

# Ozone in Albuquerque – Bernalillo County

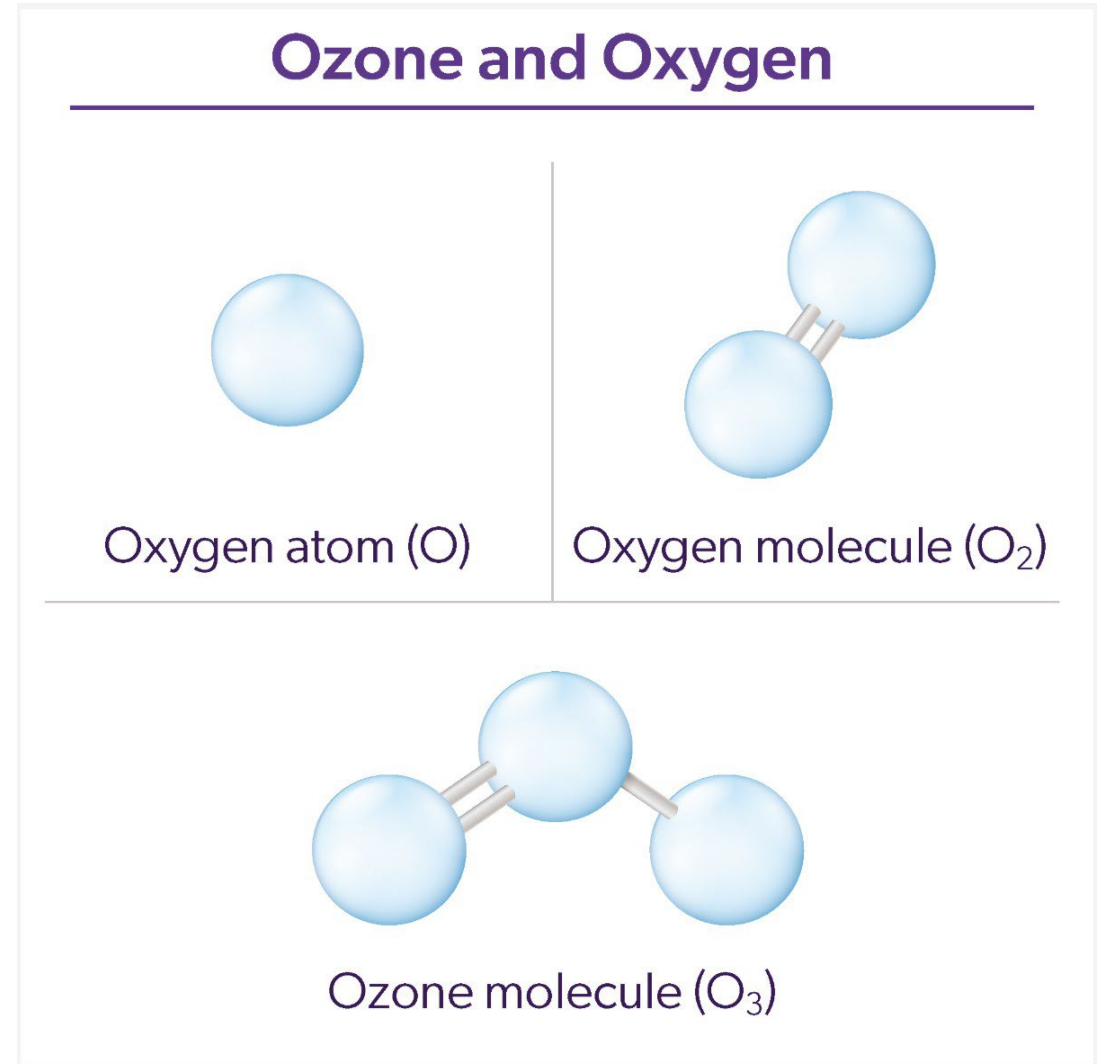


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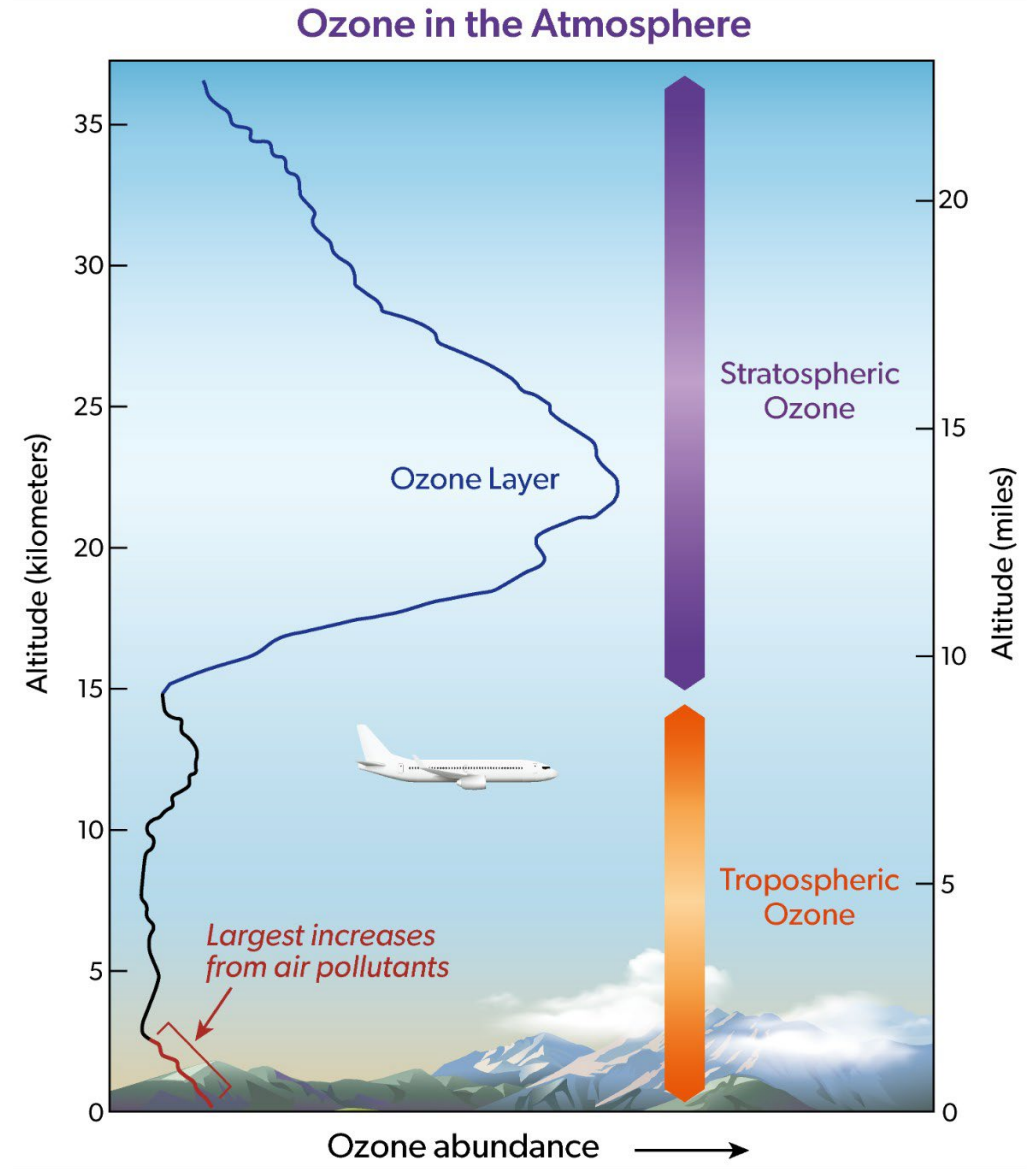
# What is ozone?

- Ozone is a gas composed of three oxygen atoms in a triplet state.
- Ozone is highly reactive and corrosive.
- EPA recognizes ozone as a criteria air pollutant based on health risks associated with long-term exposure.
  - Ozone can contribute to respiratory and cardiovascular problems.
  - Ozone is a main ingredient of smog



