Plan and Uses, and the Building Types and Standards, as well as preparing complete project documents, a proposed development will be reviewed and approved within 21 - 24 working days. Following is a chart which outlines the process to obtain a building permit. It is mandatory that applicants present and discuss their project, in its entirety, with the appropriate departments at a Pre-Application meeting. It is also critical for the applicant to understand if their proposed project is a permitted, regulated, or prohibited use prior to starting the approval process. Permitted uses will go through either a renovation or a new construction process. "Review Required" uses must go through the Environmental Planning Commission (EPC) process. The applicant for the proposed use must demonstrate that the use will be compatible with surrounding uses in the district and that it would not be injurious to surrounding properties, adjacent neighborhoods or the community. The EPC may approve or disapprove the proposed use. The EPC's decision is appealable to the City Council in accordance with Section 14-16-4-4 of the Zoning Code.