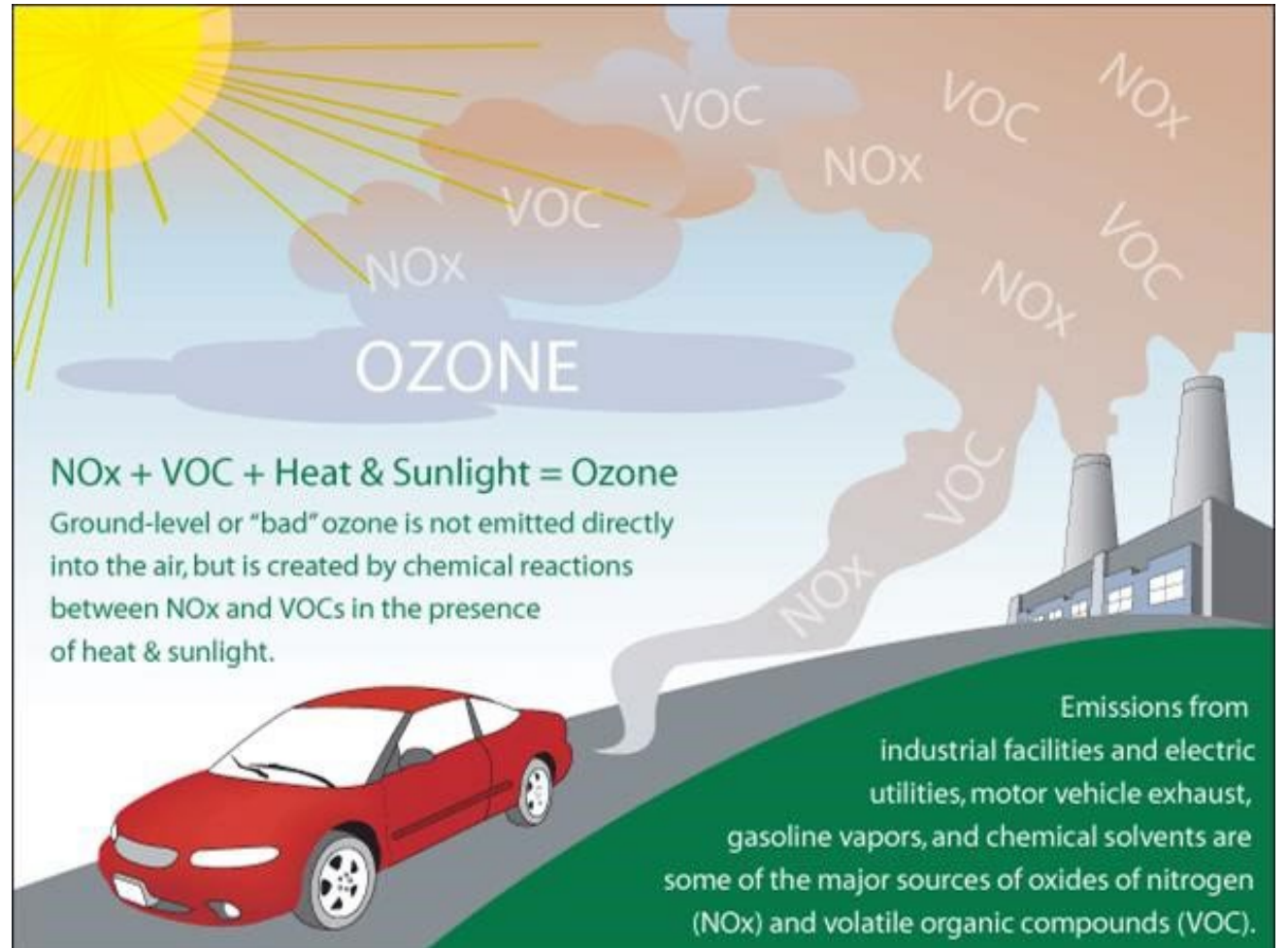
# Where is ozone?

- Ozone occurs in both the stratosphere and the troposphere.
- stratospheric ozone can migrate into the troposphere (intrusions).

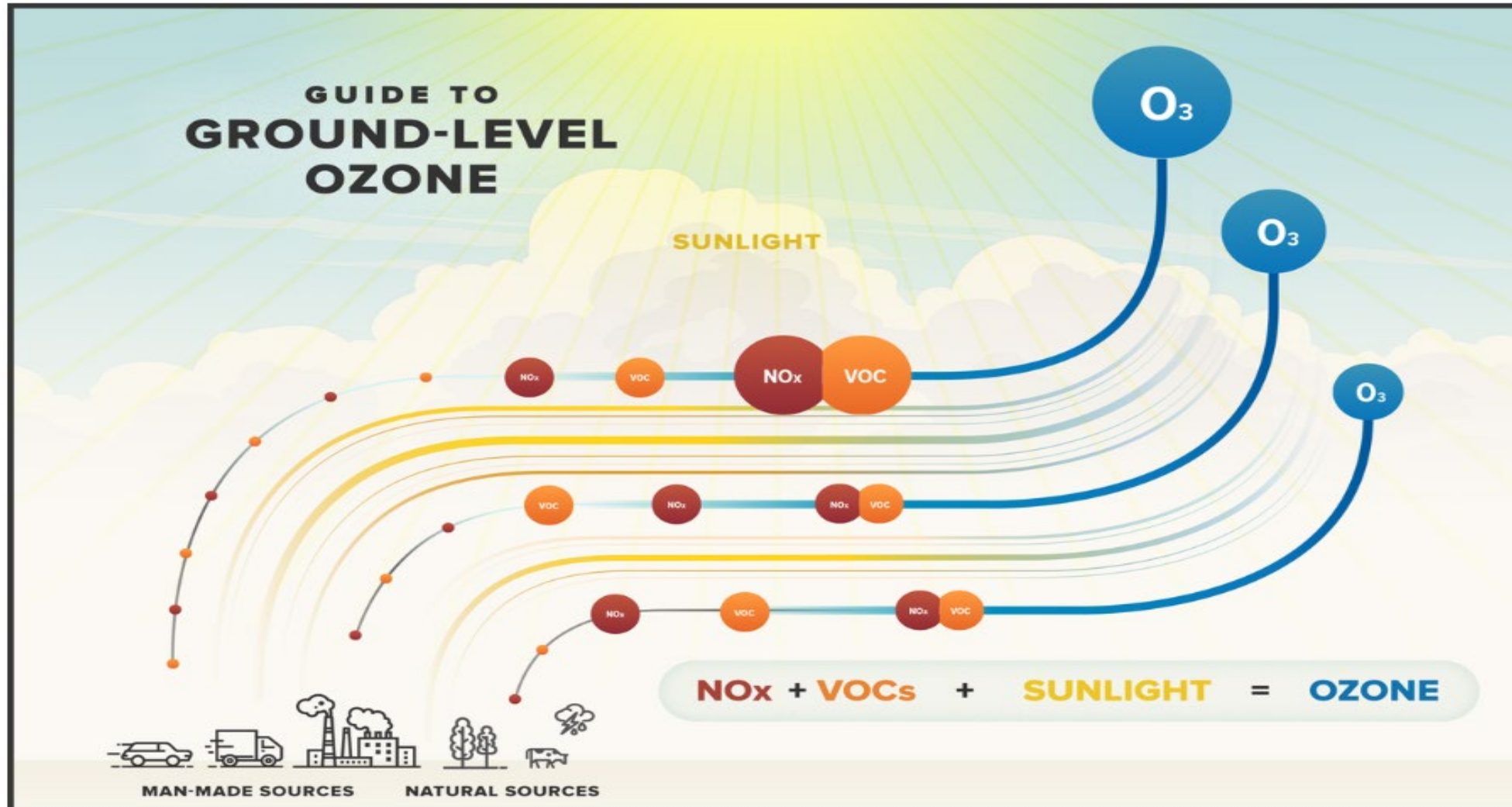


# Ozone Formation

- Ozone is a secondary, photochemically-formed pollutant driven by NO<sub>x</sub>, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), heat, and ultraviolet light.

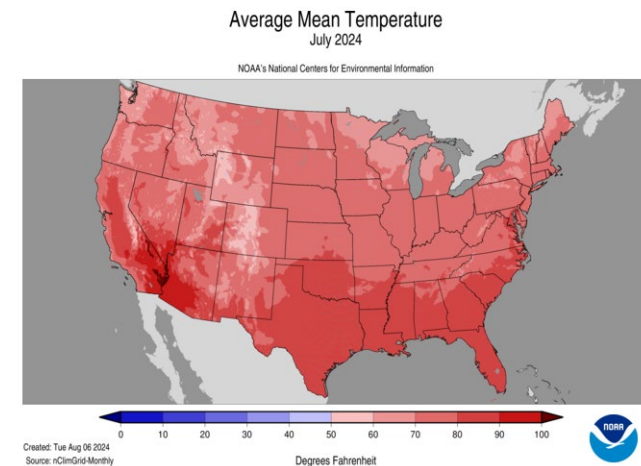
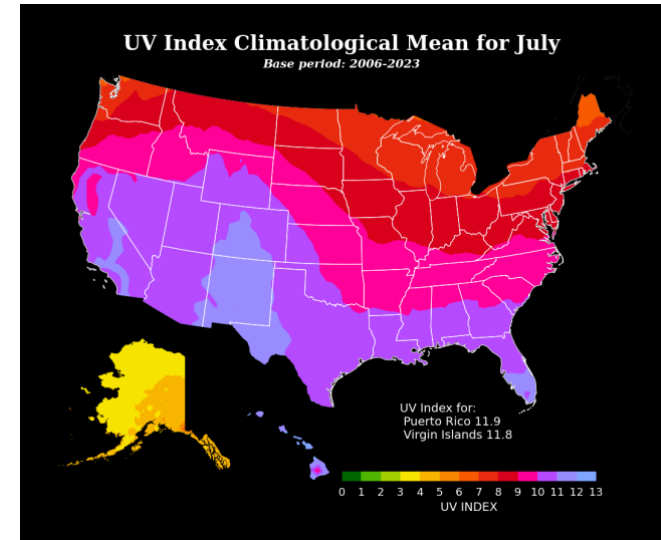


# Ozone Formation



# Where does ozone originate?

- Albuquerque meets requisite conditions for ozone formation.
  - High UV, high temperatures,  $\text{NO}_x$  from urban fossil fuel combustion are all present.
- Albuquerque receives ozone from other regional sources, including urban corridors (Phoenix, Denver) and wildfires.
  - $\text{O}_3$  residence time fluctuates seasonally, generally lasting a few weeks in summer—ample time for atmospheric transport.



# What is the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for ozone?

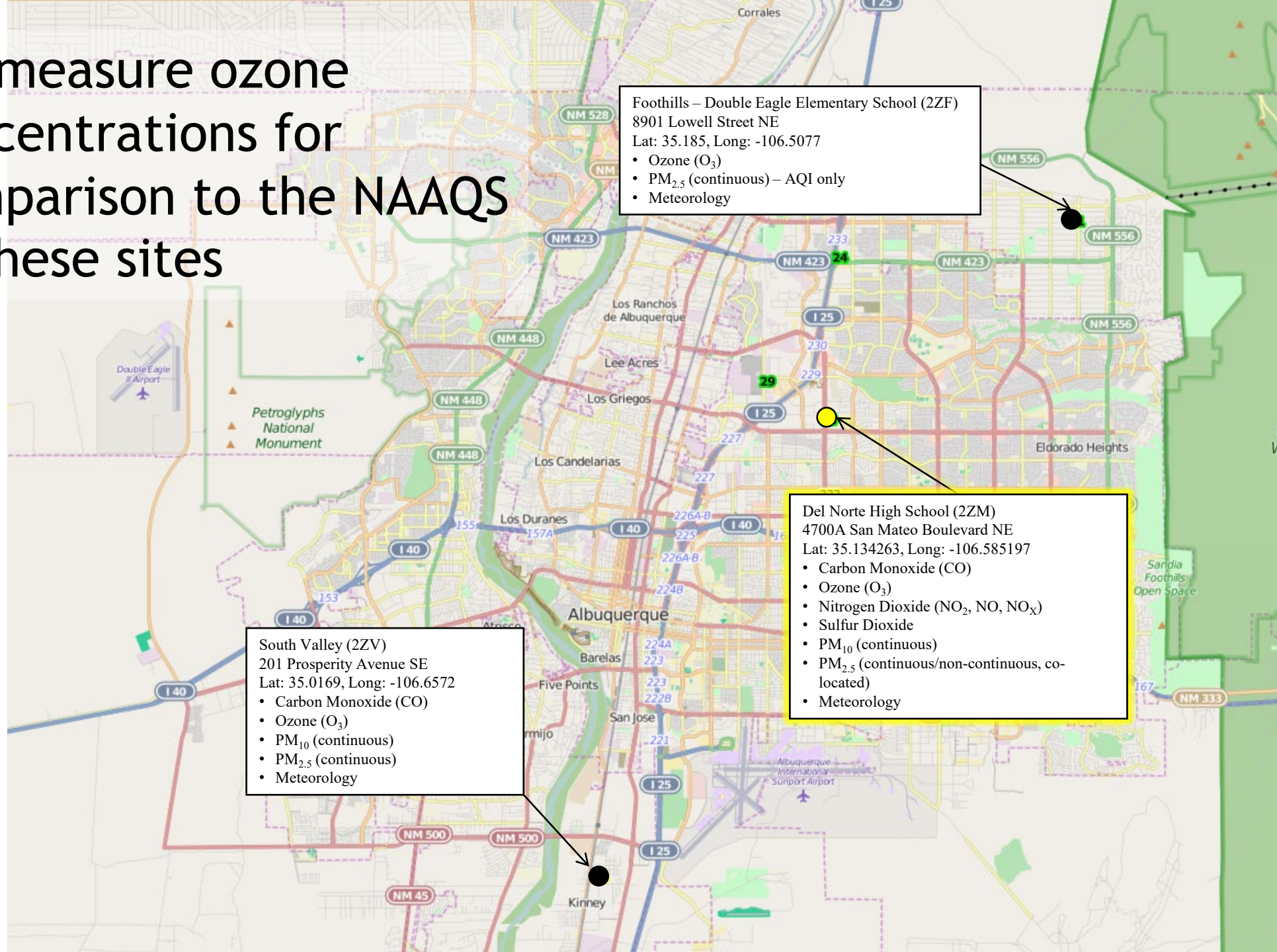
- The Clean Air Act requires EPA to set NAAQS for ozone. The Clean Air Act established two types of NAAQS for ozone:
  - Primary standards define levels of air quality which the Administrator judges are necessary, with an adequate margin of safety, to protect public health (**currently at 0.070 parts per million for ozone**); and
  - Secondary standards define levels of air quality which the Administrator judges necessary to protect the public welfare from any known or anticipated adverse effects of a pollutant (**currently at 0.070 ppm for ozone**).
- Ozone standards are based on 8-hour averages
  - (00:00 – 08:00, 01:00 – 09:00, ..., 15:00 – 23:00)

# How do we measure ozone?

- AQP uses UV absorption analyzers to monitor ozone concentrations in ambient air
- Analyzers make multiple measurements per minute
  - Measurements are aggregated to 1-min and 1-hour intervals
  - AQP reports 1-hour data to EPA Air Quality System (AQS)
    - AirNow.gov uses this data to provide hourly air quality index values
- To ensure compliance with EPA performance regulations, ozone analyzers undergo:
  - weekly quality control (QC) checks
  - Annual quality assurance (QA) performance evaluation audits
  - Periodic performance evaluation audits by EPA



We measure ozone concentrations for comparison to the NAAQS at these sites



Foothills – Double Eagle Elementary School (2ZF)  
8901 Lowell Street NE  
Lat: 35.185, Long: -106.5077

- Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> (continuous) – AQI only
- Meteorology

Del Norte High School (2ZM)  
4700A San Mateo Boulevard NE  
Lat: 35.134263, Long: -106.585197

- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)
- Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>, NO, NO<sub>x</sub>)
- Sulfur Dioxide
- PM<sub>10</sub> (continuous)
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> (continuous/non-continuous, co-located)
- Meteorology

South Valley (2ZV)  
201 Prosperity Avenue SE  
Lat: 35.0169, Long: -106.6572

- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)
- PM<sub>10</sub> (continuous)
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> (continuous)
- Meteorology

# What is the ozone design value?

- The EPA ozone design value (DV) is the metric (i.e., statistic) that is used to compare ambient ozone concentration data measured at a site to the NAAQS.
- All DV calculations are implemented on a site-level basis.



22M – Del Norte



22F – Foothills



22V – South Valley

# How are ozone DVs calculated?

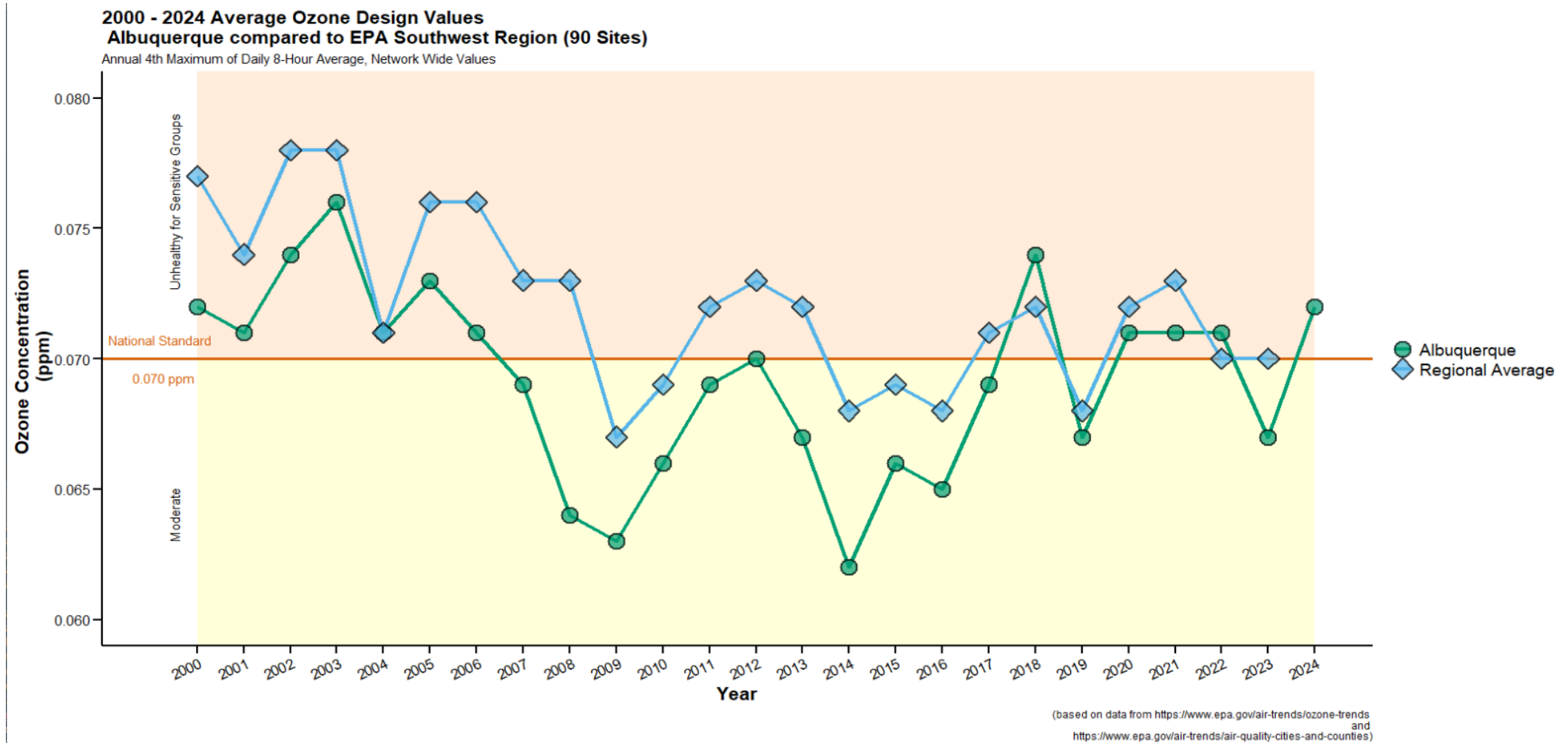
- The DV for a calendar year depends on the data collected from that year and the previous three (3) years
  - In each of the three years, the 4<sup>th</sup> highest 8-hour average [O<sub>3</sub>] value is selected.
  - These three selected values are averaged to generate the DV.
- The highest DV from any site in the ambient air monitoring network is designated as the official DV for the network.
- DVs are calculated by the EPA and released in succeeding years (*i.e.*, the 2025 DV will be, but has not yet been, released in 2026).

# Albuquerque – Bernalillo County's most recent ozone DV

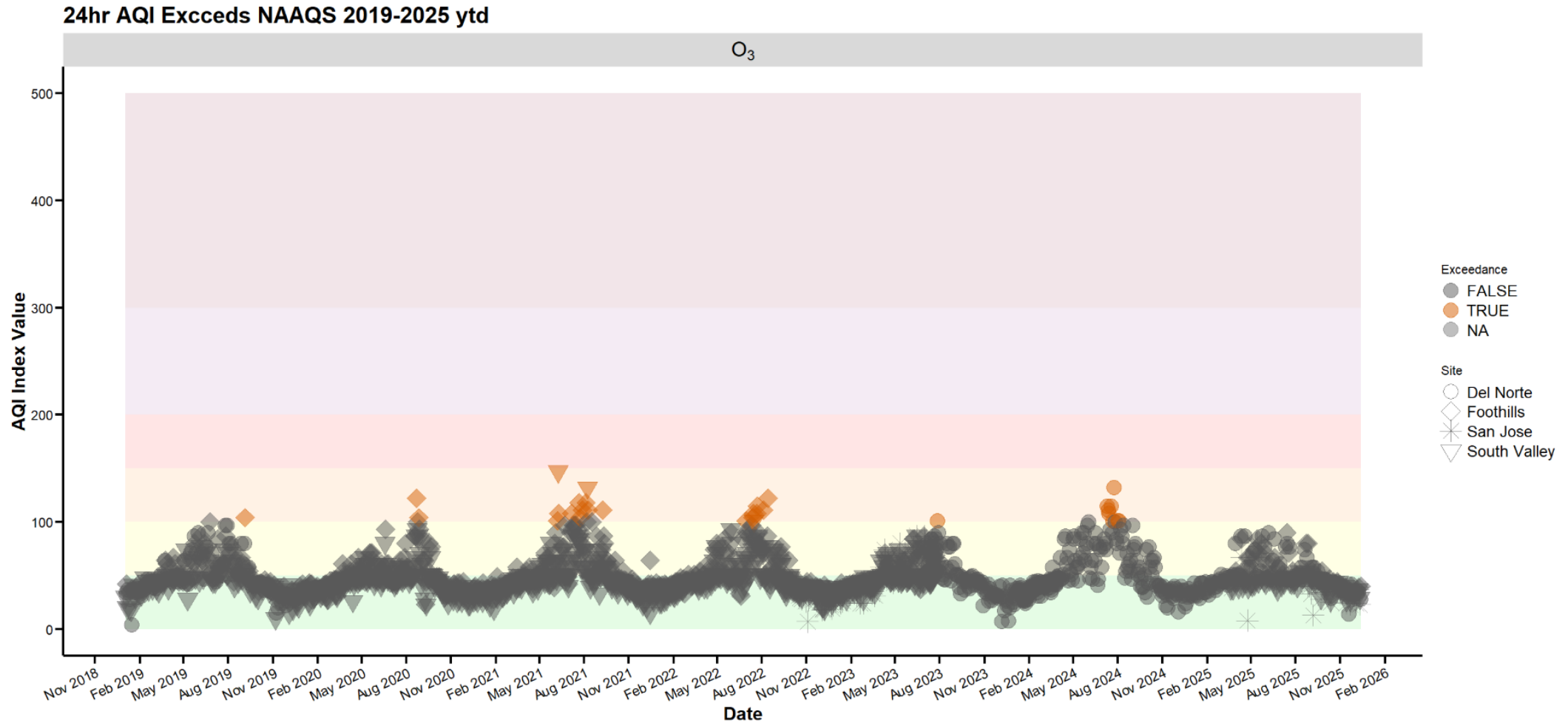
**Ozone Design Value by site, parts per million (ppm)**

<b>Site Name AQS #</b>	<b>2022 4th highest 8-hr avg. (ppm)</b>	<b>2023 4<sup>th</sup> highest 8-hr avg. (ppm)</b>	<b>2024 4<sup>th</sup> highest 8-hr avg. (ppm)</b>	<b>3-year DV (ppm)</b>
<b>Del Norte 35-001-0023</b>	0.070	0.069	0.076	0.071
<b>Foothills 35-001-1012</b>	0.074	0.066	0.076	0.072
<b>South Valley 35-001-0029</b>	0.068	0.063	0.066	0.065

# Albuquerque – Bernalillo County's historical ozone DVs

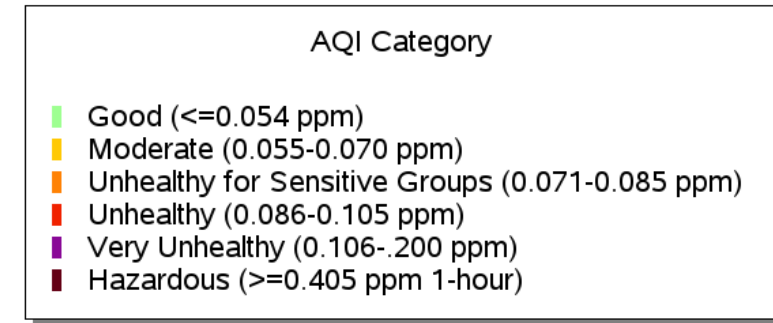
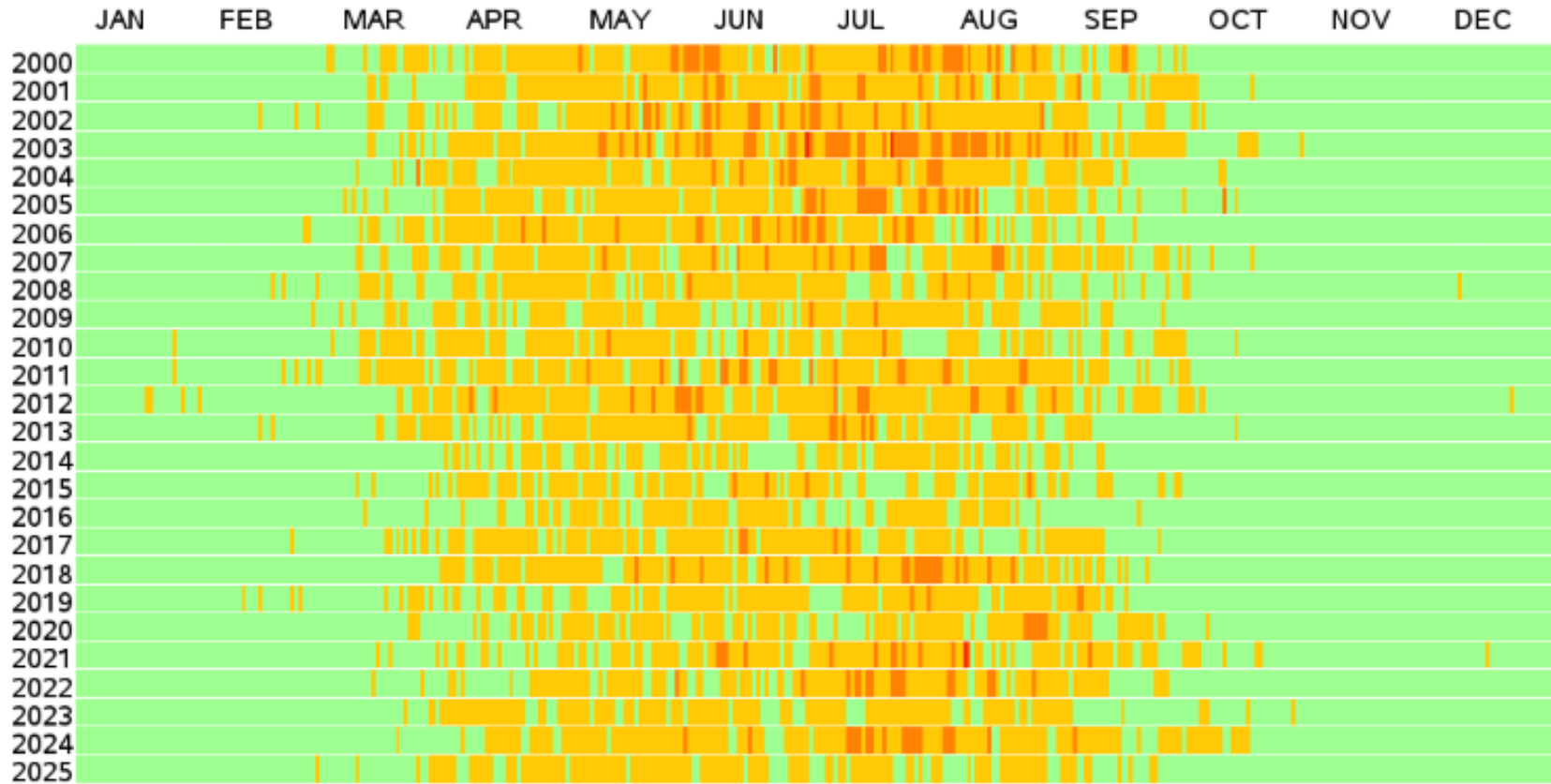


# Albuquerque – Bernalillo County's historical ozone trends at current monitoring sites



# Albuquerque – Bernalillo County's historical ozone trends

Ozone Daily AQI Values, 2000 to 2025  
Albuquerque, NM



Thank you. Questions?

